HYBRID MODULES

enel

GSH002 Rev. 02 25/11/2016

HYBRID MODULES

Countries' I&N	Elaborated by
Brazil	V. Robadey
Chile	D. A. Gonzalez
Colombia	J. C. Gomez
Iberia	C. Llovich
Italy	I. Gentilini
Peru	R. Sanchez
Romania	A. Musat

	Elaborated by	Verified by	Approved by
Solution Development Center	C. Llovich	C. Llovich	J. Gonzalez
Global I&N – NT/NCS		N. Cammalleri G. Egea	F. Giammanco

This document is intellectual property of Enel Spa; reproduction or distribution of its contents in any way or by any means whatsoever is subject to the prior approval of the above mentioned company which will safeguard its rights under the civil and penal codes. This document is for Internal Use.

Revision	Data	List of modifications
00	28/11/2014	First emission
01	16/09/2016	Overall dimensions for Spain (annex C table 2) 2 Components list Y2 for Latam, support 72,5 kV for EDE. Y2 type – Annex B.1 fig. 1 6.4.2 Bushing terminations – 6.4.2.1 Latam 6.7 Current transformers. Codes 612 and 621 ANNEX A – LOCAL COMPONENTS CODIFICATION
02	25/11/2016	 2 - COMPONENTS LIST. Current Transformer. Code – 620 Typographic error - 6.1 - Common general ratings. Protection stage. 6.7 Current transformer. Code 620





HYBRID MODULES

GSH002 Rev. 02 25/11/2016

INDEX

3.1	Laws	5	13
3	.1.1	Latam	13
3	.1.2	Italy	13
3	.1.3	Spain	13
3	.1.4	All European countries	13
3.2	Stan	dards	13
3	.2.1	Common standards	14
3	.2.2	Specific standards	15
4.1	Gen	eral service conditions	15
4.2	Spec	ific service conditions	16
4	.2.1	Colombia	
4	.2.2	Romania (Enel Distributie)	16
4	.2.3	Seismic qualification level	16
5.1	Y1 ty	/pe	16
5.2	Y2 ty	/pe	17
5.3	Sing	le-bay type	17
6.1	Com	mon general ratings	17
6.2	Circu	uit-breakers	
6.3	Disc	onnectors and earthing switches	18
6.4	SF6-	air bushings	
	.4.1	General requirements	
6	.4.2	Bushing terminations	
6.5	Dire	ct connections between bus-duct and power transformer with SF6/oil bushings	19
6.6	Cabl	e connections	19
6.7	Curr	ent transformers	20
6.8	Volt	age transformers	21
6	.8.1	Specific requirements	22
7.1	Gen	eral characteristics	22
7.2	Encl	osures and support structure	22
7	.2.1	Specific requirements	23

		GLOBAL STANDARD	Page 3 di 126	
C	nel		GSH002	
		HYBRID MODULES	Rev. 02	
			25/11/2016	
7.3 Diel	ectric mean		23	
7.4 Gas	density contro	۱	23	
7.5 Gas	filling/replenis	hment device (Optional)	24	
7.6 Part	itioning		24	
7.6.1		uirements		
7.6.2	•	irements		
7.7 Eart	hing		25	
	-			
7.8 Inte	rnal arc and ov	rerpression safety devices	25	
7.9 Curi	rent Transform	ers	25	
7.10 V	oltage Transfo/	rmers	26	
7.11 A	Inti-condensati	on circuit	26	
7.12 P	rotective treat	ments	26	
7.13 N	lameplate		26	
7.13.1	Common	requirements	26	
7.13.2	Latam spe	cific requirements	27	
7.13.3	•	countries specific requirements		
7.13.4	e-distribuz	zione specific requirements	27	
7.14 C)isconnector ar	nd earthing switches	27	
7.14.1	Ampla and	d Coelce specific requirements	27	
8.1 Driv	e mechanisms		27	
8.1.1	General requ	irements	27	
8.1.2	Circuit-break	ers drive mechanism		
8.1.3	Disconnector	s (DSs) and earthing switches (ESs) drive mechanism		
8.2 Con	trol Box and D	rive Mechanism Box		
8.2.1	Control Box			
8.2.2	Operating de	vices boxes		
8.3 Elec	tronic Voltage	Detector System EVDS		
8.4 Elec	tric schemes, c	ontrols and signalizations		
8.4.1	3.4.1 General requirements			
8.4.2				
8.4.3	e-distribuzior	ne, Enel Distributie and Latam specific requirements	35	
8.5 Con		tions, interlock and automatic openings		
8.5.1	Endesa speci	fic requirements	37	

GLOBAL STANDARD

Page 4 di 126

GSH002

HYBRID MODULES

enel

Rev. 02 25/11/2016

	8.5.2	e-distribuzione, Enel Distributie and Latam specific requirements	50
9.1	Gene	eral information	
0.7		tests	FC
9.2	. туре 9.2.1	General	
	9.2.1	Type tests on the complete assembly	
	9.2.2	Type tests on base components	
	9.2.5 9.2.4	Specific requirements	
9.3	Rout	ine tests in factory	
	9.3.1	Dielectric test on the main circuit	61
	9.3.2	Tests on auxiliary and control circuits	61
	9.3.3	Measurement of the resistance of the main circuit	61
	9.3.4	Tightness test	61
	9.3.5	Design and visual checks	61
	9.3.6	Pressure tests of enclosures	
	9.3.7	Mechanical operation tests	62
	9.3.8	Tests on auxiliary circuits, equipment and interlocks in the control mechanism	62
	9.3.9	Pressure test on partitions	62
	9.3.10	Tests on Current Transformers	62
	9.3.11	Tests on Voltage Transformers	63
	9.3.12	Bushing tests	63
9.4	Com	missioning tests	63
	9.4.1	Dielectric test on the main circuit	63
	9.4.2	Dielectric test on auxiliary circuits	63
	9.4.3	Measurement of the resistance of the main circuit	64
	9.4.4	Gas tightness test	64
	9.4.5	Checks and verifications	64
	9.4.6	Mechanical operation tests	64
	9.4.7	Tests on auxiliary circuits, equipment and interlocks in the control mechanism	65
	9.4.8	Gas quality verifications	65
10	.1 Te	ender's technical documentation	65
10	2 0	onformity assessment	
-	10.2.1	Conformity assessment process	
	10.2.2	Conformity assessment documentation	
10		ackaging, transport, storage and installation/testing	
	10.3.1	Specific requirements for Spain	67
AN	INEX A	(local components codification)	68
AN	INEX B	s (layout examples)	73

	GLOBAL STANDARD	Page 5 di 126		
enel	HYBRID MODULES	GSH002 Rev. 02 25/11/2016		
ANNEX C (dimension				
ANNEX D (electrical schemes)				
ANNEX E (synoptic examples)119				
ANNEX F (tender's te	ANNEX F (tender's technical documentation)123			





HYBRID MODULES

GSH002 Rev. 02 25/11/2016

1 SCOPE

Scope of this document is to provide technical requirements for the supply of Hybrid Modules with rated voltage from 72,5 kV to 245 kV to be used in Primary Substations of the Enel Group Distribution companies, listed below:

- Ampla (Brazil)
- Chilectra (Chile)
- Codensa (Colombia)
- Coelce (Brazil)
- Edelnor (Perú)
- Edesur (Argentine)
- Endesa Distribución Eléctrica (Spain)
- Enel Distributie Banat (Romania)
- Enel Distributie Dobrogea (Romania)
- Enel Distributie Muntenia (Romania)
- e-distribuzione (Italy)

Note: the indication "Latam" refers to the Enel Group Distribution companies in South America.

Hybrid Modules are compact metal-enclosed switchgear assemblies, SF6 insulated (in alternative, non-fluorinated greenhouse gases and vacuum circuit-breakers are also acceptable), for outdoor or indoor installation in Primary Substations. The outgoing connections can be air type, cable type or bus-duct type.

Some requirements are applicable only to one or more companies, therefore, depending on the destination of the Hybrid Modules, the supplied equipment shall comply these specific requirements.

2 COMPONENTS LIST

The Hybrid Modules are composed by assembling the modular base components listed below (intended as terns of 3 elements, one for phase, obviously with the exception of support and Control Box). Each base component operates individually but interacting with the others components, even by mean of functional and safety interlocks.

Some typical typologies are provided in chapter 5.

If for manufacturer's design two or more base components are integrated in one component, it could be acceptable if compliant with the other requirements of this standard (in particular functional requirements).

GLOBAL STANDARD

Page 7 di 126

HYBRID MODULES

enel

Base component code	Base component c	lescription		
GSH002/011				72,5 kV
GSH002/012			Air connection	145 kV
GSH002/013				170 kV
GSH002/014				245 kV
GSH002/021				72,5 kV
GSH002/022		With circuit-breaker	Cable	145 kV
GSH002/023		With circuit-breaker	connection	170 kV
GSH002/024				245 kV
GSH002/031				72,5 kV
GSH002/032			Bus-duct	145 kV
GSH002/033	Lateral bay		connection	170 kV
GSH002/034				245 kV
GSH002/061			Air connection	72,5 kV
GSH002/062				145-170 kV
GSH002/063				245 kV
GSH002/071				72,5 kV
GSH002/072		Without circuit- breaker	Cable connection	145-170 kV
GSH002/073				245 kV
GSH002/081			Bus-duct connection	72,5 kV
GSH002/082				145-170 kV
GSH002/083				245 kV
GSH002/111			Air connection	72,5 kV
GSH002/112				145-170 kV
GSH002/113				245 kV
GSH002/121				72,5 kV
GSH002/122	Central bay	Without circuit- breaker	Cable connection	145-170 kV
GSH002/123				245 kV
GSH002/131			Bus-duct connection	72,5 kV
GSH002/132				145-170 kV
GSH002/133				245 kV

enel

GLOBAL STANDARD

Page 8 di 126

HYBRID MODULES

	I			
GSH002/211		19 - 29 - 20 - 20 - 20 - 20 - 20 - 20 - 2	40.00	72,5 kV
GSH002/212			1°, 2° opening circuit	145-170 kV
GSH002/213		Single-pole		245 kV
GSH002/221			1°, 2°, 3°	72,5 kV
GSH002/222			opening circuit	145-170 kV
GSH002/261				72,5 kV
GSH002/262	Circuit-breaker drive mechanism		1°, 3° opening circuit	145-170 kV
GSH002/263			onodit	245 kV
GSH002/271			1°, 2°, 3°	72,5 kV
GSH002/272		Three-pole	opening circuit	145-170 kV
GSH002/281				72,5 kV
GSH002/282			1°, 2° opening circuit	145-170 kV
GSH002/283			onoun	245 kV
GSH002/311	Disconnector	72,5 kV	·	•
GSH002/312		145-170 kV		
GSH002/313		245 kV		
GSH002/321		72,5 kV		
GSH002/322	Disconnector with earthing switch	145-170 kV		
GSH002/323		245 kV		
GSH002/331	Disconnector with	72,5 kV		
GSH002/332	ability of Bus- transfer current	145-170 kV		
GSH002/333	switching	245 kV		
GSH002/411		72,5 kV		
GSH002/412	Bushing SF6/air class "d"	145-170 kV		
GSH002/413		245 kV		
GSH002/421		72,5 kV		
GSH002/422	Bushing SF6/air class "e"	145-170 kV		
GSH002/423		245 kV		
GSH002/461		72,5 kV		
GSH002/462	Cable connection upward exit	145-170 kV		
GSH002/463		245 kV		
GSH002/464		72,5 kV		
GSH002/465	Cable connection downward exit	145-170 kV		
GSH002/466		245 kV		



GLOBAL STANDARD

Page 9 di 126

HYBRID MODULES

r		
GSH002/481	Equipments for direct connection between bus-duct	72,5 kV
GSH002/482		145-170 kV
GSH002/483	and power transf.	245 kV
GSH002/511		72,5 kV
GSH002/512	Bus-duct (1 linear meter x 3 poles)	145-170 kV
GSH002/513		245 kV
GSH002/521		72,5 kV
GSH002/522	Bus-duct curve	145-170 kV
GSH002/523		245 kV
GSH002/531	Bus-duct expansion compensator	72,5 kV
GSH002/532		145-170 kV
GSH002/533		245 kV
GSH002/541		72,5 kV
GSH002/542	Bus-duct joint	145-170 kV
GSH002/543		245 kV
GSH002/561	Partitioning with single-pole gas	72,5 kV
GSH002/562	management (including relative	145-170 kV
GSH002/563	equipments and control circuits)	245 kV
GSH002/564	Partitioning with three-pole gas management (including relative	72,5 kV
GSH002/565		145-170 kV
GSH002/566	equipments and control circuits)	245 kV

	GLOBAL STANDARD	Page 10 di 126
enel	HYBRID MODULES	GSH002 Rev. 02 25/11/2016

GSH002/601		
GSH002/602		72,5 kV
GSH002/603		
GSH002/604		
GSH002/605		145-170 kV
GSH002/606		
GSH002/607	Current Transformer	245 kV
GSH002/608		243 KV
GSH002/611		
GSH002/612		
GSH002/620		
GSH002/621		
GSH002/622		
GSH002/623		
GSH002/700	EVDS - Electronic Vol	tage Detector System (capacitive dividers included)
GSH002/701		
GSH002/702		
GSH002/703		
GSH002/704	Voltage Transformer	
GSH002/711		
GSH002/721		
GSH002/722		



GLOBAL STANDARD

Page 11 di 126

HYBRID MODULES

GSH002/801				70 E LV/
GSH002/802	. ε		Y1 type and	72,5 kV 145-170 kV
GSH002/803			Y2 type	245 kV
GSH002/804		e-distribuzione		72,5 kV
GSH002/805			Single-bay	145-170 kV
GSH002/806			type	245 kV
GSH002/811			Y2 type	145 kV
GSH002/812		Enel Distributie	Single-bay type	145 kV
GSH002/821			Y1 type	145 kV
GSH002/822			Y2 type	145 kV
GSH002/823			Single-bay type	145 kV
GSH002/824		Endesa Distribución	Y1 type	72,5 kV
GSH002/825			Y2 type	72,5 kV
GSH002/826			Single-bay type	72,5 kV
GSH002/841			V1 turne	145 kV
GSH002/842			Y1 type	245 kV
GSH002/843		Edesur	Y2 type	145 kV
GSH002/844	Support	Edesui		245 kV
GSH002/845	Support		Single-bay type	145 kV
GSH002/846			Single-bay type	245 kV
GSH002/851			Y1 type	72,5 kV
GSH002/852			Ттуре	245 kV
GSH002/853		Edelnor	Y2 type	72,5 kV
GSH002/854		Edemon	Y 2 type	245 kV
GSH002/855			Single-bay type	72,5 kV
GSH002/856			Single-bay type	245 kV
GSH002/861			Y1 type	72,5 kV
GSH002/862		Coelce	Y2 type	72,5 kV
GSH002/863			Single-bay type	72,5 kV
GSH002/871			Y1 type	145 kV
GSH002/872		Codensa	Y2 type	145 kV
GSH002/873			Single-bay type	145 kV
GSH002/881			Y1 type	145 kV
GSH002/882		Chilectra		245 kV
GSH002/883			Y2 type	145 kV
GSH002/884				245 kV

		GLOBAL STANDARD			Page 12 di 126	
Chel Hybrid Modu			BRID MODULES	DULES		
				Rev. 02 25/11/2016		
GSH002	/885				145 kV	
GSH002		-		Single-bay typ		
		-				
GSH002	/891	-		Y1 type	72,5 kV	
GSH002	/892				145 kV	
GSH002	/893		Amala	Cingle how two	72,5 kV	
GSH002	/894		Ampla Single-bay typ		145 kV	
GSH002	/895				72,5 kV	
GSH002	/896]		Single-bay typ	0e 145 kV	

	GLOBAL STANDARD	Page 13 di 126
enel	HYBRID MODULES	GSH002 Rev. 02 25/11/2016

GSH002/901			Y1 type			
GSH002/902		e-dstribuzione	Y2 type	Y2 type		
GSH002/903			Single-bay type			
GSH002/911		Enel Distributie	Y2 type			
GSH002/912		Ener Distributie	Single-bay type			
GSH002/921	Control Box	Endesa Distribución	V1 ture	Line bay		
GSH002/922			Y1 type	Transformer bay		
GSH002/923			Single-bay type	Bus Coupler		
GSH002/924				Line bay		
GSH002/925				Transformer bay		
GSH002/926			Y2 type			
GSH002/931			Y1 type			
GSH002/932		Latam	Y2 type			
GSH002/933			Single-bay type			

For local components codification see annex A.

3 REFERENCE LAWS AND STANDARDS

3.1 Laws

3.1.1 Latam

3.1.1.1 Brasil

NR-10 - segurança em instalações e serviços em eletricidade

3.1.2 Italy

D.M. 1/12/1980 and subsequent modification D.M. 10/9/1981 "Disciplina dei contenitori a pressione di gas con membrature miste di materiale isolante e di materiale metallico, contenenti parti attive di apparecchiature elettriche".

3.1.3 Spain

Reglamento sobre condiciones técnicas y garantías de seguridad en instalaciones eléctricas de alta tensión, Real Decreto 337/2014.

Real Decreto Riesgo Eléctrico Real Decreto 614/2001.

Reglamento Electrotécnico para Baja Tensión, Real Decreto 842/2002.

Reglamento de puntos de Medida Real Decreto 1110/2007.

3.1.4 All European countries

Commission Regulation (EC) 1494/2007 of 17 December 2007 (form of labels and additional labelling requirements as regards products and equipment containing certain fluorinated greenhouse gases).

3.2 Standards

The below listed reference documents shall be intended in the in-force edition at the contract date (amendments included).

	GLOBAL STANDARD	Page 14 di 126
enel	HYBRID MODULES	GSH002 Rev. 02 25/11/2016

3.2.1 Common standards

For Latin America destinations the reference standard are the IEC/ISO, whilst for Europe destinations the reference standard are the correspondent European standards (EN).

IEC 62271-205	High-voltage switchgear and controlgear - Part 205: Compact switchgear assemblies for rated voltages above 52 kV $$
IEC 62271-1	High-voltage switchgear and controlgear - Part 1: Common specifications
IEC 62271-203	High-voltage switchgear and controlgear - Part 203: Gas-insulated metal-enclosed switchgear for rated voltages above 52 kV
IEC 62271-100	High-voltage switchgear and controlgear – Part 100: Alternating current circuit- breakers
IEC 62271-102	High-voltage switchgear and controlgear – Part 102: High-voltage alternating current disconnectors and earthing switches
IEC 62271-207	High-voltage switchgear and controlgear - Part 207: Seismic qualification for gas-insulated switchgear assemblies for rated voltages above 52 kV $$
IEC 62271-209	High-voltage switchgear and controlgear - Part 209: Cable connections for gas-insulated metal-enclosed switchgear for rated voltages above 52 kV - Fluid-filled and extruded insulation cables - Fluid-filled and dry-type cable-terminations
IEC 62271-211	High-voltage switchgear and controlgear – Part 211: Direct connection between power transformers and gas-insulated metal-enclosed switchgear for rated voltages above 52 kV
IEC 60376	Specification of technical grade sulfur hexafluoride (SF6) for use in electrical equipment
IEC/TR 62271-301	High-voltage switchgear and controlgear – Part 301: Dimensional standardization of high-voltage terminals
IEC 62271-4	High-voltage switchgear and controlgear – Part 4: Handling procedures for sulphur hexafluoride (SF6) and its mixtures
IEC 60073	Basic and safety principles for man-machine interface, marking and identification – Coding principles for indicators and actuators
IEC 60447	Basic and safety principles for man-machine interface, marking and identification - Actuating principles
IEC 61869-1	Instrument transformers – Part 1: General requirements
IEC 61869-2	Instrument transformers – Part 2: Additional Requirements for Current Transformers
IEC 61869-3	Instrument transformers – Part 3: Additional Requirements for Inductive Voltage Transformers
IEC 61936-1	Power installations exceeding 1 kV a.c Part 1: Common rules
IEC/TS 60815-1	Selection and dimensioning of high-voltage insulators intended for use in polluted conditions – Part 1: Definitions, information and general principles
IEC/TS 60815-3	Selection and dimensioning of high-voltage insulators intended for use in polluted conditions – Part 3: Polymer insulators for a.c. systems
IEC 60137	Insulated bushings for alternating voltages above 1 000 V
IEC 60332-3-24	Tests on electric and optical fibre cables under fire conditions – Part 3-24: Test for vertical flame spread of vertically-mounted bunched wires or cables - Category C

		GLOBAL STANDARD	Page 15 di 126		
ene			GSH002		
		HYBRID MODULES	Rev. 02		
			25/11/2016		
IEC 60529	Degi	ree of protection provided by enclosures (IP Code)			
IEC 60068	2-17 Envi	ronmental testing – Part 2: Tests – Test Q: Sealing]		
ISO 1461		dip galvanized coatings on fabricated iron and steel test methods	articles- Specifications		
ISO 4126	Safe	ty devices for protection against excessive pressu	re		
3.2.2 Specific s	Indards				
3.2.2.1 <i>Latam</i>					
3.2.2.1.a) Chil	stra				
ETG	•	caciones técnicas generales - Requisitos de diseñ	o sísmico para equipo		
3.2.2.2 Endesa	Distribución Eléc	trica			
	•	peración definiciones			
		o para el conexionado de armarios cuadros y pane	Ies		
	NNC007 – Cables de control multipolares NZC001 – Procedimiento para la confección de proyectos de control y protección				
3.2.2.3 Enel Di					
Prescriptia Energetica PE 101/85 – Normativ pentru construcția instalațiilor electrice de conexiun și transformare cu tensiuni peste 1 kV					

3.2.2.4 e-distribuzione

CEI 20-22/2 – Prove di incendio su cavi elettrici – Parte 2: Prova di non propagazione dell'incendio UNI 11144 – Bombole trasportabili per gas – Valvole per bombole per pressioni di esercizio 250 bar – Connessioni: forme e dimensioni ENEL operative note PVR001 (guarantee management) ENEL operative note PVR006 (bar code) ENEL Global Standard GST002 Power Transformers

4 SERVICE CONDITIONS

4.1 General service conditions

Unless otherwise specified, the reference service conditions are the outdoor normal service conditions of IEC 62271-1 (par. 2.1.2).

Minimum ambient air temperature (°C)	-25	
SPS Class (IEC/TS 60815 series) d (Heavy) e (Very Heav		e (Very Heavy)
Ice coating (mm)	10	

enel	GLOBAL STANDARD	Page 16 di 126
		GSH002
	HYBRID MODULES	Rev. 02
		25/11/2016

4.2 Specific service conditions

4.2.1 Colombia

The reference altitude is 2.600 m¹.

4.2.2 Romania² (Enel Distributie)

Minimum ambient air temperature (°C)	-30
Ice coating (mm)	22

4.2.3 Seismic qualification level

Chilectra	ETGI-1020		
Codensa	Moderate (IEC 62271-207)		
Edelnor	High (IEC 62271-207)		
Enel Distributie	High (IEC 62271-207)		
e-distribuzione	High (IEC 62271-207)		

5 HYBRID MODULES COMPOSITION

In the following the typical Hybrid Modules compositions are described (the figures shall be intended as terns of 3 elements, one for phase). Considering the modularity of Hybrid Module, different compositions could be required. See annex B for some layout examples.

For each Hybrid Module the Enel Group Distribution company will provide the proper component list (using items in chapter 2) and the HV single-line diagram. It's up to the manufacturer to verify the coherence between the 2 documents and, if necessary, to ask for clarifications.

5.1 Y1 type

- n° 1 circuit-breaker with three-pole or single-pole mechanism
- n° 1 toroidal current transformer
- nº 3 SF6-air bushings (or cable connections or bus-duct connections)

Additionally, depending by the HV single-line diagram, the composition could include:

- up to n° 2 disconnectors (optionally with ability of Bus-transfer current switching), with motordriven three-pole mechanism;
- up to n° 3 disconnector combined with earthing switch, with motor-driven three-pole mechanism
- up to n° 2 line voltage presence detectors

¹ For Colombia the rated insulation levels in chapter 5 already consider the altitude effect on the external insulation, therefore the correction in clause 2.1.1 of IEC 62271-1 is not required. On the contrary are confirmed the precautions to be taken for low-voltage auxiliary and control equipments.

² In accordance with Prescriptia Energetica PE 101/85



HYBRID MODULES

5.2 Y2 type

- n° 3 disconnectors combined with earthing switches, with motor-driven three-pole mechanism
- n° 2 circuit-breakers with three-pole or single-pole mechanism
- n° 2 toroidal current transformers
- n° 1 line voltage presence detector
- n° 3 SF6-air bushings (or cable connections or bus-duct connections)

5.3 Single-bay type

- n° 1 disconnector combined with earthing switch, with motor-driven three-pole mechanism
- n° 1 circuit-breaker with three-pole or single-pole mechanism
- n° 1 toroidal current transformer
- n° 2 SF6-air bushings (or cable connections or bus-duct connections)

Additionally, depending by the HV single-line diagram, the composition could include:

- n° 1 disconnector, with motor-driven three-pole mechanism
- n° 1 disconnector combined with earthing switch, with motor-driven three-pole mechanism

6 TECHNICAL CHARACTERISTICS

6.1 Common general ratings

Rated voltage <i>Ur</i> (kV)		72,5	145	170	245
Rated short-duration power-frequency withstand voltage <i>Ud</i> (kV	Phase-to-earth, across open switching device and between phases	140	275 3		395
rms):	Across the isolating distance	160	315 46		460
Rated lightning impulse withstand voltage <i>Up</i>	Phase-to-earth, across open switching device and between phases	325	650		950
(kVp):	Across the isolating distance	375	750		1050
Rated frequency fr (Hz)	Chilectra, Edesur, Endesa Distribución, Enel Distributie and e-distribuzione	50			
	Ampla, Codensa, Coelce and Edelnor	60			
Rated normal current Ir (A)		2000			
Rated short time withstand current <i>lk</i> (kA)		31,5 40			
Degrees of protection provided by enclosures (IEC 60529)			IP :	54 ³	

³ Applicable also to the Control Box and to the Operating Device Box(es).

	GLOBAL STANDARD	Page 18 di 126
enel	HYBRID MODULES	GSH002 Rev. 02 25/11/2016

	Enel Distributie and e- distribuzione	110
Rated supply voltage <i>Ua</i> (Vdc)	Endesa Distribución Eléctrica, Ampla, Coelce, Chilectra, Codensa, Edelnor	125
	Edesur	220
D.C. maximum absorbed power	r, for each bay (W/bay)	2.000
Under-voltage release (if requested) – d.c. maximum absorbed power (W/coil)		100
Rated supply voltage for anti- condensation circuits (Vac)	Endesa Distribución, Enel Distributie and e-distribuzione	230
	Ampla, Coelce, Chilectra, Edelnor, Edesur	220
	Codensa	120
a.c. maximum absorbed power (VA)		600
Protection stage (tab. 4 EN 62271-203)		2
Auxiliary contact classes (Table	6 EN 62271-1)	1

6.2 Circuit-breakers

In addition to paragraph 6.1 and to IEC 62271-100 requirements, the following further circuit-breakers ratings are required.

Rated voltage Ur (kV)	72,5 145 170 2		245	
Rated short-circuit breaking current <i>lsc</i> (kA)	31,5		40	
First-pole-to-clear factor k_{pp}		1,5 effectively e eutral system		1,3
Rated operating sequence	O - 0,3 s- CO -1 min - CO ⁴			
Maximum break-time (ms)	60			
Circuit-breaker class	C2 – E1 – M2			
Rated line-charging breaking current <i>II</i> (A)105063		125		
Rated cable-charging breaking current <i>Ic</i> (A)	125 160 250		250	
Rated out-of-phase making and breaking current Id (kA)	Clause 4.106 of IEC 62271-100			

6.3 Disconnectors and earthing switches

In addition to paragraph 6.1 and to IEC 62271-102 requirements, the following further disconnectors and earthing switches ratings are required.

⁴ This requirement can be verified by mean of type tests performed with O - 0.3 s - CO - 3 min - CO operating sequence and a declaration of the manufacturer about the CB compliance with O - 0.3 s - CO - 1 min - CO operating sequence.

	GLOBAL STANDARD	Page 19 di 126
enel	HYBRID MODULES	GSH002 Rev. 02 25/11/2016

Rated voltage <i>Ur</i> (kV)			145	170	245	
Number of poles			3			
Opening (closing) time for motor operation (s)			≤15			
Disconnector mechanical endurance class Mr			M1			
Bus-transfer current switching	Rated bus-transfer current for disconnectors (A)	Clause B.4.106.1 of IEC 62271-102			71-102	
by disconnectors (only if requested)	Rated bus-transfer voltages for disconnectors (V)	Clause B.4.106.2 of IEC 62271-102 (referring to Air insulated disconnectors values)				
Earthing switches class			E0 – N	И1 – A		

6.4 SF6-air bushings

6.4.1 General requirements

The SF6-air bushings for the connections of Hybrid Modules terminations shall be compliant with IEC 60137, outdoor type, with internal SF6 insulation, composite type with glass fiber tube covered with silicone rubber. The color shall be light grey.

The complete Hybrid Module, bushing included, shall be designed to withstand static terminal load according to Table 14 of IEC 62271-100 (e.g. manufacturer shall demonstrate that stresses doesn't affect the proper CB and/or DS/ES functioning).

Bushings shall also be compliant with minimum values of cantilever withstand load provided by Table 1 of IEC 60137, Level I.

6.4.2 Bushing terminations

6.4.2.1 Latam

The bushing terminations shall be manufactured with corrosion resistant copper or aluminum alloy, in order to be interfaced with aluminum alloy connectors or clamps.

The terminals shall be rectangular shape with the following dimensions, according to fig. 3 (2x2 hole pattern) or fig. 4 (2x3 hole pattern) of IEC/TR 62271-301:

- Hole diameters Ø 14.3mm
- Distance between holes 44.5mm

6.4.2.2 Endesa Distribución Enel Distributie and e-distribuzione

The bushing terminations shall be realized with corrosion resistant copper or aluminum alloy, in order to be interfaced with aluminum alloy clamps.

The final bushing terminations shall have Ø 40 \pm 0,25 X 80 min (mm) (fig. 1 of IEC/TR 62271-301) dimensions.

6.5 Direct connections between bus-duct and power transformer with SF6/oil bushings

The direct connection between the bus-duct and the HV/MV power transformer can be requested in compliance with one of the following document:

- a) IEC 62271-211
- b) Enel Global Standard GST002 Power Transformers Local section e-distribuzione

Compatibility verification of the interfaces of the bus-duct with the substation in order to ensure the proper connection is a manufacturer responsibility.

6.6 Cable connections

IEC 62271-209 applies.

	GLOBAL STANDARD	Page 20 di 126
enei	HYBRID MODULES	GSH002 Rev. 02 25/11/2016

The cable connections can be requested with upward exit or downward exit (in upward case, the manufacturer shall ensure the on-site compatibility between cable supports and Hybrid Module).

Usually the cable connection enclosure shall be suitable for the dry-type cable-termination (see figure 5 of IEC62271-209); only if requested it shall be for fluid-filled cable terminations (see figure 3 of IEC 62271-209).

In case of "plug-in" dry-type cable-terminations, they will be provided by Enel Group Distribution companies in order to be mounted by the manufacturer; if the Hybrid Module transportation is possible with components fully assembled in a single unit, it's required the female cone factory preassembly.

6.7 Current transformers

In addition to IEC 61869-1 and IEC 61869-2 requirements, the following further toroidal current transformers requirements are prescribed.

Base component code (see par. 2)	GSH002/ 601 604	GSH002/ 602 605	GSH002/ 603 606	GSH002/ 607	GSH002/ 608
Rated short-time thermal current I_{th} (kA)			40		
Rated continuous thermal current <i>I_{cth}</i> (kA)			120% of <i>I</i> pr		
Rated transformation ratio k_r (A/A)	200-400/1	400-800/1	1.600/1	200-400/1/1	400-800- 1.600/1/1
Core number	1	1	1	2	2
Accuracy class ⁵	5P30	5P30	5P30	5P30	5P30
Rated burden (VA)	15	15	15	15	15
Maximum secondary winding resistance (R_{ct}) at 75 °C (Ω)	5	5	5	5	5

	GLOBAL STANDARD	Page 21 di 126
enel		GSH002
	HYBRID MODULES	Rev. 02
		25/11/2016

Base component code (see par. 2)	GSH002/ 611	GSH002/ 612	GSH002/ 620	GSH002/ 621	GSH002/ 622	GSH002/ 623		
Rated short-time thermal current <i>I_{th}</i> (kA)		40						
Rated continuous thermal current <i>I_{cth}</i> (kA)		120% of <i>I</i> _{pr}						
Rated transformation ratio k _r (A/A)	200-400/1/1	400- 800/5/1/1	1.000- 2.000/5/5/5	1.000- 2.000/5/1/1	400- 800/5/5/5	1.000- 2.000/5/5		
Core number	2	3	3	3	3	2		
	5P30	0,2s - FS10	0,5 - 5P20	0,2s - FS10	0,5 - 5P20			
Accuracy class⁵	5P30	5P30	5P20	5P20	5P20	5P20		
		5P30	5P20	5P20	5P20			
Rated burden (VA)	15	15	30	30	30	30		
Maximum secondary winding resistance (R_{ct}) at 75 °C (Ω)	5	5 (only for 1 A cores)	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.		

6.8 Voltage transformers

In addition to IEC 61869-1 and IEC 61869-3 requirements, the following further inductive SF6 insulated voltage transformers requirements are prescribed.

Base component code	GSH002/ 701	GSH002/ 702	GSH002/ 703	GSH002/ 704
Highest voltage for equipment U_m (kV)	72,5	145	170	245
Rated Insulation levels		Accordir	ng to 6.1	
Rated transformation ratio k_r (kV/kV)	$\frac{60:\sqrt{3}}{0,1:\sqrt{3}}$	$\frac{132:\sqrt{3}}{0,1:\sqrt{3}}$	$\frac{150:\sqrt{3}}{0,1:\sqrt{3}}$	$\frac{220:\sqrt{3}}{0,1:\sqrt{3}}$
Secondary windings	1	1	1	1
Rated voltage factor F_v		1,5 (rated	time 30 s)	
Accuracy class	0,2 – 3P	0,2 – 3P	0,2 – 3P	0,2 – 3P
Rated burden (VA)	25	25	25	25

GLOBAL STANDARD

Page 22 di 126

HYBRID MODULES

GSH002 Rev. 02 25/11/2016

Base component code	GSH002/ 711	GSH002/ 721	GSH002/ 722
Highest voltage for equipment <i>U_m</i> (kV)	145	145	145
Rated Insulation levels	According to 6.1		
Rated transformation ratio <i>k</i> _r (kV/kV)	$\frac{120:\sqrt{3}}{0,1:\sqrt{3};100}$	$\frac{132:\sqrt{3}}{0,11:\sqrt{3}}$	$\frac{110:\sqrt{3}}{0,11:\sqrt{3}}$
Secondary windings	2	2	2
Rated voltage factor <i>F_v</i>	1.	5 (rated time 30	s)
	0,2	0,5 – 3P	0,5 – 3P
Accuracy class	0,2-3P	0,5 – 3P	0,5 – 3P
Rated burden (VA)	15	25	25

Referring to IEC 61869-1 table 8 "Arc fault duration and performance criteria", it is requested:

- Protection stage: 2
- Internal arc fault protection: class II

6.8.1 Specific requirements

6.8.1.1 e-distribuzione

The SF6 insulated VT are included in the scope of D.M. 1/12/1980 and subsequent modification (D.M. 10/9/1981).

7 CONSTRUCTION CHARACTERISTICS

7.1 General characteristics

The Hybrid Module shall be manufactured in accordance with IEC 62271-205.

According to par. 1.101 of IEC 62271-205, each switching device and its controlgear forming part of a compact switchgear assembly shall comply with the relevant individual standard. Being the Hybrid Module formed also by metal enclosed switchgear devices, the requirements of IEC 62271-203 are applicable.

The Hybrid Module consists of a single enclosure for each phase.

The normal use, control and maintenance operations shall be performed with total workers safety.

Components identifications shall be performed by plates located close to them.

All the written tests (labels, synoptic etc.) shall be in the local language of destination.

The SF6 solid decomposition products shall not influence the insulation and the equipment operation.

The over-voltages caused by breaking or making of capacitive current shall not compromise dielectric insulation of components enclosed in the enclosure .

Hybrid modules shall comply with dimensional constraints shown in annex C.

7.2 Enclosures and support structure

The enclosures shall be metallic and with the mechanical robustness necessary to ensure the correct operation of all internal mobile parts.

The enclosures shall be suitable for the vacuum treatment during gas filling processing, in factory or in field. Furthermore shall be able to absorb mechanical expansion due to normal service conditions.

The enclosures and support structure disposition shall ensure that:

	GLOBAL STANDARD	Page 23 di 126
enel	HYBRID MODULES	GSH002 Rev. 02 25/11/2016

- all equipment parts are easily accessible for normal check operations; in particular disconnectors manual operations shall be easily performed from the ground (maximum height 1.900 mm) and with the equipment in service;
- it is possible to easily replace the complete pole elements without affect other poles;
- the maintenance or complete equipment/parts replacing are executable accessing with lifting vehicle.

The Hybrid Module enclosures shall be assembled on a metallic support structure suitable to be fixed on a foundation by means of chemical plugs or similar systems.

7.2.1 Specific requirements

7.2.1.1 Endesa Distribucion Electrica

According to NNM001 all accessible parts for operation and maintenance (including disconnectors manual operation) shall be at \geq 2.000 mm from HV terminals to avoid "Trabajos en Tensión" (as it's defined on Real Decreto Riesgo Eléctrico 614/2001) on normal inspection and operation works.

7.3 Dielectric mean

The dielectric mean for insulation and arc extinction is SF6, with a pressure over the atmospheric one. The gas shall comply with EN 60376 standard. The manufacturer has to provide the necessary instructions for use and handling of SF6, in accordance with IEC 62271-4.

In alternative, non-fluorinated greenhouse gases and internal vacuum breaking unit are also acceptable.

7.4 Gas density control

The Hybrid Module is a closed pressure system. The relative leakage rate shall be $Frel \le 0.5\%$ per year. The value for the time between replenishments shall be at least 10 years (also valid for voltage transformers, if present).

It shall be possible to perform the SF6 replenishment with the equipment in service, avoiding the unwanted operation of the SF6 density control device.

Each pole shall have a distinct SF6 circuit, with a device for the density control.

Solely the gas control circuit of the voltage transformers (when present) can be three-pole. For the eventual partitions the criteria is the following:

- 3 single-pole circuits in case of partition including circuit breaker;
- 3 single-pole circuits in case of partition with gas volume over 3,5 m³;
- 1 three-pole circuit in case of partition without circuit breaker and with gas volume up to 3,5 m³.

Each SF6 circuit shall provide a connection element (type DILO VK/BG-03/8 or equivalent⁶), with a nonreturn valve, both for SF6 control device and for gas filling/replenishment, provided by not losable protection screw taps (located not higher than 1.900 mm from the ground level).

The SF6 circuit piping shall be performed using stainless steel or painted copper, in order to reduce the stealing risk. Alternative solutions can be considered if the manufacturer proves their similar visible effect and equivalent technical and ageing characteristics.

The alarm threshold calibration has to take into account the leakage rate. The block threshold calibration shall be at least 0,02 MPa lower respect to the alarm threshold.

The SF6 density control device shall be:

• suitable to work in the provided temperature range;

⁶ In case of non-fluorinated green house gases, the Manufacturer will propose a suitable type different from the one used for SF6, in order to avoid mistakes.



HYBRID MODULES

- located in order to avoid the solar radiation influence on the external temperature measuring;
- insensitive to the vibration produced by the equipments operation;
- manufactured with stainless materials;
- realized in order to allow the functionality verification and the substitution with the poles under pressure;
- with the following scale(s) for a visible indication of gas density level:

Type of scale	Endesa Distribución Eléctrica, Enel Distributie and e-distribuzione	Latam
Colored	Mandatory	Mandatory
Graduated	Forbidden	Mandatory

The SF6 density control device shall provide 2 operating levels independently adjustable (see details and specific requirements in 8.5):

- 1st minimum gas density level ("P1 gas"): alarm (replenishment necessary), with 2 contacts (1 contact in case of Single-bay type or voltage transformers);
- 2nd minimum gas density level ("P4 gas"): to get out of service (see 8.5 for details), with 2 contacts (1 contact in case of Single-bay type or voltage transformers).

The contacts operating tolerance shall be lower than \pm 1,5% (referred to the full scale) in the provided temperature range; the contacts of each minimum gas density level shall have a difference \leq 0,005 MPa between them.

7.5 Gas filling/replenishment device (Optional)

At request the manufacturer shall supply a device for the gas replenishment.

In case of SF6, the device shall be provided by female thread connection, W 21,7 x 1/14" (UNI 11144 – only for e-distribuzione) on gas bottle side and DILO VK/BG-03/8 or equivalent on pole junction device side. The device will consist of:

- pressure regulator
- a safety valve (ISO 4126 compliant, calibrated at 8 bar rel);
- a pressure gauge 0÷1 MPa, 0,5 class, minim resolution ± 5 kPa, accompanied with a calibration certificate;
- flexible tube 5 meters long, DN≥8.

7.6 Partitioning

7.6.1 Common requirements

Generally the partitioning of each pole shall be unique. At request could be required to have other partitions: in this case the new partitions will be managed including in the electric scheme the additional functionalities of the interlocking, automatic openings and remote signaling.

The partitions shall have adequate mechanical resistance to static and dynamic stresses and to vibrations due to both normal and short circuit operation. The partitions shall be designed for the maximum differential pressure in case of vacuum performed in one of the sections.

If the manufacturer consider necessary further partitions (i.e. V.T. presence), they will be subjected to Enel Group Distribution companies approval.

Partition examples are in annex B (represented in red color).

	GLOBAL STANDARD	Page 25 di 126
enel	HYBRID MODULES	GSH002 Rev. 02 25/11/2016

7.6.2 Specific requirements

7.6.2.1 e-distribuzione

The partitions are included in the scope of D.M. 1/12/1980 and subsequent modification (D.M. 10/9/1981).

For 245 kV Y2 Hybrid Modules a partitioning between the two circuit-breakers shall be added (see annex B, Y2 examples, fig. 2); in this case the central bay, including its disconnector, will be part:

- a) in case if one CB is used on Transformer bay, of the line bay partition;
- b) in case of both CBs used on line bays, of one of them.

7.7 Earthing

The manufacturer shall ensure the equi-potentiality between all parts forming the equipment.

At the base of each support upright shall be provided 2 earthing points, equipped with M12 stainless steel bolts (included in the supply).

	Enel Distributie, e- distribuzione and Latam	Endesa Distribución Eléctrica
CTs	S1	S2 or S3 (according to the used transformation ratio)
VTs	n	n

As for instrument transformers, the following secondary terminals shall be earthed:

7.8 Internal arc and overpression safety devices

In order to provide a high protection to workers, the external effects of an internal arc (pressure increase of gas and possible burn-through of enclosure) must be limited.

Referring to item 5.102.2 of IEC 62271-203 and the performance criteria – Table 104 – it is requested protection stage 2: no fragmentation (burn-through is acceptable).

All enclosures (VT included, if any) shall be equipped with safety devices against the internal overpressures compliant with ISO 4126 (alternative solutions could be evaluated if the manufacturer proves their adequacy) and properly calibrated over the maximum operating pressure, in order to avoid improper operations.

In case of overpressure safety valves operation, the expelled gas shall not run over people around the equipment and shall not damage Hybrid Module vital parts.

7.9 Current Transformers

The outdoor current transformers shall be manufactured in compliance to IEC 61869-1 and IEC 61869-2, toroidal type and suitable for exposed installation. They will be located close to the bushings (or to the cable or Bus-duct connections).

The secondary terminal box shall be located in order to be easily accessible.

Inside the Control Box shall be located a CT's terminal board, additional to the previous in the secondary terminal box, 6 mm² section. The terminal board inside the Control Box shall be short-circuitable on CT side and disconnectable on Control System side, with test sockets.

The connection cables between the secondary terminal boxes and the CT's terminal board shall be 2,5 mm^2 section if Isn =1 A or 4 mm^2 section if 5 A.

Manufacturer may omit the secondary terminal boxes: on this purpose the connections between the secondary windings and cables to CT's terminal board inside the Control Box shall be welded inside CTs. In this case the terminal board becomes the secondary terminals.

enel	GLOBAL STANDARD	Page 26 di 126
	HYBRID MODULES	GSH002 Rev. 02 25/11/2016

With reference to the annex C dimensional drawings, it is specified that the primary terminal "P1" shall be positioned toward the internal hybrid module side, as the "P2" is to SF6/air bushing or cable connection.

7.10 Voltage Transformers

The outdoor voltage transformers, suitable for exposed installation, shall be manufactured in compliance to IEC 61869-1 and IEC 61869-3 and partitioned respect to the hybrid modules enclosures.

7.11 Anti-condensation circuit

Inside all boxes a proper anti-condensation system shall be provided in order to prevent humidity damages and to ensure a proper air replacement.

The anti-condensation circuit shall be one for the overall equipment, supplied in a.c (see table in chapter 6 for the supply rated voltage) and protected with a magnetothermic automatic circuit-breaker. It shall be controlled by an humidistat; thermostat is admitted in addiction if the manufacturer needs it to comply the minimum ambient temperature requirement. Both shall have fixed regulation (typical regulation values are 60% R.H. and + 5°C) and the contacts shall be connected in parallel.

The heating elements shall be connected in series in order to open the circuit in case of breaking of an element; a minimum current sensor shall detect and signal the anomaly (obviously not when circuit is OFF for environmental causes).

In parallel connection case, the manufacturer shall assure a correct fault detection and distance anomaly signaling in case of failure of an element, properly evaluating the tolerances of the supply voltage and of the components resistance.

7.12 Protective treatments

All external surfaces shall have an effective and enduring anti-corrosion protection.

On request the enclosures shall be painted in light gray color (RAL 7035). Painting is anyway admitted even if not expressly requested.

The external visible part of partitions, if any, shall be in orange color (RAL 2004).

All iron parts (e.g. support, Control Box, Drive Mechanism Boxes, bolts etc.) shall be in non-corrosive material or hot dip galvanized in compliance with ISO 1461. All processing shall be completed before the protective treatments.

Protective treatments alternative to the hot dip galvanization could be accepted if the manufacturer proves its adequacy.

The metallic elements in contact shall be designed in order to avoid corrosion due to humidity galvanic effect.

7.13 Nameplate

7.13.1 Common requirements

The nameplates shall be in stainless steel. Alternative materials can be considered if the manufacturer proves the marking endurance respect to the ageing.

5.10 of IEC 62271-205 applies. Moreover the nameplate, placed on the external side of the Control Box door, shall include:

enel

HYBRID MODULES

GSH002 Rev. 02 25/11/2016

- reference to this Global Standard;
- composition type (Y1, Y2 or Single-bay);
- Assembly Type A documents list code;
- optional values, if any;
- composition of the assembly, consisting in a list of the base components indicating:
 - base component code (see chapter 2);
 - local codification (see Annex A);
- the rated filling pressure value at 20°C (relative value).

7.13.2 Latam specific requirements

The self-adhesive nameplate to be located in the internal part of the Control Box door shall also contain the contract number.

7.13.3 European countries specific requirements

An informative nameplate with the sentence "Contains fluorinated greenhouse gases covered by the *Kyoto Protocol*" (in accordance with Commission Regulation (EC) 1494/2007 of 17 December 2007) shall be provided.

7.13.4 e-distribuzione specific requirements

According to PVR006 a bar code shall be assigned to each base component and to the overall assembly (containing references to the base components forming the assembly). Further details will be discussed during the conformity assessment process.

7.14 Disconnector and earthing switches

7.14.1 Ampla and Coelce specific requirements

According to NR-10, moving contacts of disconnectors and earthing switches shall be visible.

8 FUNCTIONAL CHARACTERISTICS

8.1 Drive mechanisms

8.1.1 General requirements

The equipment controls shall be realized in order to be managed by one or more selector switches for the operation type choice, with the following characteristics:

Companies	Selector switches positions	Names	Кеу
Ampla, Coelce, Chilectra, Codensa, Edelnor, Edesur, Enel Distributie and e-distribuzione	2	Remote Local ⁷	Not requested
Endesa Distribución Eléctrica	3	Manual Local Remoto	Requested (extractable only in manual position)

⁷ the words "remote" and "local" have to be translated in all documents as:

HYBRID MODULES

GSH002 Rev. 02 25/11/2016

These selector switches shall be located inside the Control Box.

In particular the following switches are necessary:

- for Y1, single-bay and double bus-bar types: n° 1;
- for Y2 type: n° 2 (one for bay 1 and 2 and one for bay 3 see annex B).

In "remote" position the remote controls are enabled and the local controls are disabled.

In "local" position the enabling are the opposite.

In "manual" position (if required) all electric (local and remote) operations are disabled.

The switch operation shall not cause unwanted equipment operations.

The local operation of circuit-breakers (only three-pole operations, it shall not be possible to operate locally single-pole operations) and disconnectors/earthing switches shall be controlled by push-buttons located in the Control Box (see 8.2.1), with the following colors:

Operation	Chilectra, Codensa, Edelnor, Edesur, Endesa Distribución Eléctrica, Enel Distributie and e-distribuzione (according with IEC 60073)	Ampla, Coelce (according with NR10)
Closing	White	White "L" on Red background
Opening	Black	White "D" on Green background

The main contact position of circuit-breaker and disconnector/earthing switch indicators have the following characteristics:

Position	Chilectra, Codensa, Edelnor, Edesur, Endesa Distribución Eléctrica, Enel Distributie and e-distribuzione (according with IEC 60073)	Ampla, Coelce (according with NR10)
Close	Black "I" on white background	White "L" on Red background
Open	White "O" on black background	White "D" on Green background

Temporary block signalizations shall not be sent to the control system during normal operation. As for D.C. supply it's specified that:

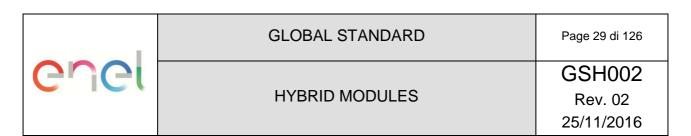
- the remote/local control supply of each bay shall be independent from the others;
- the motors supply is common for all circuit-breakers and disconnector of the equipment. All motors shall be equipped with protection magnetothermic automatic circuit-breaker.

8.1.2 Circuit-breakers drive mechanism

8.1.2.1 General requirements

The Circuit-breakers drive mechanism shall be spring type, three-pole or single-pole type. The drive energy storage shall be normally made by mean of d.c. electric motor (see table in chapter 6.1 for the supply rated voltage); when necessary it shall be possible to restore manually the

•	Italian language:	"Servizio" (S)	and	<i>"Prova"</i> (P)
٠	Spanish language:	"Remoto"	and	"Local"
٠	Romanian language:	"In functiune"	and	"Probe"
٠	Portuguese language:	"Remoto"	and	"Local"



operating device energy, with a maximum effort below 250 N. The manual device shall exclude the motor operation, or in alterative shall be designed excluding its possible movement in case of unexpected spring operation.

All releases, both for closing and for opening, shall not work with a signal duration ≤ 3 ms. The Circuit-breakers drive mechanism shall be able to perform the following cycles⁸:

- with motor working:
 - > O 0.3 s CO 1 min CO with CB closed and opening and closing springs charged;
- with motor not working:
 - ➢ O − 0,3 s − CO with CB closed
 - and opening and closing springs charged; with CB open and closing springs charged;
 - > CO > O with CB closed and opening springs charged.

The single-pole CBs shall be equipped with a device for the signalization of poles not in the same position (closed or open). This is applicable also for three-pole CBs when they are electrically obtained by single-pole CBs, paralleling the releases coils.

8.1.2.2 Release drive circuits

Referring to the table in chapter 2, the release drive circuits typologies are:

- drive circuit of shunt closing release (always required);
- drive circuit of shunt opening release (1° and 2° circuit);
- drive circuit of under-voltage release (3° circuit).

In the electric schemes in annex D both the control circuits for the different cases and the interlocks described in the paragraph 8.5 are shown.

It shall be possible to request the CB opening acting both on a single circuit at a time and concurrently on any combination of the different opening circuits.

In case during an operation an opposite operation request is received, the consent on the last operation shall be given only after the completion of on-going operation (in this case, only for singlepole CBs, the discrepancy between poles can exceeds the required limits)

The closing circuits shall be equipped with antipumping devices (1 for tripolar CBs and 3 for unipolar CBs) in order to inhibit further closing operations after the first one if an opening occurs during the initial closing request.

The main contacts position shall be assured stably and surely in the open and closed position. The CBs shall not operate in case of accidental auxiliary circuits supply interruption or in case of supply restore (excluding the drive circuit of under-voltage release).

8.1.2.2.a) Endesa Distribución and Latam specific requirements

The circuit breaker will be provided with two opening and independent coils.

It shall be possible to perform the CB closing and opening (when HV and d.c. supplies are off, i.e. due to a fault) by means of (safety located) hand operated levers or buttons.

Enel Distributie and e-distribuzione specific requirements 8.1.2.2.b)

It shall be possible to manually lock/unlock the under-voltage release(s), both three-pole or single-pole type, by mean of a device provided of the "bloccato"/"sbloccato" indication. This device(s) shall be easily and safely accessible (shall not be necessary to open the part of the Operating Device Box where the operating devices are located) and shall be maneuverable from the ground level (maximum height 1.900 mm). It shall be possible to operate this device(s) with the CB in service and without causing an unwanted opening.

⁸ with the CB closed the opening springs shall be always charged.

	GLOBAL STANDARD	Page 30 di 126
enel	HYBRID MODULES	GSH002 Rev. 02 25/11/2016

In the functional scheme the locked under-voltage release signalization shall be provided.

Under-voltage releases consisting of energy storage systems (for example capacitors) are not admitted.

The CB closing consensus shall be interdict in case under-voltage release drive circuits are not supplied.

8.1.3 Disconnectors (DSs) and earthing switches (ESs) drive mechanism

The DSs and ESs operation shall be performed by three-pole motor-drive mechanisms with the possibility of emergency manual operation in case of need. It will consist of a gear motor (see table in paragraph 6.1 for the supply rated voltage) which will transmit its movement to the drive shaft of the disconnector. The same applies to earthing switch.

The motor drive system can be unique for DS and ES.

The drive mechanism shall operate on a highly reliable transmission system, in order to avoid any interruptions.

Position indicating devices of disconnectors and earthing switches shall comply IEC 62271 -102, annex A.

DS and ES shall be both equipped with the following circuits:

- a) n° 1 drive circuit of shunt closing release;
- b) n° 1 drive circuit of shunt opening release.

The ongoing operations shall be completed even in case of opposite operation request.

The operation requests persistence after the operation conclusion shall not produce effects.

In case of a DS/ES operation is not completed, any previously received operation requests shall not remain stored. In case of motor supply outage during a DS/ES operation, the drive mechanism shall ensure:

- the keeping of the reached position, both during supply absence and at its restore;
- the execution after the supply restore of any requested closing or opening operation, independently from the operation type ongoing at supply outage instant;
- that in case of not completed operation the operation sequence shall be stopped and an anomaly remote signalization (Switch Not Maneuverable) shall be sent, by mean of a timed contact.

The operations shall not be carried out if the request signal duration is shorter than 3 ms.

The manual emergency operation shall be enabled by a Consensus Electromagnetic Device (CED⁹):

- in case of 2 positions selector switch the hand-crank insertion is enabled only in "local" position, pressing a button¹⁰ and in presence of all requested consensus conditions (see electric schemes);
- in case of 3 positions selector switch the hand-crank insertion is enabled only in "manual" position and in presence of all requested consensus conditions (see electric schemes).

The hand-crank for manual operation shall be withdrawable type; its insertion shall cause an anomaly remote signalization¹¹ and shall disable the electric operations, both local and remote.

The manual operation of DS and ES shall be compliant with IEC 60447.

The turns number for a complete manual operation shall not exceed 50.

All controls (remote, local and manual) shall be subject to the conditions described in paragraph 8.5 and represented in the electric scheme of annex D.

⁹ "DEC – Dispositivo Elettromagnetico Consenso" for Enel Distribuzione and Enel Distributie.

¹⁰ Different designs with the same functional results can be evaluated by Enel.

¹¹ "SNM – Sezionatore Non Manovrabile" for Enel Distribuzione and Enel Distributie.

	GLOBAL STANDARD	Page 31 di 126
enel	HYBRID MODULES	GSH002 Rev. 02 25/11/2016

8.1.3.1 Endesa Distribución, Enel Distibutie and Latam specific requirements

It shall be possible to lock DS/ES in open or closed position by mean of padlocks with $\emptyset = 6 \div 10$ mm pin.

8.1.3.2 DS/ES mechanical locks and interlocks

DS combined with ES as a single unit shall have a mechanical interlocking device that prevent the closure of ES when DS is closed and prevent closure of DS when ES is closed (not applicable in case of DS/ES for which it's not physically possible to have these conditions).

Electrical interlocks are described in paragraph 8.5.

All mechanical locks and interlocks shall be designed to withstand, preventing damages and without need of maintenance:

- in case of motor-operation, to the strains produced by the motor starting torque;
- in case of manual-operation, to 3 times the maximum force required for manual operation (5.105 of 62271-102), or, if a strain limiting device is present, to 1,5 times its intervention rated value.

8.2 Control Box and Drive Mechanism Box

The requested cabinets are the followings:

- a cabinet for control and interface with the remote control system (hereinafter "Control Box")
- cabinets for the CBs, DSs and ESs operating devices (hereinafter "Operating device Box")

8.2.1 Control Box

All Hybrid Module auxiliary and control equipments shall be placed in the Control Box, located in correspondence of the central pole, on the side indicated in annex C; the Control Box can be fixed on the Hybrid Module support or on a specific independent support (in this case see annex C for maximum distance). In this box also the cables coming from CTs and, if any, VTs shall be connected to the respective terminal boards (see par. 7.9 and annex D).

In case of interferences with some equipment parts (e.g. with VTs and HV cable connection) the box shall be located on the Hybrid Module side in correspondence with the LV cable shaft of the civil works (in this case some additional information should be provided by the user and the Control box position will be agreed).

In addition to the IP requirement of table al chapter 6.1, the box protection degree with open doors shall be minimum IP2X.

In addition to the dimensions shown in annex C, the box base height respect to the ground shall be \geq 400 mm and all HMI (Human Machine Interface) elements (controls and signalizations) shall be at \leq 1800 mm.

The box interior shall be accessible only from the front by mean of a door provided of handle and lock. The door (simple or double), hinged and provided of anti-wind system, shall be provided of a window in order to make visible from outside the synoptic and the signalization lamps. It shall be possible to open the door over 90°.

All accessories (hand cranks, document pocket etc.) shall be accommodated In the internal part of the box door.

All electric equipment components shall be:

- compliant with the respective IEC standards;
- equipped with an identification label indicating the codification used in the functional electric schemes;
- easily accessible for maintenance or substitution operations;
- of typologies for which interchangeable components are easily available in commerce (delivery time within 2 weeks) in the Hybrid Module destination country.

In particular, the extractible ones, plug-in connector included, shall be provided with proper anti-mistake coding.

	GLOBAL STANDARD	Page 32 di 126
enel	HYBRID MODULES	GSH002 Rev. 02 25/11/2016

The box internal wiring shall be made with conductors with adequate section (≥ 1 mm²), flexible type, compliant with IEC 60332-3-24 and insulated at Uo/U = 450/750 V.

The cable ends shall be provided by pre-insulated compression type terminals, suitable for the clamps where they have to be connected.

The connection cable from the Control Box to the equipments shall be of adequate section (\geq 1,5 mm²), shielded, flexible, compliant with IEC 60332-3-24 and insulated at Uo/U = 0,6/1 kV.

Inside the Control Box an internal collector (in copper, section \geq 60 mm² and M5 regular interval threaded hole) shall be present for the earthing connection of all cable shields; the Manufacturer shall guarantee its effective connection to the Hybrid Module earthing system.

The entrance of cable coming from equipments and control system shall be from the Control Box bottom side, where a removable loophole (in aluminum, with useful dimension of 300x300 mm) shall be provided.

At about 200 mm below the Control Box shall be provided a removable horizontal crossbar, suitable for the anchorage of all the cables by mean of cable-fixers.

The Control Box shall include:

- selector switches;
- synoptic (see annex E) representing the HV electric scheme, with the equipments position (close or open), the partitioning (if any), the alarm/block signalization lamps and the lamps testing button ; the synoptic shall also include control buttons for CBs, DS and ES;
- gas density signalization lamps (for each gas circuit, yellow color about 1st minimum gas density level; red color about 2nd minimum gas density level).
- magnetothermic automatic circuit-breakers for the supplies protection (motors, lighting lamp, anti-condensation circuits – fuses are not admitted);
- interface terminal board for substation control system, including the CTs and VTs testing terminals (with correspondent automatic circuit-breakers, see par. 8.5);
- anti-condensation circuit;
- internal lighting lamp, with automatic switching in case of open door.

For each Hybrid Module the interface terminal boards composition depends on the HV switchgear typologies that form the whole assembly.

The interface terminal boards (and their modular terminals) shall be grouped, for every bay, switchgear by switchgear, according to principle electric schemes shown in annex D.

The terminals shall have section 4 mm² for control, signalization and anti-condensation circuits and section 10 mm² for the motors supply circuit.

The VTs (if any) terminals and protection circuit-breakers shall be located in the bottom part of the box, as close as possible to the cable entrance, in order to minimize the short circuit hazard.

Similarly also the CTs terminals shall be located in the bottom part of the box.

Two bridged terminals couples for the anti-condensation circuit and 2/3 (depending on the number of bays) bridged terminal couples for the motor supply circuit shall be provided.

The cable trunks close to the interface terminal boards shall be used for the control system wiring and cannot be used for the internal wiring.

The cable trunking systems for the internal wiring shall shave sufficient residual space (\geq 10% of used volume); the cables shall be anchored in some points in order to avoid their falling.

The signalization lamps and the internal lighting lamps shall not be incandescent type.

All provided electromechanical block keys (installed i.e. on transformer bay) shall be differently codified. The earthing of a d.c. supply polarity is not admitted.

If diodes are used for the circuit separations or for the voltage return protection, they shall have reverse voltage \ge 3 kV.

enel	GLOBAL STANDARD	Page 33 di 126
	HYBRID MODULES	GSH002 Rev. 02 25/11/2016

8.2.1.1 e-distribuzione and Enel Distributie specific requirements

In alternative to IEC 60332-3-24, cables compliant with CEI 20-22/2 and marked with CEI 20-22 II can be accepted.

8.2.1.2 Endesa Distribución specific requirements

Control box wiring and construction must be compliant with internal Endesa procedure NMC001, and NNC007.

It must be considered as a low voltage equipment. For that reason it also must be compliant with Reglamento Electrotécnico para Baja Tensión, Real Decreto 842/2002.

8.2.2 Operating devices boxes

The drive mechanisms, the CB operation counters (four-digits, not-resettable, mechanical or in alternative electromechanical – in the latter case located in the Control Box), the auxiliary electric equipments, the auxiliary contacts and the terminal boards (or connectors) shall be located:

- in a single cabinet for disconnectors/earthing switches and three-pole CBs;
- in 3 cabinets for single-pole CBs.

During normal operation, with enclosures and doors closed, the main contact position indication (close/open) and, for CBs, the spring loading condition signalization shall be visible from ground level.

In order to allow the verification, during maintenance activity, of the unchanged characteristics of the CB's no-load travel curve (see note in par. 10.2.2-9b), manufacturer shall provide the measuring points, properly machined.

In addition to the IP requirement of table at chapter 6, the box(es) protection degree with open doors or when using hand-crank (to charge CB's springs or manual operation on DS/ES) shall be minimum IP2X (unless the box can be opened only using tools).

All mechanical organs (included the motion transmission rods for three-pole CBs) shall be enclosed in metallic enclosures, IP2X, in order to prevent the access to parts in movement, unless they have slow motion (see par. 5.13.1 of IEC 62271-1) without cutting and crushing hazard.

The manufacturer shall provide the instruction for a safety access to mechanical organs.

8.3 Electronic Voltage Detector System EVDS

The EVDS detects the voltage presence in order to implement interlocks for preventing incorrect operation of disconnectors and earthing switches.

It is equipped with internal self-diagnostic.

It's a low performance electronic device, not for measuring purpose, made by 2 parts.

The first device part, self-supplied, is connected to a capacitive divider tern located on the Hybrid Module (on the line or busbar bay). It provides a digital information related to the presence or absence of the HV voltage; it pilots an optical fiber interface, one for each pole, making a galvanic separation.

In alternative, this first part can be made with 3 separate units, each connected to its capacitive divider and each with its optical fiber connection.

The second device part includes relays and is supplied in d.c.; it receives and elaborates the optical fiber signals and it implements the requested interlocks.

The operation and hysteresis threshold shall provide that:

- the voltage absence signalization is guaranteed with < 10% of rated voltage;
- the voltage presence signalization is guaranteed with > 45% of rated voltage.

The EVDS is equipped with 2 electromechanical relays.

The first relay signals the voltage presence/absence and disables/enables the operations in accordance with the logic of the following table:

Page 34 di 126



HYBRID MODULES

HV presence	EVDS supply presence	Voltage detector relay coil	Interlocks contact
YES	NO	Not-energized	Open
YES	YES	Not-energized	Open
NO	NO	Not-energized	Open
NO	YES	Energized	Close

The voltage absence signalization and its restoration shall not be instantaneous but delayed of about 1 s.

The second relay is activated by the internal self-diagnostic.

This diagnostic relay, if not energized, provides:

- to remote signal the "HV presence anomaly", by mean of wiring to the substation interface terminal board;
- to interact with the voltage presence/absence circuit, blocking operations for safety reason.

The diagnostic relay enables, if energized, the disconnectors or earth disconnectors operation in absence of HV.

Each EVDS shall be equipped with two leds for the following local state signalizations:

- red led on: voltage presence
- green led on: voltage absence

As for the first EVDS part:

- if three-phase type, it shall be located in the Control Box; the connections to the capacitive dividers shall be made using shielded cable; moreover, immediately close to each capacitive divider a restorable surge arrester shall be provided, in order to limit the residual voltage, in case of overvoltage, to 200 V;
- if single-phase type, the three devices shall be located immediately close to each capacitive divider. Three fiber optic cables, inserted in protective tubes, connect each device from capacitive divider to the second part.

The second EVDS part shall be located in the Control Box.

The EVDS correct operation shall be guaranteed in the required temperature range.

The EVDS supply shall be protected with an automatic circuit-breaker, whose operation signalization shall be associated with the "HV presence anomaly" in the substation interface terminal board.

8.4 Electric schemes, controls and signalizations

8.4.1 General requirements

The electric schemes shall:

- a) be represented in the reference conventional conditions:
 - a.1) CB, DS and ES (if any) in open position;
 - a.2) CED not energized;
 - a.3) absence of a.c. and d.c. auxiliary supplies;
 - a.3) absence of HV;
 - a.4) gas absence;
 - a.5) closing springs discharged;
 - a.6) remote/local selector switch(es) in remote position;
 - a.7) in case of micro-switches with the state dependent on the opening/closing of the boxes/carters of operating devices, they shall be represented disabled (that is with boxes/carters open).



Page 35 di 126



HYBRID MODULES

- a.8) unlocked under-voltage release (when requested) for CB.
- b) report the following pressures values at 20°C (relative values):
 - b.1) rated filling pressure;
 - b.2) threshold setting pressure of the 1st minimum gas density level (alarm, replenishment necessary);
 - b.3) threshold setting pressure of the 2nd minimum gas density level (block or automatic opening with open position blocking).
- c) include the functional scheme, all information useful to identify each wire and cable, the equipments wiring schemes (auxiliary contacts, relays, gas density control devices etc.), the topographic schemes for interconnections between boxes, the topographic schemes about all the electric components in Control box/Operating device box(es), the anti-mistake coding.

Further details are in the specific requirements and in annex D, where the principle electric schemes of the different switchgears (and their functional typologies) are represented.

8.4.2 Endesa specific requirements

Manufacturer definitive schemes must be compliant with Endesa internal procedure NZC001.

8.4.3 e-distribuzione, Enel Distributie and Latam specific requirements

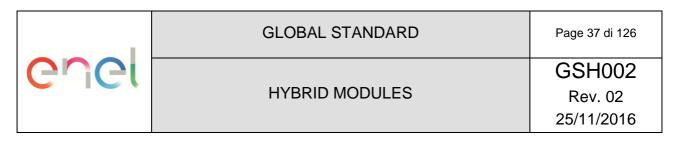
The Annex D principle electric schemes (and their identifying code) are listed in the following tables, with the references to previous e-distribuzione and Enel Distributie technical specifications (the previous reference doesn't mean that the electric scheme is exactly the same – some modifications have been introduced).

Code	Description	Previous reference
CB-S/1.2.	C.B. Single-pole operation - 1°, 2° opening circuit	DY 2063 DY 2063 RO
CB-S/1.2.3.	C.B. Single-pole operation - 1°, 2°, 3° opening circuit	DY 2063/1 DY 2063/1 RO
CB-T/1.3.	C.B. Three-pole operation - 1°, 3° opening circuit	DY 2064 DY 2064 RO
CB-T/1.2.3.	C.B. Three-pole operation - 1°, 2°, 3° opening circuit	DY 2064/1 DY 2063/1 RO
CB-T/1.2.	C.B. Three-pole operation - 1°, 2° opening circuit	DY 2064/2 DY 2064/2 RO
245 CB-S/1.2.	245 kV C.B. Single-pole operation - 1°, 2° opening circuit	-

8.4.3.2 Disconnectors/Earthing switches

enel	GLOBAL STANDARD	Page 36 di 126
	HYBRID MODULES	GSH002 Rev. 02 25/11/2016

Code	Description	Previous reference
101	Line 1 Bay (Only "Y1" – EVDS)	DY 1107 p.2
102	Line 2 Bay (Only "Y1" – EVDS)	DY 1107 p.3
103	Customer Bay (Only "Y1")	-
104	Busbar Bay (Only "Y1" – joined with Customer Bay)	-
201	Line Bay (External Voltage Transformers)	DY 1108 p.2
202	Line Bay (Integrated Gas insulated Inductive Voltage Transformers)	DY 1108 p.3
301	Busbar (or Line 2) Bay (EVDS)	DY 1109 p.2
302	Busbar (or Line 2) Bay (Integrated Gas insulated Inductive Voltage Transformers)	DY 1109 p.3
303	Busbar (or Line 2) Bay (EVDS and Partition)	-
401	Transformer Bay	DY 1110 p.2
402	Transformer Bay (Integrated Gas insulated Inductive Voltage Transformers)	DY 1110 p.3
DS electric scheme code	Description	Previous reference
501	Busbar Bay (Only "Single-bay" type)	DY 1111 p.2
502	Busbar Bay (Only "Single-bay" type - Partition)	-



8.4.3.3 *Motors and anti-condensation power supplies*

Code	Description	Previous reference
AM	Motors and anti-condensation terminal board power supplies	-

8.4.3.4 Current and Voltage Transformers for e-distribuzione

Code	Description	Previous reference
CT/1	Current Transformers (type GSH002/601 ÷ 606)	DY 1106 p.2
CT/2	Current Transformer (type GSH002/607)	-
CT/3	Current Transformer (type GSH002/608)	-
VT/1	Voltage Transformers (Inductive or Capacitor Voltage Transformers Version)	DY 1113 p. 2
VT/2	Voltage Transformers (Gas insulated Inductive Voltage Transf. Version)	DY 1113 p. 3

8.4.3.5 *Current and Voltage Transformers for Enel Distributie* See the electric diagrams from page 110 to page 118.

8.5 Controls, signalizations, interlock and automatic openings

8.5.1 Endesa specific requirements

8.5.1.1 Hybrid module Single-bay type – used in Bus coupler bay

d.c. and a.c. supply

- Terminal block for the CB and DSs motors d.c. supply (See Annex D Terminals X0:1-4)
- Terminal block for the CB drive circuit of shunt release (1st circuit) d.c. supply (See Annex D -Terminals X0:5-6)
- Terminal block for the DSs drive circuits of shunt release d.c. supply (See Annex D Terminals X0:7-8)
- Terminal block for the connection of the d.c. supply for the circuit associated with the control box synoptic signalization and for the signals communicated to the RTU (See Annex D - Terminals X0:9-10)
- Terminal block for the CB drive circuit of shunt release (2nd circuit) d.c. supply (See Annex D -Terminals X0:11-12)
- Terminal block for the a.c. supply for the anti-condensation circuit associated with the CB, DSs and VTs of busbar 1 and busbar 2 control boxes (See Annex D Terminals X0:13-18).

Current circuits

• Terminal block for the CT secondary terminals (See Annex D - Terminals X6:1-16 if CTs are supplied directly from factory with the primary transformation ratio required for each installation).

Voltage circuits

- Busbar voltage circuit bus. Terminals associated with this functionality shall receive the voltages from the VTs of busbar 1 and busbar 2. This bus shall transmit the voltage of both busbars to each hybrid module in the substation (See Annex D Terminals X0:21-28)
- Busbar voltage absence block selection bus. Terminals associated with this functionality shall
 receive the overcurrent protection minitiaure circuit breaker or molded case circuit breaker
 (hereinafter MCB in general) open signal from the VTs of busbar 1 and busbar 2 (See Annex D Terminals X0:29-37).

1st battery CB control and protection (P1-N1)

	GLOBAL STANDARD	Page 38 di 126
Chel		GSH002
	HYBRID MODULES	Rev. 02
		25/11/2016

- 1st drive circuit of shunt closing release control. The requirements described in SF6 Gas and simultaneous operations shall apply.
- Anti-pumping circuit.
- 1st drive circuit of shunt opening release control. The requirements described in SF6 Gas and simultaneous operations shall apply. The drive circuit of shunt opening release shall be prepared to supervise the shunt opening release.
- 1st battery CB closing (K0E) and opening (K0A) auxiliary relays. These relays shall receive closing and opening commands from the pushbuttons located in the Control Box and from RTU, depending on the Manual-Local-Remote selector switch (hereinafter M-L-R selector switch) position. The auxiliary closing relay coil K0E energization shall be able to include the synchronism permission to local and remote command, in series with the closing command. For both, closing and opening relays, a normally open contact shall be used to activate the drive circuit of shunt closing and opening release.

2nd battery CB control and protection (P2-N2)

• 2nd drive circuit of shunt opening release control. The requirements described in SF6 Gas and simultaneous operations shall apply. The drive circuit of shunt opening release shall be prepared to supervise the shunt opening release.

DSs control (P12-N12)

- DSs driving mechanisms operation shall not be executed directly on their motors. These motors shall implement control based on auxiliary relays, which shall receive the opening and closing commands.
- DSs automatism shall guarantee that simultaneous operation of several DSs may not be performed.
- No DSs shall be operated when the CB is in closed position.
- The auxiliary contacts of each DS operation diagram shall be represented, including precise identification of the DS position during its whole itinerary.

Busbar differential relay

- Open and closed DSs positions shall be reported (See Annex D Select terminals from X2 and X3 terminal blocks).
- Open and closed CB position shall be reported (See Annex D Select terminals from X1 terminal block).
- A normally open voltage-free contact connected to terminals of K0E (auxiliary closing relay) shall be used to inform the busbar differential relay when a circuit breaker closing command occurs (See Annex D Terminals X20:3-4).

Interlocking between hybrid modules

 A closed bus coupler circuit shall be created through the X19 terminal block. This closed bus coupler circuit will generate the closed bus coupler state. Closed state implies that both DSs and CB are closed. The closed bus coupler circuit will enable the operation of all busbar DSs of the switchyard (See Annex D - Terminals X19:1-6)

Signals to RTU (P15-N15)

- Open and closed CB position shall be reported (See Annex D Select terminals from X1 terminal block).
- Open and closed DSs positions shall be reported (See Annex D Select terminals from X2 and X3 terminal blocks).
- Every motorized switchgear MCB open signal shall be reported by means of a normally closed voltage-free contact connected to terminals (See Annex D Terminals X1:51-52; X2:51-52 y X3:51-52).
- Anti-condensation circuit MCB open signal shall be reported by means of a normally closed voltagefree contact connected to terminals (See Annex D – Terminal X21-8).

	GLOBAL STANDARD	Page 39 di 126
enei		GSH002
	HYBRID MODULES	Rev. 02
		25/11/2016

- Anti-condensation circuits d.c. supply MCB open signal, located in the Busbar 1 voltage control box, shall be reported. The signal shall be sent to the hybrid module control box by means of a normally closed contact (See Annex D Terminals X21:13-14).
- Anti-condensation circuits d.c. supply MCB open signal, located in the Busbar 2 voltage control box, shall be reported. The signal shall be sent to the hybrid control box by means of a normally closed contact (See Annex D Terminals X21:15-16).
- Busbar 1 voltage MCB open signal, located in busbar 1 voltage control box, shall be reported. The signal shall be sent to the module control box by means of a normally closed contact (See Annex D – Terminals X21:9-10).
- Busbar 2 voltage MCB open signal, located in busbar 2 voltage control box, shall be reported. The signal shall be sent to the module control box by means of a normally closed contact (See Annex D – Terminals X21:11-12).
- Manual position signal of M-L-R selector switch shall be reported by means of a closed contact when the selector is in that position (See Annex D – Terminal X21-4).
- Local position signal of M-L-R selector switch shall be reported by means of a closed contact when the selector is in that position (See Annex D Terminal X21-5).
- The anti-pumping relay activation shall be reported by means of a voltage-free contact connected to terminals (See Annex D Terminals X1:53-54).
- SF6 CB alarm signal shall be reported by means of a voltage-free contact connected to terminals (See Annex D – Terminals X1:55-56).
- SF6 CB block signal shall be reported by means of a voltage-free contact connected to terminals (See Annex D – Terminals X1:57-58).
- Discharged springs signal shall be reported by means of a voltage-free contact connected to terminals. If this signal comes from an auxiliary relay, the auxiliary relay MUST NOT be a temporized one (See Annex D Terminals X1:45-46).
- Operating time exceeded signal shall be reported by means of voltage-free contact connected to terminals (See Annex D Terminals X2:53-54 and X3:53-54).
- SF6 busbar or module alarm signal shall be reported by means of a voltage-free contact connected to terminals (See Annex D Terminal X21-6).
- SF6 busbar or module block signal shall be reported by means of a voltage-free contact connected to terminals (See Annex D Terminal X21-7).

8.5.1.2 Hybrid module Y1 type – used in Line bay

d.c. and a.c. supply

- Terminal block for the CB and DS/ESs motors d.c. supply (See Annex D Terminals X0:1-4).
- Terminal block for the CB drive circuit of shunt release (1st circuit) d.c. supply (See Annex D -Terminals X0:5-6).
- Terminal block for the DS/ESs drive circuits of shunt release d.c. supply (See Annex D Terminals X0:7-8).
- Terminal block for the connection of the d.c. supply for the circuit associated to the control box synoptic signalization and for the signals communicated to the RTU (See Annex D Terminals X0:9-10).
- Terminal block for the CB drive circuit of shunt release (2nd circuit) d.c. supply (See Annex D -Terminals X0:11-12)
- Terminal block for the CB and DS/ESs anti-condensation circuit a.c. supply (See Annex D -Terminals X0:13-18). Two extra terminals shall be available within the heating circuit, to be used for the heating power supply of the boxes associated to the VTs bay (if exists), installed by Endesa (See Annex D - Terminals X0:19-20)

Current circuits

enel	GLOBAL STANDARD	Page 40 di 126
		GSH002
	HYBRID MODULES	Rev. 02
		25/11/2016

• Terminal block for the CT secondary terminals (See Annex D - Terminals X6:1-24 if CTs are supplied directly from factory with the primary transformation ratio required for each installation).

Voltage circuits

- Terminal block for the VT secondary terminals (See Annex D Terminals X7:1-29)
- MCBs for protecting circuits from X7 terminal block, associated with VTs bay. They shall be installed in the control box with the corresponding signal for each circuit breaker:
 - F101-MAIN PROTECTION RELAY VOLTAGE: 1 tripolar+neutral MCB with 2 normally closed voltage-free contacts connected to terminals.
 - F102-SECONDARY PROTECTION RELAY VOLTAGE: 1 tripolar+neutral MCB with 2 normally closed voltage-free contacts connected to terminals.
 - F103-MEASURE AND SYNCHRONISM VOLTAGE: 1 tripolar+neutral MCB with 1 normally closed and 1 normally open voltage-free contacts connected to terminals. The normally open contact is used to lock the line earthing switch.
- Bus related to synchronism busbar voltage circuit (See Annex D Terminals X0:21-30).
- Bus related to block selection caused by lack of busbar voltage (See Annex D Terminals X0:32-38).
- The auxiliary relays associated with the voltage presence shall be energized from the measure and synchronism voltage winding, to allow line earthing switch operation. The interlock is a series circuit of:
 - o Normally closed contacts of the voltage presence auxiliary relays and
 - A normally open F103 MCB contact.

1st battery CB control and protection (P1-N1)

- 1st drive circuit of shunt closing release control. The requirements described in SF6 Gas and simultaneous operations shall be applied.
- Anti-pumping circuit.
- 1st drive circuit of shunt opening release control. The requirements described in SF6 Gas and simultaneous operations shall be applied. The drive circuit of shunt opening release shall be prepared to supervise the shunt opening release.
- 1st battery CB closing (K0E) and opening (K0A) auxiliary relays. These relays shall receive closing and opening commands from the pushbuttons located in the Control Box and from RTU, depending on the M-L-R selector switch position. The auxiliary closing relay coil K0E energization shall be able to include the synchronism permission to local and remote command, in series with the closing command. For both, closing and opening relays, a normally open contact shall be used to activate the drive circuit of shunt closing and opening release.
- A normally open voltage-free contact connected to terminals of K0E (auxiliary closing relay) shall be used to inform the main protection relay when a circuit breaker closing command occurs (See annex D – Terminals X20: 3-4).
- It shall be necessary to have a normally open voltage-free contact, connected to terminals of the opening auxiliary relay K0A in case of bays with distributed generation connected (See annex D – Terminals X20:7-8).
- It is necessary to have a contact in M-L-R selector switch (when it is in "LOCAL" position) to set the reclosing automatism out of service (See annex D – Terminals X20:1-2).
- The main protection relay shall be informed when F101 MCB is open. A normally closed voltagefree contact connected to terminals shall be used for this purpose (See annex D – Terminals X20: 9-10)
- Open and closed CB position shall be reported to the main protection relay (See annex D Select terminals from X1 terminal block)

	GLOBAL STANDARD	Page 41 di 126
enel	HYBRID MODULES	GSH002 Rev. 02 25/11/2016

- Discharged springs signal shall be reported to the main protection relay by means of a voltage-free contact connected to terminals. These contacts shall be limit switch end position of circuit breaker discharged springs. If there are not enough available contacts, an auxiliary timing relay shall be used for this purpose (See annex D – Terminals X1: 45-46)
- SF6 circuit breaker block shall be reported to the main protection relay by means of a voltage-free contact connected to terminals (See annex D Terminals X1: 57-58)

2nd battery CB control and protection (P2-N2)

- 2nd drive circuit of shunt opening release control. The requirements described in SF6 Gas and simultaneous operations shall be applied. The drive circuit of shunt opening release shall be prepared to supervise the shunt opening release.
- A normally open voltage-free contact connected to terminals of K0E (auxiliary closing relay) shall be used to inform the secondary protection relay when a circuit breaker closing command occurs (See annex D – Terminals X20: 5-6).
- Open and closed CB position shall be reported to the secondary protection relay (See Annex D Select terminals from X1 terminal block).
- The secondary protection relay shall be informed when F102 MCB is open. A normally closed voltage-free contact connected to terminals shall be used for this purpose (See Annex D Terminals X20:11-12).
- Discharged springs signal shall be reported to the secondary protection relay by means of a voltagefree contact connected to terminals. These contacts should be limit switch end position of circuit breaker springs discharged. In case that there are not enough available contacts, an auxiliary timing relay shall be used for this purpose (See Annex D – Terminals X1: 47-48).
- SF6 circuit breaker block shall be reported to the secondary protection relay by means of a voltagefree contact connected to terminals (See Annex D – Terminals X1:59-60).

DS/ESs control (P12-N12)

- DS/ESs driving mechanisms operation shall not be executed directly on their motors. These motors shall implement control based on auxiliary relays, which shall receive the opening and closing commands.
- DS/ESs automatism shall guarantee that simultaneous operation of several DS/ESs may not be performed.
- No DS/ESs shall be operated when the CB is in closed position.
- In case of line earthing switch the interlocking which prevents the operation with voltage presence in line shall be included. The interlock is a series circuit of:
 - o Normally closed contacts of the voltage presence auxiliary relays and
 - A normally open F103 MCB contact.
- The auxiliary contacts of each DS/ES operation diagram shall be represented, including precise identification of the DS/ES position during its whole itinerary.

Busbar differential relay

 Open and closed busbar DSs positions shall be reported (See Annex D - Select terminals from X2 and X3 terminal blocks)

Interlocking between hybrid modules

- A closed bus coupler shall be created through the X19 terminal block. This closed bus coupler circuit will receive the closed bus coupler state. The closed bus coupler circuit will enable the hybrid module busbar DSs operation (See Annex D Terminals X19:1-6)
- The state of the hybrid module DSs shall be reported to the bus coupler. The bus coupler circuit breaker opening operation shall be locked if any DS of the switchyard is in the intermediate position (See Annex D - Terminals X19:7-8)

Signals to RTU (P15-N15)

	GLOBAL STANDARD	Page 42 di 126
GUGI		GSH002
	HYBRID MODULES	Rev. 02
		25/11/2016

- Open and closed CB position shall be reported. (See Annex D Select terminals from X1 terminal block)
- Open and closed DS/ESs positions shall be reported (See Annex D Select terminals from X2, X3,X4 and X5 terminal blocks)
- Every motorized switchgear MCB open signal shall be reported by means of a normally closed voltage-free contact connected to terminals (See Annex D Terminals X1:51-52; X2:51-52; X3:51-52; X4:51-52 and X5:51-52)
- Anti-condensation circuit MCB open signal shall be reported by means of a normally closed voltagefree contact connected to terminals (See Annex D – Terminal X21-8)
- F101 MCB open signal shall be reported by means of a normally closed voltage-free contact connected to terminals (See Annex D Terminal X21-9)
- F102 MCB open signal shall be reported by means of a normally closed voltage-free contact connected to terminals (See Annex D Terminal X21-10)
- F103 MCB open signal shall be reported by means of a normally closed voltage-free contact connected to terminals (See Annex D Terminal X21-11)
- "MANUAL" position signal of M-L-R selector switch shall be reported by means of a closed contact when the selector is in that position (See Annex D Terminal X21-4)
- "LOCAL" position signal of M-L-R selector switch shall be reported by means of a closed contact when the selector is in that position (See Annex D – Terminal X21-5)
- The anti-pumping relay activation shall be reported by means of a voltage-free contact connected to terminals (See Annex D Terminals X1:53-54)
- SF6 CB alarm signal shall be reported by means of a voltage-free contact connected to terminals (See Annex D Terminals X1:55-56)
- SF6 CB block signal shall be reported by means of a voltage-free contact connected to terminals (See Annex D – Terminals X1:61-62)
- Discharged springs signal shall be reported by means of a voltage-free contact connected to terminals. If this signal comes from an auxiliary relay, the auxiliary relay MUST NOT be a temporized one (See Annex D – Terminals X1:49-50)
- Operating time exceeded signal shall be reported by means of voltage-free contact connected to terminals (See Annex D Terminals X2:53-54; X3:53-54; X4:53-54 and X5:53-54)
- SF6 busbar or module Alarm signal shall be reported by means of a voltage-free contact connected to terminals (See Annex D Terminal X21-6)
- SF6 busbar or module Block signal shall be reported by means of a voltage-free contact connected to terminals (See Annex D Terminal X21-7)

8.5.1.3 Hybrid module Y1 type – used in Transformer bay

d.c. and a.c. supply

- Terminal block for the CB and DSs motors d.c. supply (See Annex D Terminals X0:1-4)
- Terminal block for the CB drive circuit of shunt release (1st circuit) d.c. supply (See Annex D -Terminals X0:5-6)
- Terminal block for the DSs drive circuits of shunt release d.c. supply (See Annex D Terminals X0:7-8)
- Terminal block for the connection of the d.c. supply for the circuit associated to the control box synoptic signalization and for the signals communicated to the RTU (See Annex D - Terminals X0:9-10)
- Terminal block for the CB drive circuit of shunt release (2nd circuit) d.c. supply (See Annex D -Terminals X0:11-12)
- Terminal block for the CB and DSs anti-condensation circuit a.c. supply (See Annex D Terminals X0:13-18). Two extra terminals shall be available within the heating circuit, to be used for the heating

power supply of the boxes associated to the VTs bay (if exists), installed by Endesa (See Annex D - Terminals X0:19-20).

Current circuits

• Terminal block for the CTs secondary terminals (See Annex D - Terminals X6:1-24 if CTs are supplied directly from factory with the primary transformation ratio required for each installation).

Voltage circuits

- Terminal block for the VTs secondary terminals (See Annex D Terminals X7:1-29)
- MCBs to protect circuits from X7 terminal block, associated with VTs bay. They shall be installed in the control box with the corresponding signal for each circuit breaker:
 - F101-MEASURE AND PROTECTION VOLTAGE: 1 tripolar+neutral MCB with 2 normally closed voltage-free contacts connected to terminals.
 - F102-PROTECTION VOLTAGE: 1 tripolar+neutral MCB with 2 normally closed voltage-free contacts connected to terminals.
 - F103-PROTECTION VOLTAGE: 1 tripolar+neutral MCB with 3 normally closed voltage-free contacts connected to terminals.
- Bus related to synchronism busbar voltage circuit (See Annex D Terminals X0:21-30)
- Bus related to block selection caused by lack of busbar voltage (See Annex D Terminals X0:32-38)

Regulation of measuring points (RD 1110/2007)

• When regulated measuring point is required for the transformers bay, a sealable terminal block shall be available .

1st battery CB control and protection (P1-N1)

- 1st drive circuit of shunt closing release control. The requirements described in SF6 Gas and simultaneous operations shall be applied. In addition to this, there shall be two spare terminals in the closing circuit for including external interlockings.
- Anti-pumping circuit.
- 1st drive circuit of shunt opening release control. The requirements described in SF6 Gas and simultaneous operations shall be applied. The drive circuit of shunt opening release shall be prepared to supervise the shunt opening release.
- 1st battery CB closing (K0E) and opening (K0A) auxiliary relays. These relays shall receive closing and opening commands from the pushbuttons located in the control box and from RTU, depending on the M-L-R selector switch position. The auxiliary closing relay coil K0E energization shall be able to include the synchronism permission to local and remote command, in series with the closing command. For both, closing and opening relays, a normally open contact shall be used to activate the drive circuit of shunt closing and opening release.
- There shall be a contact in local position and a contact in remote position of M-L-R selector switch in order to deactivate the blocking trip relay located in the protection panel (See Annex D – Terminals X20: 1-2 and X20: 3-4).

2nd battery CB control and protection (P2-N2)

• 2nd drive circuit of shunt opening release control. The requirements described in SF6 Gas and simultaneous operations shall be applied. The drive circuit of shunt opening release shall be prepared to supervise the shunt opening release.

DSs control (P12-N12)

• DSs driving mechanisms operation shall not be executed directly on their motors. These motors shall implement control based on auxiliary relays, which shall receive the opening and closing commands.

	GLOBAL	STANDARD
--	--------	----------



HYBRID MODULES

- DSs automatism shall guarantee that simultaneous operation of several DS/ESs may not be performed.
- No DSs shall be operated when the CB is in closed position.
- Extra terminals to connect the external interlockings shall be available.
- The auxiliary contacts of each DS operation diagram shall be represented, including precise identification of the DS position during its whole itinerary.

Busbar differential relay

• Open and closed busbar DSs positions shall be reported (See Annex D - Select terminals from X2 and X3 terminal blocks)

Interlocking between hybrid modules

- A closed bus coupler shall be created through the X19 terminal block. This closed bus coupler circuit will receive the closed bus coupler state. The closed bus coupler circuit will enable the hybrid module DSs operation (See Annex D Terminals X19:1-6)
- The state of the hybrid module DSs shall be reported to the bus coupler. The bus coupler circuit breaker opening operation shall be locked if any DS of the switchyard is in the intermediate position (See Annex D Terminals X19:7-8)

Signals to the main protection relay (P15-N15)

• Open and closed CB position shall be reported to the main protection relay (See Annex D - Select terminals from X1 terminal block)

Signals to RTU (P15-N15)

- Open and closed CB position shall be reported (See Annex D Select terminals from X1 terminal block)
- Open and closed DSs positions shall be reported (See Annex D Select terminals from X2 and X3 terminal blocks)
- Every motorized switchgear MCB open signal shall be reported by means of a normally closed, voltage-free contact connected to terminals (See Annex D Terminals X1:51-52; X2:51-52 and X3:51-52)
- Anti-condensation circuit MCB open signal shall be reported by means of a normally closed voltagefree contact connected to terminals (See Annex D – Terminal X21-8)
- F101 MCB open signal shall be reported by means of a normally closed voltage-free contact connected to terminals (See Annex D Terminal X21-9)
- F102 MCB open signal shall be reported by means of a normally closed voltage-free contact connected to terminals (See Annex D Terminal X21-10)
- F103 MCB open signal shall be reported by means of a normally closed voltage-free contact connected to terminals (See Annex D Terminal X21-11)
- Manual position signal of M-L-R selector switch shall be reported by means of a closed contact when the selector is in that position (See Annex D – Terminal X21-4)
- Local position signal of M-L-R selector switch shall be reported by means of a closed contact when the selector is in that position (See Annex D Terminal X21-5)
- The anti-pumping relay activation shall be reported by means of a voltage-free contact connected to terminals (See Annex D Terminals X1:53-54)
- SF6 CB alarm signal shall be reported by means of a voltage-free contact connected to terminals (See Annex D – Terminals X1:55-56)
- SF6 CB block signal shall be reported by means of a voltage-free contact connected to terminals (See Annex D – Terminals X1:61-62)
- Discharged springs signal shall be reported by means of a voltage-free contact connected to terminals. If this signal comes from an auxiliary relay, the auxiliary relay MUST NOT be a temporized one (See Annex D – Terminals X1:49-50)

Chief GSH002 HYBRID MODULES Rev. 02 25/11/2016 25/11/2016		GLOBAL STANDARD	Page 45 di 126
	enel	HYBRID MODULES	Rev. 02

- Operating time exceeded signal shall be reported by means of voltage-free contact connected to terminals (See Annex D – Terminals X2:53-54 and X3:53-54)
- SF6 busbar or module alarm signal shall be reported by means of a voltage-free contact connected to terminals (See Annex D – Terminal X21-6)
- SF6 busbar or module block signal shall be reported by means of a voltage-free contact connected to terminals (See Annex D Terminal X21-7)

8.5.1.4 Hybrid module Single-bay type – used in Line bay

d.c. and a.c. supply

- Terminal block for the CB and DS/ESs motors d.c. supply (See Annex D Terminals X0:1-4)
- Terminal block for the CB drive circuit of shunt release (1st circuit) d.c. supply (See Annex D -Terminals X0:5-6)
- Terminal block for the DS/ESs drive circuits of shunt release d.c. supply (See Annex D Terminals X0:7-8)
- Terminal block for the connection of the d.c. supply for the circuit associated to the control box synoptic signalization and for the signals communicated to the RTU (See Annex D - Terminals X0:9-10)
- Terminal block for the CB drive circuit of shunt release (2nd circuit) d.c. supply (See Annex D -Terminals X0:11-12)
- Terminal block for the CB and DS/ESs anti-condensation circuit a.c. supply (See Annex D -Terminals X0:13-18). Two extra terminals shall be available within the heating circuit, to be used for the heating power supply of the boxes associated to the VTs bay (if exists), installed by Endesa (See Annex D - Terminals X0:19-20).

Current circuits

• Terminal block for the CTs secondary terminals (See Annex D - Terminals X6:1-24 if CTs are supplied directly from factory with the primary transformation ratio required for each installation).

Voltage circuits

- Terminal block for the VTs secondary terminals (See Annex D Terminals X7:1-29)
- MCBs to protect circuits from X7 terminal block, associated with VTs bay. They shall be installed in the control box with the corresponding signal for each circuit breaker:
 - F101-MAIN PROTECTION RELAY VOLTAGE: 1 tripolar+neutral MCB with 2 normally closed voltage-free contacts connected to terminals.
 - F102-SECONDARY PROTECTION RELAY VOLTAGE: 1 tripolar+neutral MCB with 2 normally closed voltage-free contacts connected to terminals.
 - F103-MEASURE AND SYNCHRONISM VOLTAGE: 1 tripolar+neutral MCB with 1 normally closed and 1 normally open voltage-free contacts connected to terminals. The normally open contact is used to lock the line earthing switch.
- Bus related to synchronism busbar voltage circuit (See Annex D Terminals X0:21-26)
- Bus related to block selection caused by lack of busbar voltage (See Annex D Terminals X0:27-29)
- The auxiliary relays associated with the voltage presence shall be energized from the measure and synchronism voltage winding, to allow the line earthing switch operation. The interlock is a series circuit of:
 - o Normally close contacts of the voltage presence auxiliary relays and
 - A normally open F103 MCB contact.

1st battery CB control and protection (P1-N1)

	GLOBAL STANDARD	Page 46 di 126
Chel		GSH002
	HYBRID MODULES	Rev. 02
		25/11/2016

- 1st drive circuit of shunt closing release control. The requirements described in SF6 Gas and simultaneous operations shall be applied.
- Anti-pumping circuit.
- 1st drive circuit of shunt opening release control. The requirements described in SF6 Gas and simultaneous operations shall be applied. The drive circuit of shunt opening release shall be prepared to supervise the shunt opening release.
- 1st battery CB closing (K0E) and opening (K0A) auxiliary relays. These relays shall receive closing and opening commands from the pushbuttons located in the control box and from RTU, depending on the M-R-L selector switch position. The auxiliary closing relay coil K0E energization shall be able to include the synchronism permission to local and remote command, in series with the closing command. For both, closing and opening relays, a normally open contact will be used to activate the drive circuit of shunt closing and opening release.
- A normally open voltage-free contact connected to terminals of K0E (auxiliary closing relay) shall be used to inform the main protection relay when a circuit breaker closing command occurs (See annex D Terminals X20: 3-4).
- It shall be necessary to have a normally open voltage-free contact, connected to terminals of the opening auxiliary relay K0A in case of bays with distributed generation connected (See annex D – Terminals X20: 7-8).
- It is necessary to have a contact in M-L-R selector switch (when it is in "LOCAL" position) to set the reclosing automatism out of service (See annex D – Terminals X20: 1-2)
- The main protection relay shall be informed when MCB F101 is open. A normally closed voltagefree contact connected to terminals shall be used for this purpose (See annex D – Terminals X20: 9-10)
- Open and closed CB position shall be reported to the main protection relay (See annex D Select terminals from X1 terminal block)
- Discharged springs shall be reported to the main protection relay by means of a voltage-free contact connected to terminals. These contacts shall be limit switch end position of circuit breaker discharged springs. If there are not enough available contacts, an auxiliary timing relay shall be used for this purpose (See annex D – Terminals X1: 45-46)
- SF6 circuit breaker block shall be reported to the main protection relay by means of a voltage-free contact connected to terminals (See annex D Terminals X1: 57-58)

2nd battery CB control and protection (P2-N2)

- 2nd drive circuit of shunt opening release control. The requirements described in SF6 Gas and simultaneous operations shall be applied. The drive circuit of shunt opening release shall be prepared to supervise the shunt opening release.
- A normally open voltage-free contact connected to terminals of K0E (auxiliary closing relay) shall be used to inform the secondary protection relay when a circuit breaker closing command occurs (See annex D – Terminals X20: 5-6).
- Open and closed CB position shall be reported to the secondary protection relay (See Annex D Select terminals from X1 terminal block).
- The secondary protection relay shall be informed when F102 MCB is open. A normally closed voltage-free contact connected to terminals shall be used (See Annex D Terminal block X20:11-12).
- The secondary protection relay shall be informed about discharged springs by a voltage-free contact connected to terminals. These contacts shall be limit switch end position of springs discharged of circuit breaker. In case that there are not enough available contacts, an auxiliary timing relay shall be used for this purpose (See Annex D – Terminal block X1: 47-48).
- SF6 circuit breaker block shall be reported to the secondary protection relay by means of a voltagefree contact connected to terminals (See Annex D – Terminal block X1:59-60).

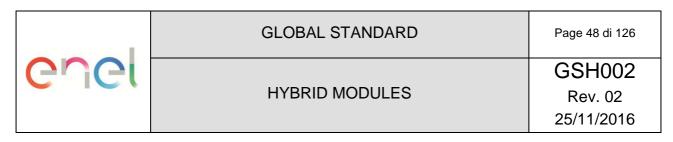
DS/ESs control (P12-N12)

	GLOBAL STANDARD	Page 47 di 126
enel	HYBRID MODULES	GSH002 Rev. 02 25/11/2016

- DS/ESs driving mechanisms operation shall not be executed directly on their motors. These motors shall implement control based on auxiliary relays, which shall receive the opening and closing commands.
- DS/ESs automatism shall guarantee that simultaneous operation of several DS/ESs may not be performed.
- No DS/ESs shall be operated when the CB is in closed position.
- In case of line earthing switch, the interlocking which prevents the operation with voltage presence in line shall be included. The interlock is a series circuit of:
 - o Normally closed contacts of the voltage presence auxiliary relays and
 - A normally open F103 MCB contact.
- The auxiliary contacts of each DS operation diagram shall be represented, including precise identification of the DS position during its whole itinerary.

Signals to RTU (P15-N15)

- Open and closed CB position shall be reported.(See Annex D Select terminals from X1 terminal block)
- Open and closed DS/ESs positions shall be reported (See Annex D Select terminals from X2, X4 and X5 terminal blocks)
- Every motorized switchgear MCB open signal shall be reported by means of a normally closed voltage-free contact connected to terminals (See Annex D Terminals X1:51-52; X2:51-52; X4:51-52 and X5:51-52)
- Anti-condensation circuit MCB open signal shall be reported by means of a normally closed voltagefree contact connected to terminals (See Annex D – Terminal X21-8)
- F101 MCB open signal shall be reported by means of a normally closed voltage-free contact connected to terminals (See Annex D Terminal X21-9)
- F102 MCB open signal shall be reported by means of a normally closed voltage-free contact connected to terminals (See Annex D Terminal X21-10)
- F103 MCB open signal shall be reported by means of a normally closed voltage-free contact connected to terminals (See Annex D – Terminal X21-11)
- Manual position signal of M-L-R selector switch shall be reported by means of a closed contact when the selector is in that position (See Annex D – Terminal X21-4)
- Local position signal of M-L-R selector switch shall be reported by means of a closed contact when the selector is in that position (See Annex D – Terminal X21-5)
- The anti-pumping relay activation shall be reported by means of a voltage-free contact connected to terminals (See Annex D Terminals X1:53-54)
- SF6 CB alarm signal shall be reported by means of a voltage-free contact connected to terminals (See Annex D – Terminals X1:55-56)
- SF6 CB block signal shall be reported by means of a voltage-free contact connected to terminals (See Annex D – Terminals X1:61-62)
- Discharged springs signal shall be reported by means of a voltage-free contact connected to terminals. If this signal comes from an auxiliary relay, the auxiliary relay MUST NOT be a temporized one (See Annex D – Terminals X1:49-50)
- Operating time exceeded signal shall be reported by means of voltage-free contact connected to terminals (See Annex D – Terminals X2:53-54; X4:53-54 and X5:53-54)
- SF6 busbar or module Alarm signal shall be reported by means of a voltage-free contact connected to terminals (See Annex D Terminal X21-6)
- SF6 busbar or module block signal shall be reported by means of a voltage-free contact connected to terminals (See Annex D Terminal X21-7).



8.5.1.5 Hybrid module Single-bay type – used in Transformer bay

d.c. and a.c. supply

- Terminal block for the CB and DSs motors d.c. supply (See Annex D Terminals X0:1-4)
- Terminal block for the CB drive circuit of shunt release (1st circuit) d.c. supply (See Annex D -Terminals X0:5-6)
- Terminal block for the DSs drive circuits of shunt release d.c. supply (See Annex D Terminals X0:7-8)
- Terminal block for the connection of the d.c. supply for the circuit associated to the control box synoptic signalization and for the signals communicated to the RTU (See Annex D - Terminals X0:9-10)
- Terminal block for the CB drive circuit of shunt release (2nd circuit) d.c. supply (See Annex D -Terminals X0:11-12)
- Terminal block for the CB and DSs anti-condensation circuit a.c. supply (See Annex D Terminals X0:13-18). Two extra terminals shall be available within the heating circuit, to be used for the heating power supply of the boxes associated to the VTs bay (if exists), installed by Endesa (See Annex D Terminals X0:19-20).

Current circuits

• Terminal block for the CTs secondary terminals (See Annex D - Terminals X6:1-24 if CTs are supplied directly from factory with the primary transformation ratio required for each installation).

Voltage circuits

- Terminal block for the VTs secondary terminals (See Annex D Terminals X7:1-29)
- MCBs for protecting circuits from X7 terminal block, associated with VTs bay. They shall be installed in the control box with the corresponding signal for each circuit breaker:
 - F101-MEASURE AND PROTECTION VOLTAGE: 1 tripolar+neutral MCB with 2 normally closed voltage-free contacts connected to terminals.
 - F102-PROTECTION VOLTAGE: 1 tripolar+neutral MCB with 2 normally closed voltage-free contacts connected to terminals.
 - F103-PROTECTION VOLTAGE: 1 tripolar+neutral MCB with 3 normally closed voltage-free contacts connected to terminals.
- Bus related to synchronism busbar voltage circuit (See Annex D Terminals X0:21-26)
- Bus related to block selection caused by lack of busbar voltage (See Annex D Terminals X0:27-29)

Regulation of measuring points (RD 1110/2007)

• When regulated measuring point is required for the transformers bay, a sealable terminal block shall be available.

1st battery CB control and protection (P1-N1)

- 1st drive circuit of shunt closing release control. The requirements described in SF6 Gas and simultaneous operations shall be applied. In addition to this, there shall be two spare terminals in the closing circuit for including external interlockings.
- Anti-pumping circuit.
- 1st drive circuit of shunt opening release control. The requirements described in SF6 Gas and simultaneous operations shall be applied. The drive circuit of shunt opening release shall be prepared to supervise the shunt opening release.
- 1st battery CB closing (K0E) and opening (K0A) auxiliary relays. These relays shall receive closing and opening commands from the pushbuttons located in the Control Box and from RTU, depending on the M-L-R selector switch position. The auxiliary closing relay coil K0E energization shall be able to include the synchronism permission to local and remote command, in series with the closing

	GLOBAL STANDARD	Page 49 di 126
enel	HYBRID MODULES	GSH002 Rev. 02 25/11/2016

command. For both, closing and opening relays, a normally open contact will be used to activate the drive circuit of shunt closing and opening release.

 There shall be a contact in local position and a contact in remote position of M-L-R selector switch in order to deactivate the blocking trip relay located in the protection panel (See Annex D – Terminals X20: 1-2 and X20: 3-4).

2nd battery CB control and protection (P2-N2)

• 2nd drive circuit of shunt opening release control. The requirements described in SF6 Gas and simultaneous operations shall be applied. The drive circuit of shunt opening release shall be prepared to supervise the shunt opening release.

DS control (P12-N12)

- DSs driving mechanisms operation shall not be executed directly on their motors. These motors shall implement control based on auxiliary relays, which shall receive the opening and closing commands.
- DSs automatism shall guarantee that simultaneous operation of several DS/ESs may not be performed.
- No DSs shall be operated when the CB is in closed position.
- Extra terminals to connect the external interlockings shall be available.
- The auxiliary contacts of each DS operation diagram shall be represented, including precise identification of the DS position during its whole itinerary.

Signals to the main protection relay (P15-N15)

• Open and closed CB position shall be reported to the main protection relay (See Annex D - Select terminals from X1 terminal block)

Signals to RTU (P15-N15)

- Open and closed CB position shall be reported.(See Annex D Select terminals from X1 terminal block)
- Open and closed DSs positions shall be reported (See Annex D Select terminals from X2 terminal block)
- Every motorized switchgear MCB open signal shall be reported by means of a normally closed voltage-free contact connected to terminals (See Annex D Terminals X1:51-52 and X2:51-52)
- Anti-condensation circuit MCB open signal shall be reported by means of a normally closed voltagefree contact connected to terminals (See Annex D – Terminal X21-8)
- F101 MCB open signal shall be reported by means of a normally closed voltage-free contact connected to terminals (See Annex D Terminal X21-9)
- F102 MCB open signal shall be reported by means of a normally closed voltage-free contact connected to terminals (See Annex D Terminal X21-10)
- F103 MCB open signal shall be reported by means of a normally closed voltage-free contact connected to terminals (See Annex D Terminal X21-11)
- Manual position signal of M-L-R selector switch shall be reported by means of a closed contact when the selector is in that position (See Annex D – Terminal X21-4)
- Local position signal of M-L-R selector switch shall be reported by means of a closed contact when the selector is in that position (See Annex D – Terminal X21-5)
- The anti-pumping relay activation shall be reported by means of a voltage-free contact connected to terminals (See Annex D Terminals X1:53-54)
- SF6 CB alarm signal shall be reported by means of a voltage-free contact connected to terminals (See Annex D – Terminals X1:55-56)
- SF6 CB block signal shall be reported by means of a voltage-free contact connected to terminals (See Annex D – Terminals X1:61-62)

	GLOBAL STANDARD	Page 50 di 126
enel	HYBRID MODULES	GSH002 Rev. 02 25/11/2016

- Discharged springs signal shall be reported by means of a voltage-free contact connected to terminals. If this signal comes from an auxiliary relay, the auxiliary relay MUST NOT be a temporized one (See Annex D – Terminals X1:49-50)
- Operating time exceeded signal shall be reported by means of voltage-free contact connected to terminals (See Annex D – Terminals X2:53-54)
- SF6 busbar or module alarm signal shall be reported by means of a voltage-free contact connected to terminals (See Annex D Terminal X21-6)
- SF6 busbar or module block signal shall be reported by means of a voltage-free contact connected to terminals (See Annex D Terminal X21-7)

8.5.1.6 Automatic openings

Circuit breaker should open when second level of SF6 alarm activates. Circuit breaker should keep blocked in open position.

8.5.2 e-distribuzione, Enel Distributie and Latam specific requirements

8.5.2.1 Terminal Boards for interface with the control system

The equipment controls, the contacts related to their operating status and the possible anomalies shall be reported in the terminal boards for the interface with the substation control system, as shown in the principle electric diagrams listed in par. 8.4.3.

As required in par. 8.1.1, during normal operation temporary block signalizations shall not be sent to the control system.

Used abbreviations in electric diagrams and their meaning are listed in the following; for those related to the substation interlocks see the relevant section.

Italian is the language used in the terminal boards abbreviations; for the other languages the equivalent abbreviations as well as the synoptic will be agreed with the specific Enel Group Distribution company.

Circuit-breakers

- drive circuit of shunt closing release control (CH-ABC)
- 1st drive circuit of shunt opening release control (1° AP-A; 1°AP- B; 1°AP-C or 1°AP-ABC)
- 2nd drive circuit of shunt opening release control (2° AP-ABC)
- 3rd drive circuit of under-voltage release control (3° AP-ABC)
- close position (ccX152 or 152NA)
- open position (caX152 or 152NC)
- remote/local selector switch in local (P) position (43SP-PROVA)
- 1st minimum gas density level (P1 GAS)
- 2nd minimum gas density level (P4 GAS)
- discharged springs (P4 MOLLE)
- intervention of motor protection device and/or auxiliary supply missing (42RT)
- motor maximum operation time (BX)
- anti-condensation circuit anomaly (AnR152)
- poles discrepancy only single-pole CB (DP)
- locking of drive circuit of under-voltage release control only if assembled (BL3°AP-ABC)

Disconnectors - Earthing Switches

- drive circuit of shunt closing release control (DS: CH189"XY"; ES: CH189T"XY"; "XY" means the bay name i.e. L1, L2, TR, etc.)
- drive circuit of shunt opening release control (DS: AP189"XY"; ES: AP189T"XY"; "XY" means the bay name i.e. L1, L2, TR, etc.)

HYBRID MODULES

GSH002 Rev. 02 25/11/2016

- close position (DS: ccX189"XY"; ES: ccX189T"XY")
- open position (DS: caX189"XY"; ES: ccX189T"XY")
- intervention of motor protection device and/or auxiliary supply missing (DS: 42RT189"XY"; ES: 42RT189T"XY")
- motor maximum operation time (DS: BX189"XY; ES: 42RT189T"XY")
- not-maneuverable DS (DS: SNM189"XY"; ES: 42RT189T"XY")

Earthing Switches

Further specific control circuits, using signals from secondary terminals of on-site Inductive or Capacitive Voltage Transformers (see electric diagrams "VT/1" and "VT/2"), elaborate absence of voltage on HV line (and status ON/OFF of relative low voltage protection CBs) to enable the ES closing:

- voltage presence (270N"XY")
- voltage absence (270FF"XY")
- voltage presence anomaly (An PRES TENS"XY")

For this purpose the low voltage components shall have the following characteristics.

- 4P circuit-breaker for protection of secondary VT circuits:
- Ue = 400 V ac; In = 3A; Electromagnetic over current release short circuit current setting: 12 A ("B-type"); Icu \ge 25 kA;
- K27A/L, K27B/L and K27ATL relays: Rated voltage = 100 V AC.

HYBRID MODULES

GSH002 Rev. 02 25/11/2016

Disconnectors - special cases - codes "101" and "102"

Similarly to the above "Earthing Switches" the specific voltage control circuits shall enable not only the ES closing but also the DS closing/opening, to guarantee operations without energy transit:

- voltage presence (27ON"XY")
- voltage absence (270FF"XY")
- voltage presence anomaly (An PRES TENS"XY")

Voltage transformers - codes "VT/1" and "VT/2"

(more details in "Earthing Switches")

- Phase voltage (V"X"; "X" means the electrical phase i.e, 4, 8, 12; 0 is ground potential)
- Open position low voltage CB " ATV1" (ATV)
- Closed position low voltage CB " ATV1" (+ATV)
- 1st minimum gas density level only SF6 VTs (P1 GAS)
- 2nd minimum gas density level only SF6 VTs (P4 GAS)

8.5.2.2 Synoptic

The synoptic alarm/block signalization lamps (see par. 8.2.1) shall be those indicated in the previous paragraph.

Some signalizations, due to their nature, may be common to more switchgears, therefore they shall be grouped together.

For example, in the case of hybrid module Y2 type, having two remote/local selector switches ("Servizio/Prova"), one for Line-bay and Bus-bar, the other for Transformer bay, we have:

Line-bay and Bus-bar common signalizations

- remote/local selector switch in local (P) position (43SP/L-PROVA).
- 1st minimum gas density level (P1 GAS).
- 2nd minimum gas density level (P4 GAS).
- anti-condensation circuit anomaly (AnR)
- Lamps test button (PL) (only one but working also on lamps of the other bay)

Transformer-bay common signalizations

- remote/local selector switch in local (P) position (43SP/TR-PROVA).
- 1st minimum gas density level (P1 GAS).
- 2nd minimum gas density level (P4 GAS).
- anti-condensation circuit anomaly (AnR)

In annex E some synoptic drawing examples are shown; other cases will be assessed with the manufacturer.

Note: In case of single-pole CB, the synoptic shall have an additional signal lamp that is activated when the three mechanical locks of the under-voltage releases are - between them - in a not congruent position.

8.5.2.3 Interlocks

The hybrid modules shall be equipped with operation locks to ensure safety of both workers and switchgears, preventing wrong operations being performed either in electric (remote or local) or manual mode (only for DS/ESs, in local mode).

The required operation locks are:

• specific of the single switchgear (locks);



HYBRID MODULES

GSH002 Rev. 02 25/11/2016

- between switchgears part of the same hybrid module (interlocks);
- between interfaced equipments (substation interlocks):
 - a. switchgears of different hybrid modules
 - b. stand-alone switchgears (CBs, DSs/ESs)
 - c. medium voltage switchboards

There are two types of substation interlocks:

- incoming (working on the hybrid module)
- outgoing (working on switchgears external to the hybrid module)

The differentiation is included in the abbreviations used for the same type of interlock (see in the principle electric diagrams, i.e. "INTBL. A - IN"; "INTBL. B - OUT").

The main operating locks, divided for module type, are listed in the following.

8.5.2.3.a) Hybrid module Y1 type

<u>"Linea 1" bay – code "101" (or "Linea 2" – code "102")</u>

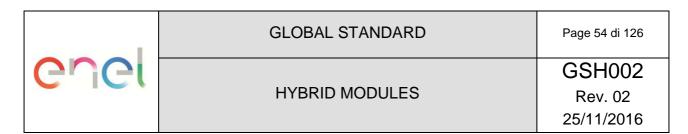
- Disconnector 189L1 (or 189L2) closing lock for 2nd minimum gas density level ("P4 gas");
- Interlock between CB 152, disconnector 189L1 and disconnector 189L2: impossibility of disconnector 189L1 (or 189L2) operation if CB 152 and disconnector 189L2 (or 189L1) are closed. The opening and closing operations of this disconnector are enabled, alternatively to the opening of CB 152 and disconnector 189L2 (or 189L1), by an external consensus (substation interlocks: "INTBL. A IN");
- Impossibility of disconnector 189L1 (or 189L2) operation in presence of HV on both lines L1 and L2. The closing and opening operations of this disconnector are enabled, alternatively to the HV absence on both lines L1 and L2, by an external consensus (substation interlocks: "BLOCCO 27");
- Interlock between disconnector 189L1 (or 189L2) and his earthing switch 189TL1 (or 189TL2): impossibility to close the earthing switch if disconnector is closed and vice versa;
- Impossibility to close disconnector 189L1 (or 189L2) for external consensus absence (i.e. for presence of external earthing switch in closed position or for SF6 absence; substation interlocks: "INTBL. B IN");
- Impossibility to close earthing switch 189TL1 (or 189TL2) for external consensus absence (substation interlocks: "INTBL. C – IN");
- Impossibility to close earthing switch 189TL1 (or 189TL2) for presence of HV on line L1 (or L2).

Circuit breaker bay

Circuit breaker bay shall be provided of the same locks as for Y2 type described in the following par. 8.5.2.3.b), differentiating their use whether as Line bay (see <u>"Line 1" bay</u>) or as Transformer bay (see <u>"Transformer" bay</u>).

Specifically, the:

• Closing lock of CB 152TR (or 152L) for disconnectors incomplete operation, shall be related to the three hybrid module disconnectors.



8.5.2.3.b) Hybrid module Y2 type¹²

"Linea 1" bay - code "201" and "202"

- CB 152L1 and disconnector 189L1 closing lock for 2nd minimum gas density level ("P4 gas");
- CB 152L1 closing lock for discharged springs;
- CB 152L1 closing lock for under-voltage release circuit not-supplied (if any) and, if singlepole type, with mechanical locks of the three under-voltage releases in a not congruent position (between them);
- CB 152L1 closing lock for incomplete operation of disconnectors 189L1 and 189Sb(L2);
- Impossibility to operate disconnector 189L1 when CB 152L1 is closed;
- Interlock between disconnector 189L1 and his earthing switch 189TL1: impossibility to close the earthing switch if disconnector is closed and vice versa;
- Impossibility to close earthing switch 189TL1 for presence of HV on line L1.

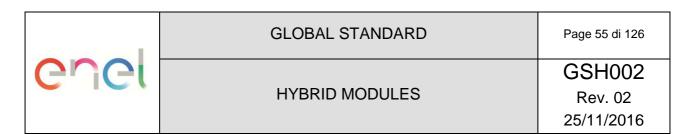
"Sbarra (Linea 2)" bay - code "301", "302" and "303"

- Disconnector 189L1 closing lock for 2nd minimum gas density level ("P4 gas");
- Interlock between disconnector 189Sb(L2) and his earthing switch 189TSB(L2): impossibility to close the earthing switch if disconnector is closed and vice versa;
- Interlock between disconnector 189Sb(L2), CB 152 L1 and CB 152TR: impossibility to operate disconnector 189SB(L2) if these CBs are closed. The opening and closing operations of this disconnector are enabled, alternatively to the opening of CBs 152L1 and 152TR, by an external consensus (substation interlocks: "INTBL. A IN");
- Impossibility to close disconnector 189SB(L2) for external consensus absence (i.e. for presence of external earthing switch in closed position or for SF6 absence; substation interlocks: "INTBL. B – IN");
- Impossibility to close earthing switch 189SB(L2) for external consensus absence (substation interlocks: "INTBL. C – IN");
- Impossibility to close earthing switch 189SB(L2) for presence of HV on busbar/Line2.

"Trasformatore" bay - code "401" and "402"

- CB 152TR and disconnector 189TR closing lock for 2nd minimum gas density level ("P4 gas");
- CB 152L1 closing lock for discharged springs;
- CB 152L1 closing lock for under-voltage release circuit not supplied;
- CB 152L1 closing lock for disconnectors 189TR and 189Sb(L2) incomplete operation;
- Impossibility to operate disconnector 189TR when CB 152TR is closed;
- Interlock between disconnector 189TR and his earthing switch 189TTR: impossibility to close the earthing switch if disconnector is closed and vice versa;
- Interlock between disconnector 189TR and earthing switch 89TTR on MV side of HV/MV transformer: impossibility to close the disconnector 189TR if earthing switch 89TTR is closed and vice versa. This function shall be achieved by means of a device containing an electromagnet, which is energized, by means of a push-button, by a discordant auxiliary contact of the disconnector 189TR if the remote/local selector switch is in "Prova" position. The device shall allow the rotation and extraction of a key enabling the closing of the MV

¹² Note: in the following is described the case in which the two CBs of the Y2 type hybrid module are used in a Line bay and in a Transformer bay; but if both are used in Line bays the symbol "152TR" in sub-paragraph <u>"Sbarra (Linea 2)" bay – code "301", "302" and "303"</u> becomes "152L2". The same applies in principle electric diagrams.



earthing switch 89TTR.

 Interlock between earthing switch 189TTR and CB MV 52TR: impossibility to close the earthing switch 189TTR if CB MV 52TR is closed and vice versa.

8.5.2.3.c) Hybrid module Single-bay type

Circuit-breaker bay

Circuit breaker bay shall be equipped with the same locks as for Y2 type described in cap. 8.5.2.3.b), using according to the application locks of Line bay (see <u>"Linea 1" bay</u>, changing the "L1" part of the abbreviation in "L") or locks of Transformer bay (see <u>"Trasformatore" bay</u>). Specifically, the:

• CB 152L (or 152TR) closing lock for disconnectors incomplete operation, shall be related to all disconnectors of the hybrid module.

"Sbarra" bay - code "501" and "502"

- Disconnector 189SB closing lock for 2nd minimum gas density level ("P4 gas");
- Interlock between CB 152L (or 152 TR) and disconnector 189 SB: impossibility to operate disconnector 189SB when CB is closed;
- Impossibility to close disconnector 189SB for external consensus absence (i.e. for presence of external earthing switch in closed position or for SF6 absence; substation interlocks: "INTBL. B – IN").

8.5.2.4 Automatic openings

Following intervention for SF6 gas low-pressure (P4gas) due to a severe failure in a switchgear, the HV faulty part of the substation shall be isolated from the healthy part not subject to failure.

For this purpose commands for automatic opening shall be activated and simultaneously condition for the service restoring shall be prepared, even by means of specific substation automatisms.

If partitions are present the automatic opening logical operations shall work with the same criteria (see i.e. code "303" and "502").

The automatic opening commands work both internally, in the faulty hybrid module, and simultaneously externally to the substation HV sections still healthy.

Consequently the automatic opening commands, similarly to the substation interlocks, can be both incoming and outgoing; in the principle electric diagrams of DS/ES they are abbreviated with "AP.AUT. – IN" and "AP.AUT. – OUT", while in CBs ones the command (only incoming) is "AP.AUT.INTERBL".

All the automatic openings are enabled only if remote/local selector switch is in "Servizio" position.

Generally in CBs case the automatic opening having internal origin work on 1st and 2nd drive circuits of shunt opening release control; in case of 152TR they work on 1st drive circuit of shunt opening release control and on 3rd drive circuit of under-voltage release control.

Circuit breaker, after the automatic opening, shall be blocked in open position.

Specifically, for 2nd minimum gas density level ("P4 gas") intervention, the following operations shall occur, depending on the hybrid module type (see the principle electric diagrams; possible special cases will be assessed with the manufacturer):

<u>Y1 type</u>

CB opens and in line disconnectors an auxiliary contact (voltage-free) becomes available for an outgoing open command;

HYBRID MODULES

Y2 type

CBs and disconnector 189Sb(L2) open and in busbar disconnector an auxiliary contact (voltage-free) becomes available for an outgoing open command;

Single-bay type

CB open and in busbar disconnector 189SB (if present) an auxiliary contact (voltage-free) becomes available for an outgoing open command.

In case of failure in one of the SF6 insulated VT (if presents), the interventions for SF6 low pressure (P4 gas) in their specific partition work as follows:

Y1 type

- a) if the fault has occurred in a VT of "Line 1" (or "Line 2") bay the CB opens and, in case of external consensus (i.e. HV = off), the disconnector L1 (or L2) opens as well. The disconnector 189L1 (or 189L2), once open, intercepts the automatic opening command coming from the VT of "Line 1" (or "Line 2") bay in order to allow the CB closing.
- b) if the fault has occurred in a VT of the CB bay, the CB opens;

Y2 type

- a) if the fault has occurred in a VT of the CB bay, the CB opens;
- b) if the fault has occurred in a VT of SB(L2) bay, both CBs and the busbar disconnector open. The busbar disconnector, once open, intercepts the automatic opening command coming from the VTs in order to allow the CBs closing;

Single-bay type

CB and busbar 189SB disconnector (if any) open.

9 TESTING

9.1 General information

The applicable standard is IEC 62271-205, where is stated (par. 1.101) "If part of the compact switchgear assembly is formed by metal enclosed switchgear devices the requirements of IEC 62271-203 apply", consequently the IEC 62271-203 tests are also applicable with the clarifications stated in this chapter.

The tests to be performed on Hybrid Module are divided in:

- Type tests;
- Routine tests on factory;
- Commissioning tests.

9.2 Type tests

9.2.1 General

In principle type tests should be performed on a complete Hybrid Module manufactured in accordance with the present technical specification.

Type tests are be classified in:

- tests on the complete assembly
- tests on base components

9.2.2 Type tests on the complete assembly

(6.1 of IEC 62271-205)

	GLOBAL STANDARD	Page 57 di 126
enel	HYBRID MODULES	GSH002 Rev. 02 25/11/2016

The tests listed in the following paragraphs shall be performed on a complete Hybrid Module manufactured in accordance with the present technical specification (the layout shall be suggested by the manufacturer and approved by user).

The applicability of a type test performed on one of the provided layouts to an equipment with a different layout shall be demonstrated by the manufacturer (by mean of a technical report) and approved by the user.

9.2.2.1 Visual check and constructive characteristics check

The Hybrid Module, complete of all accessories and fully assembled in operation layout, shall be subject to a visual inspection in order to verify its functional, dimensional and constructive compliance with this Global Standard and with technical documentation listed in paragraph 10.2.2. Visual inspection shall be repeated each time the required assembly includes at least one new base components never subject to this check.

- 9.2.2.2 Dielectric tests (6.2 of IEC 62271-203)
- 9.2.2.3 Radio interference voltage (r.i.v.) test (6.3 of IEC 62271-203) Applicable only to SF6/air bushings.
- 9.2.2.4 Measurement of the resistance of circuits
 (6.4 of IEC 62271-203)
 The measure shall cover all Hybrid Module components, using all available access points.
- 9.2.2.5 *Temperature-rise tests* (6.5 of IEC 62271-203)
- 9.2.2.6 Short-time withstand current and peak withstand current tests (6.6 of IEC 62271-203)
- 9.2.2.7 Verification of the protection (6.7 of IEC 62271-203)

9.2.2.8 Tightness test

(6.8 of IEC 62271-203)13

Test must be performed using test Qm, method 1 "Cumulative Test", IEC 60068-2-17.

The initial gas concentration Co, with Hybrid Module filled at nominal density, shall be measured after at least 2 hours from pressurizing; the final concentration C1 shall be measured after more than 8 hours.

9.2.2.9 Electromagnetic compatibility tests (EMC) (6.9 of IEC 62271-203)

¹³ 6.102 quoted in this paragraph shall be intended as 9.2.2.12 of this document.





HYBRID MODULES

GSH002 Rev. 02 25/11/2016

9.2.2.10 Additional tests on auxiliary and control circuits

(6.10 of IEC 62271-203)

For this verification the manufacturer shall provide a paper copy of the Hybrid Module electric schemes.

The correct operation of all controls, interlocking, automatic openings and signalizations shall be also verified.

The absorption curves of closing and opening (shunt and under-voltage) releases, taking note of the maximum values, shall be registered in the following conditions:

- at rated voltage;
- at 110% of the rated voltage;
- at 70% of the rated voltage, for opening releases;
- at 85% of the rated voltage, for closing release.

The absorption curves of the CB and DS/ES motors (taking note of the maximum values, inrush excluded), of the springs charging times and of the DS/ES operating times, shall be registered in the following conditions:

- at rated voltage;
- at 110% of the rated voltage;
- at 85% of the rated voltage.

The heating and/or anti-condensation circuit absorption shall be measured.

9.2.2.11 Verification of making and breaking capacities

(6.101 of IEC 62271-203)

According with this requirement the manufacturer shall demonstrate that associated components excluded from this test or changed respect to the tested one don't affect the making and breaking performances.

9.2.2.12 Mechanical and environmental tests

6.101 of IEC 62271-205 applies with the following additional information.

The static terminal load test (6.101.5 of IEC 62271-205) shall be performed considering the requirements in 6.4.1 of this document.

9.2.2.12.a) Tests on Circuit-breakers

Mechanical and environmental tests

(IEC 62271-100 par. 6.101)

Humidity test is not required.

A new definition for operation with under-voltage release is added, similar to "opening time", IEC 62271-100 par. 3.7.133 a):

"The opening time with under-voltage release is the time interval between the instant when the voltage drops suddenly to zero, the circuit-breaker being in the closed position, and the instant when the arcing contact are separated in all poles."

In case of the under-voltage release is requested, its characteristics shall be verified in accordance with IEC 62271-1 (par. 5.8.4) at ambient temperature.

Moreover, for routine tests and commissioning tests purpose, the reference values and their tolerance at 110%, 100% and 70% of the rated voltage shall be provided.

9.2.2.12.b) Tests on disconnectors DS and earth switches ES

IEC 62271-102 (and Annex E) applies with following additional information

Operating and mechanical endurance test

(IEC 62271-102 par. 6.102)

Note: par. 6.102.3.2 applies also to measuring of resistance of earthing switch.

	GLOBAL STANDARD	Page 59 di 126
Chei	HYBRID MODULES	GSH002 Rev. 02 25/11/2016

During test, referring par. 8.1.3.2 of this Global Standard, the DS/ES mechanical locks and interlocks operation shall be checked.

Operation under severe ice conditions (IEC 62271-102 par. 6.103) Note: par. 6.103.4.2 applies also to measuring of resistance of earthing switch. This test is mandatory. Operation at the temperature limits (IEC 62271-102 par. 6.104) This test is mandatory.

- 9.2.2.13 *Proof tests for enclosures* (6.103 of IEC 62271-203)
- 9.2.2.14 *Pressure test on partitions* (6.104 of IEC 62271-203)
- 9.2.2.15 Test under conditions of arcing due to an internal fault (6.105 of IEC 62271-203)
- 9.2.2.16 Insulator tests (6.106 of IEC 62271-203)
- 9.2.2.17 Corrosion test on earthing connections (6.107 of IEC 62271-203)
- 9.2.2.18 Corrosion test on enclosures (6.108 of IEC 62271-203)

9.2.2.19 Protective treatments

Hot dip galvanized coatings on iron and steel components shall be verified in accordance with ISO 1461 by mean of magnetic flux equipments, performing at least 5 measures on each component, in uniform manner on the various surfaces, avoiding edges and angular parts.

The verification of other protective coatings shall be performed considering their characteristics: the manufacturer will indicate the minimum thickness allowed and the others characteristics.

9.2.2.20 Seismic verification

If requested, Hybrid Module (including the support) shall be compliant with seismic qualification, according with standards listed in 4.2.3.

9.2.3 Type tests on base components

The type tests listed in the following paragraphs can be performed on the single base component or on a different assembly equipped with the same component used for the Hybrid Modules.

The applicability of these type tests on the different Hybrid Modules layouts shall be demonstrated by the manufacturer (by mean of a technical report) and approved by the user.

9.2.3.1 Tests on Circuit-breakers

IEC 62271-100 applies with the following additional information

- 9.2.3.1.a) X-radiaton test procedure for vacuum interrupters (6.11 of IEC 62271-203) Only in case of vacuum CBs.
- 9.2.3.1.b) Critical current tests (IEC 62271-100 par. 6.107) If applicable (see 6.107.1)



HYBRID MODULES

enel

GSH002 Rev. 02 25/11/2016

		25/11/2016
9.2.3.2	Tests on disconnectors DS and earth switches ES	
	IEC 62271-102 applies with the following additional information.	
9.2.3.2.a)	<i>Test to verify the proper functioning of the position indicating device</i> (IEC 62271-102 par. 6.105) This test is mandatory.	
9.2.3.2.b)	Bus-transfer current switching tests (IEC 62271-102 par. 6.106) This test is mandatory only for DS for which this characteristic is reque document).	ested (see par. 6.3 of this
9.2.3.2.c)	Induced current switching test (IEC 62271-102 par. 6.107) This test is mandatory.	
9.2.3.3	Tests on toroidal Current Transformers (IEC 61869-2) Manufacturer shall perform also the IEC 61869-2 par. 7.3.201 test; the CT shall include the tolerance range for the secondary winding resistance.	technical documentation
9.2.3.4	Tests on Voltage Transformers (IEC 61869-3) Test under conditions of arcing due to an internal fault is required Manufacturer shall perform also the IEC 61869-3 par. 7.4.6 and 7.4.7 test	s.
9.2.3.5	Tests on SF6/air bushings, cable connections, transformer connections SF6/air bushings, cable connections and transformer connections shall with their respective IEC standards.	be tested in accordance
9.2.3.6	 Tests on EVDS Following checks shall be performed: verification of the intervention and hysteresis threshold; verification of interlocks with the line disconnectors and/or earth swite verification of activation of self diagnostic function (internal fault press 	
9.2.4 S	pecific requirements	
9.2.4.1	e-distribuzione	
	Tests on enclosures, partitions, voltage transformer, SF6/air bushings, ins scope of D.M. 1/12/1980 and subsequent modification (D.M. 10/9/1981).	ulator, are included in the
9.3 Ro	utine tests in factory	
(IEC	C 62271-203 par. 7)	
The	e Routine tests (also called acceptance tests) shall be made in the manuf brid module supplied, to ensure the product compliance with:	acturer's factory on each
-	base components approved during the conformity assessment (homole	ogation, certification etc.

- base components approved during the conformity assessment (homologation, certification etc.) process and on which the type tests have been performed;
- the approved technical documentation of the assembly specific layout to be supplied (layout drawing, electric schemes both HV and low voltage, Control Box drawing etc.).

Test values/results shall be in compliance with rated values (and respective tolerances).

The manufacturer shall provide, for each Hybrid Module supplied, the report of all measures and tests carried out.

	GLOBAL STANDARD	Page 61 di 126
enel	HYBRID MODULES	GSH002 Rev. 02 25/11/2016

9.3.1 Dielectric test on the main circuit

(7.1 of 62271-203, partial discharge included)

Alternative methods for the partial discharge measurement can be proposed by the manufacturer and shall be approved by Enel Group Distribution companies.

9.3.2 Tests on auxiliary and control circuits

(IEC 62271-203 par. 7.2)

Functional tests (par. 7.2.2 of IEC 62271-1) shall be performed together with tests in par. 9.3.8, only at rated voltage.

Dielectric tests (par. 7.2.4 of IEC 62271-1) shall be performed applying 1 kV for 1 s.

Electronic devices, motors etc. can be excluded by dielectric test only if agreed during the conformity assessment (homologation, certification etc.) process.

EVDS shall be disconnected before dielectric test.

9.3.3 Measurement of the resistance of the main circuit

(IEC 62271-203 par. 7.3)

To be performed after mechanical operating tests.

The ambient temperature influence can be neglected.

The test shall be performed also on ES.

9.3.4 Tightness test

(IEC 62271-203 par. 7.4)

To be performed at least at 2nd minimum gas density level (block).

Manufacturer shall provide the results of tests on subassemblies. Sniffing device may be used to check the joint between subassemblies.

9.3.5 Design and visual checks

(IEC 62271-203 par. 7.5)

Following items shall be verified:

- switchgear compliance with approved documents;
- no visible defects;
- protective coatings (par. 9.2.2.19 of this document applies).

9.3.6 Pressure tests of enclosures

(IEC 62271-203 par. 7.101)

Manufacturer shall provide the results of internal tests.

9.3.6.1 e-distribuzione Specific requirements

Manufacturer shall provide the "Certificazione di rispondenza" (see: D.M. 1/12/1980, Allegato A, Regola VSR.8.B.1, par. 5.2), including partitions, bushings and VTs (if any).

GLOBAL S	STANDARD
----------	----------

Page 62 di 126



HYBRID MODULES

GSH002 Rev. 02 25/11/2016

9.3.7 Mechanical operation tests

(IEC 62271-203 par. 7.102)

9.3.7.1 Tests on Circuit-Breakers (IEC 62271-100 par.7.101)

The following items shall be recorded:

- a. at Vmax, Vn, Vmin, closing (C) and opening (O) times, time spread (on each release);
- a1. at Vmax, Vn, Vmin opening (O) times, time spread of under-voltage release coil (if present see 9.2.2.12.a)) and it shall be verified its compliance with IEC 62271-1 par. 5.8.4;
- b. at Vn, close-open (CO) time and open-close-open (O-t-CO) cycle;
- c. at Vn, the operation time of one of each type (make and break) of auxiliary contacts, respect to the operation of main contacts on closing and on opening of CB;
- d. no-load travel curves.

The absorption curves of closing and opening (shunt and under-voltage) releases, taking note of the maximum values, shall be registered in the following conditions:

- at rated voltage;
- at 110% of the rated voltage;
- at 70% of the rated voltage, for opening releases;
- at 85% of the rated voltage, for closing release.

The spring recharging time of the motor after a closing operation and its absorption (maximum value, inrush excluded) shall be measured at rated voltage.

9.3.7.2 Tests on disconnectors DS and earth switches ES

(IEC 62271-102 par. 7-101)

The following items shall be verified:

- operation times and the drive motor absorption (inrush excluded) at Vmax, Vn, Vmin;
- manual and electrical operation and its (mechanical and electrical) interlock devices;
- satisfactory operation of the auxiliary contacts and position indicating devices;
- mechanical locks.

9.3.8 Tests on auxiliary circuits, equipment and interlocks in the control mechanism

(IEC 62271-203 par. 7.103)

For this verification the manufacturer shall provide a paper copy of the Hybrid Module electric schemes. Following items shall be verified:

- EVDS device (operation, interlocks with DS or ES, internal self-diagnostic) referring to its testing procedures;
- SF6 density control devices: the verification shall be performed at ambient temperature, in the real
 operating position, using nitrogen, with decreasing pressure values. SF6 can be used only in
 presence of recovery systems.

Test reports issued by the density control device manufacturer shall be provided (test position shall be evidenced too).

- correct operation of all controls, interlocking, automatic openings and signalizations, including galvanic separation between the power supplies of various circuits;
- heating and/or anti-condensation circuit absorption.

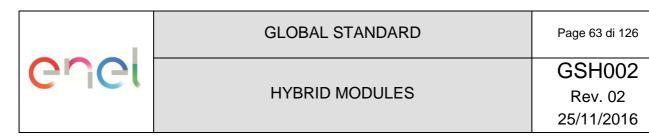
9.3.9 Pressure test on partitions

(IEC 62271-203 par. 7.104)

Manufacturer shall provide the results of testing on partitions.

9.3.10 Tests on Current Transformers

(IEC 61869-2 par. 7.1.2, Table 10: Routine tests including par. 7.3.201; Sample Test, par. 7.5.2 when applicable).



The tests of CTs shall be repeated sampling at least one unit for each tern.

It shall be verified also:

- a. the CTs compliance with approved documents;
- b. no visible defects;
- c. the presence of producer test reports of all CTs.

9.3.10.1 e-distribuzione Specific requirements

The supplier shall inform e-distribuzione for routine tests in the instrument transformers manufacturer factory. In case Enel will not attend these tests they shall be repeated in the Hybrid Modules manufacturer factory according to the given criteria.

9.3.11 Tests on Voltage Transformers

(IEC 61869-3 par. 7.1.2, Table 10: Routine tests par. 7.3).

The tests of VTs shall be repeated sampling one unit for each tern.

It shall be verified also:

- a. the VTs compliance with approved documents;
- b. no visible defects;
- c. the presence of producer test reports of all VTs;
- d. SF6 density control devices: 9.3.8 applies.

9.3.11.1 e-distribuzione Specific requirements

The supplier shall inform e-distribuzione for routine tests in the instrument transformers manufacturer factory. In case Enel will not attend these tests they shall be repeated in the Hybrid Modules manufacturer factory according to the given criteria.

9.3.12 Bushing tests

(IEC 60137 par.9.6)

Test reports issued by insulator manufacturer shall be provided.

9.4 Commissioning tests

(IEC 62271-203 par. 10)

The Commissioning tests (also called on-site acceptance tests) shall be performed in the Enel Group Distribution company plant on each Hybrid Module supplied, after its installation.

The manufacturer, at the end of the on-site tests, shall deliver the report containing the results of the measures and tests performed on the Hybrid Module. These measures shall include check of transportation pressure, to be performed before installation.

This report, in paper and in electronic format (e.g. one or more "pdf" files) shall include also factory routine tests and all sub-components test reports.

IEC 62271-1 Par. 10.2.1 is applicable.

9.4.1 Dielectric test on the main circuit

(IEC 62271-203 par. 10.2.101.2 and C.3.2.3)

Dielectric test shall be performed on Hybrid Module, if disassembled in transport units and if stated in the approved technical documentation of the assembly specific layout to be supplied.

In alternative to test methods provided by par. 10.2.101.2.3 of IEC 62271-203, a test applying the grid rated voltage (see IEC - par. C.3.2.3) for 24 hours without energy transit can be performed.

9.4.2 Dielectric test on auxiliary circuits

(IEC 62271-203 par 10.2.101.3; IEC 62271-1 applies only par. 7.2.4) Dielectric tests shall be performed applying 1 kV for 1 s.

	GLOBAL STANDARD	Page 64 di 126
Chel		GSH002
	HYBRID MODULES	Rev. 02
		25/11/2016

EVDS shall be disconnected before dielectric test; others electronic devices, motors etc. can be excluded by dielectric test only if agreed during the conformity assessment (homologation, certification etc.) process.

9.4.3 Measurement of the resistance of the main circuit

(IEC 62271-203 par. 10.2.101.4)

To be performed after mechanical operating tests.

The ambient temperature influence can be neglected.

The test shall be performed also on ES.

9.4.4 Gas tightness test

(IEC 62271-203 par. 10.2.101.5)

To be performed at rated pressure.

The test shall be performed using test Qm, method 2 "Probing Test", IEC 60068-2-17, after all the other tests, eight hours after the gas filling (for example one night is enough).

Fittings, gas density control devices and piping shall be checked. Manufacturer shall verify all on-site assembled connections between transport units.

The sensitivity of the sniffing device shall be at least 10^{-8} Pa x m³/s.

9.4.5 Checks and verifications

(IEC 62271-203 par. 10.2.101.6)

Following items shall be verified:

- assembly in accordance with the manufacturer's drawings and instructions;
- control of damage absence;
- presence of accompanying required documentation and materials (see par. 10.3).

9.4.6 Mechanical operation tests

9.4.6.1 Tests on Circuit-Breakers

(IEC 62271-100 par. 10.2.102.2)

Before this tests at least 30 C-O no-load operations shall be performed.

The following items shall be recorded:

- a. at Vmax, Vn, Vmin, closing (C) and opening (O) times, time spread (on each release);
- a1. at Vmax, Vn, Vmin opening (O) times, time spread on under-voltage release coil (if present see 9.2.2.12.a)) and it shall be verified its compliance with IEC 62271-1 par. 5.8.4;
- b. at Vn, close-open (CO) time and open-close-open (O-t-CO) cycle;
- c. at Vn, the operation time of one of each type (make and break) of auxiliary contacts, respect the operation of main contacts on closing and on opening of CB.

The absorption curves of closing and opening (shunt and under-voltage) releases, taking note of the maximum values, shall be registered in the following conditions:

- at rated voltage;
- at 110% of the rated voltage;
- at 70% of the rated voltage, for opening releases;
- at 85% of the rated voltage, for closing release.

The spring recharging time of the motor after a closing operation and its absorption (maximum value, inrush excluded) shall be measured only at Vn.

9.4.6.2 Tests on disconnectors DS and earth switches ES

(IEC 62271-102 par. 7.101)

The par. 9.3.7.2 of this document applies. The operation times and the drive motor absorption shall be performed only at rated voltage.

	GLOBAL STANDARD	Page 65 di 126
enel	HYBRID MODULES	GSH002 Rev. 02 25/11/2016

9.4.7 Tests on auxiliary circuits, equipment and interlocks in the control mechanism

(IEC 62271-203 par. 7.103)

To be performed after dielectric test on auxiliary circuit.

The following items shall be verified:

- EVDS device (operation, interlocks with DS or ES, internal self-diagnostic) referring its testing procedures;
- all SF6 density control devices, including VT's ones SF6 can be used only in presence of recovery systems; the verification shall be performed with the same modalities of the routine test (see 9.3.8), taking into account the ambient conditions (solar radiation, temperature) and comparing between them the intervention threshold pressure measured values;
- functional operations of whole circuit diagram (fault signals, switchgear automatic openings, interlocks etc. including from/to external ones);
- heating and/or anti-condensation circuit absorption.

9.4.8 Gas quality verifications

(IEC 62271-203 par. 10.2.101.7)

Manufacturer shall perform this verifications on Hybrid Module which have been object of vacuum treatment, i.e. in case of:

- on-field assembling and connections between transport units;
- enclosure opening, with gas recovery and new filling.

In this case the gas tightness checks shall be repeated.

10 SUPPLY REQUIREMENTS

10.1 Tender's technical documentation

For tender's technical evaluation the supplier shall provide the Annex F properly filled for each one of the possible rated voltages for the equipment (72,5 kV, 145-170 kV, 245 kV).

10.2 Conformity assessment

10.2.1 Conformity assessment process

The conformity assessment processes (homologation, certification etc.) are specified in the proper contractual documents.

10.2.2 Conformity assessment documentation

The "Conformity assessment documentation" consists in the project documentation that the supplier uses to manufacture Hybrid Modules and can be divided in:

- a) "Specific Assembly Type A documents" (public, not confidential, referred to a specific assembly);
- b) "General Type A documents" (public, not confidential, including common documents and base components type A documents);
- c) "General Type B documents" (confidential, referred to each base components).

The documentation shall be collected separately for each Enel Group Distribution company, for each composition type (see par. 5) and for each rated voltage Ur (72.5, 145-170, 245 kV).

10.2.2.1 Specific Assembly Type A documents

The Specific Assembly Type A documentation shall consist at least in:

- 1) Specific Assembly Type A documents list;
- 2) composition of the assembly, consisting in a list of the base components indicating:
 - base component code (see par. 2);
 - local codification (see Annex A);
 - base component description;





HYBRID MODULES

- corresponding supplier's model designation;
- overall dimensions drawing (including the stresses transmitted to the foundations, the transport units, the partitions – if any – and their density control devices position);
- 4) overall Hybrid Module pictures or 3D drawings;
- 5) HV single-line diagram;
- 6) electric diagram (see par. 8.4.1-c), low voltage components list included);
- 7) Control Box layout drawing;
- 8) reference resistance values.

10.2.2.2 General Type A documents

The General Type A documentation shall consist at least in:

- 1) General Type A documents list, sub-divided into common documents and into each base component documents;
- 2) Operating Device Box(es) layout drawings;
- 3) Electric diagram of individual devices (CB, DS, ES);
- 4) Interconnection cables path (typical);
- 5) Nameplate (typical);
- 6) Installation, use and maintenance handbook/manual;
- 7) Routine and commissioning tests:
 - a) test report form (two documents, one for factory tests and one for on-site tests);
 - b) reference values table (with tolerances)¹⁴;
 - c) EVDS device testing procedures;
 - d) protective coatings description (typology, minimum thickness, reference standards);
- documentation of safety device for protection against pole excessive pressure (ISO 4126, only if present);
- 9) list of documentation, materials and accessories supplied;
- 10) about gas:
 - a) gas circuit(s) drawing with density control device positions;
 - b) gas density control device characteristics and drawings;
 - c) pressure/temperature table for rated density level, 1st minimum gas density level and 2nd minimum gas density level;
- 11) main sub-components suppliers list, subdivided into the various types of base components;
- 12) List of materials used including packaging and relevant quantities (for disposal purposes);
- 13) only for e-distribuzione, INAIL (ex ISPESL) Certification "Certificato di conformità del prototipo" D.M. 01/12/1980.
- 10.2.2.3 General Type B documents

The General Type B documentation shall consist at least in:

- 1) General Type B documents list, sub-divided into each base component documents;
- 2) overall base component dimensions drawing;
- 3) nameplate and labels drawings (Operating Device Box(es), poles, coils, sequence operation plate, only for e-distribuzione: manual lock/unlock of under-voltage release, etc.).

¹⁴ specific detailed instructions to verify the CBs no-load travel curves during maintenance activity shall be included in the manual





HYBRID MODULES

GSH002 Rev. 02 25/11/2016

10.3 Packaging, transport, storage and installation/testing

Par. 10.1 and 10.2 of IEC 62271-203 apply.

The package shall be suitable to guarantee:

- the protection during transport (including by ship, if necessary);
- an elevation from the ground at least of 100 mm;
- the external storage for at least three months.

On external side of packaging, the following information shall be present:

- 1) manufacturer name;
- 2) manufacturing year/month;
- 3) manufacturer designation type;
- 4) manufacturer serial number;
- 5) reference to this Global Standard;
- 6) contract number;
- 7) destination substation;
- 8) total weight;
- 9) lifting information (showing the points and the correct method of lifting);
- 10) only for e-distribuzione, the assembly bar code, in accordance with PVR006.

With each assembly the following items shall be supplied (items from 4) to 9) shall be in the local language of destination and shall be provided in paper form):

- 1) the support structure;
- 2) anchor bolts to the civil works (optional supply, they shall be provided only if expressly requested. In this case they shall be stainless or hot dip galvanized steel, chemical type);
- 3) springs hand-crank (and other tools according to the manufacturer design);
- 4) list of documentation, materials and accessories supplied ("packing list");
- 5) overall dimensions drawing;
- 6) electric diagram;
- 7) installation, use and maintenance handbook/manual;
- 8) routine and commissioning tests:
 - a) routine (factory and commissioning) test reports;
 - b) reference values table (with tolerances);
- 9) about gas:
 - a) dielectric gas;
 - b) pressure/temperature table for rated density level, 1st minimum gas density level and 2nd minimum gas density level;
- 10) one CD-Rom containing the whole type A documentation (pdf file format);
- 11) only for e-distribuzione: Manufacturer shall provide the "Certificazione di rispondenza" (see: D.M. 1/12/1980, Allegato A, Regola VSR.8.B.1, par. 5.2), including partitions, bushings and VTs (if any).

Only for e-distribuzione, items from 4) to 9) shall be also provided in electronic format together with the guarantee and barcode data requested by PVR001 and PVR006 (The file sending modalities will be discussed during the conformity assessment process).

If on-site assembly is performed by the manufacturer, waste (including packaging) shall be disposed by him.

10.3.1 Specific requirements for Spain

The provider will also attach a declaration of conformity as indicated in ITC-RAT 03 of Reglamento sobre condiciones técnicas y garantías de seguridad en instalaciones eléctricas de alta tensión, Real Decreto 337/2014.

	GLOBAL STANDARD	Page 68 di 126
GUGI	HYBRID MODULES	GSH002 Rev. 02 25/11/2016



Page 69 di 126

HYBRID MODULES

GSH002 Rev. 02 25/11/2016

ANNEX A – LOCAL COMPONENTS CODIFICATION

Base component code	Latam	Italy	Romania	Spain
GSH002/011		162501	-	-
GSH002/012		-	616123	6711261
GSH002/013		162502	-	-
GSH002/014		162503	-	-
GSH002/021		162504	-	-
GSH002/022		-	616124	6711262
GSH002/023		162505	-	-
GSH002/024		162506	-	-
GSH002/031		162507	-	-
GSH002/032		-	616125	-
GSH002/033		162508	-	-
GSH002/034		162509	-	-
GSH002/061		162510	-	-
GSH002/062		162511	162511	6711263
GSH002/063		162512	-	-
GSH002/071		162513	-	-
GSH002/072		162514	162514	6711264
GSH002/073		162515	-	-
GSH002/081		162516	-	-
GSH002/082		162517	162517	-
GSH002/083		162518	-	-
GSH002/111		162519	-	-
GSH002/112		162520	162520	6711265
GSH002/113		162521	-	-
GSH002/121		162522	-	-
GSH002/122		162523	162523	6711266
GSH002/123		162524	-	-
GSH002/131		162525	-	-
GSH002/132		162526	162526	-
GSH002/133		162527	-	-
GSH002/211		162528	-	-
GSH002/212		162529	162529	-

enel

Page 70 di 126

HYBRID MODULES

GSH002 Rev. 02 25/11/2016

GSH002/213	162530	-	-
GSH002/221	162531	-	-
GSH002/222	162532	162532	-
GSH002/261	162533	-	-
GSH002/262	162534	162534	-
GSH002/263	162535	-	-
GSH002/271	162536	-	-
GSH002/272	162537	162537	-
GSH002/281	162538	-	-
GSH002/282	162539	162539	6711267
GSH002/283	162540	-	-
GSH002/311	162541	-	-
GSH002/312	162542	162542	6711277
GSH002/313	162543	-	-
GSH002/321	162544	-	-
GSH002/322	162545	162545	6711268
GSH002/323	162546	-	-
GSH002/331	-	-	-
GSH002/332	-	-	6711269
GSH002/333	-	-	-
GSH002/411	-	-	-
GSH002/412	-	-	-
GSH002/413	-	-	-
GSH002/421	162547	-	-
GSH002/422	162548	162548	6711270
GSH002/423	162549	-	-
GSH002/461	162550	-	-
GSH002/462	162551	162551	-
GSH002/463	162552	-	-
GSH002/464	162553	-	-
GSH002/465	162554	162554	6711271
GSH002/466	162555	-	-
GSH002/481	162556	-	-
GSH002/482	162557	162557	-
GSH002/483	162558	-	-
GSH002/511	162559	-	-

enel

GLOBAL STANDARD

Page 71 di 126

HYBRID MODULES

GSH002 Rev. 02 25/11/2016

		1	1
GSH002/512	162560	162560	-
GSH002/513	162561	-	-
GSH002/521	162562	-	-
GSH002/522	162563	162563	-
GSH002/523	162564	-	-
GSH002/531	162565	-	-
GSH002/532	162566	162566	-
GSH002/533	162567	-	-
GSH002/541	162568	-	-
GSH002/542	162569	162569	-
GSH002/543	162570	-	-
GSH002/561	162571	-	-
GSH002/562	162572	162572	-
GSH002/563	162573	-	-
GSH002/564	162574	-	-
GSH002/565	162575	162575	-
GSH002/566	162576	-	-
GSH002/601	162577	-	-
GSH002/602	162578	-	-
GSH002/603	162579	-	-
GSH002/604	162580	-	-
GSH002/605	162581	-	-
GSH002/606	162582	-	-
GSH002/607	162583	-	-
GSH002/608	162584	-	-
GSH002/611	-	616126	-
GSH002/612	-	616127	-
GSH002/613	-	-	-
GSH002/614	-	-	-
GSH002/621	-	-	6711272
GSH002/622	-	-	6711273
GSH002/623	-	-	6711274
GSH002/700	162585	162585	-
GSH002/701	162586	-	-
GSH002/702	162587	-	-
GSH002/703	162588	-	-

enel

Page 72 di 126

HYBRID MODULES

GSH002 Rev. 02 25/11/2016

GSH002/704	162589	-	-
GSH002/711	-	616128	-
GSH002/721	-	-	6711275
GSH002/722	-	-	6711276
GSH002/801	162590	-	-
GSH002/802	162591	-	-
GSH002/803	162592	-	-
GSH002/804	162593	-	-
GSH002/805	162594	-	-
GSH002/806	162595	-	-
GSH002/811	-	616129	-
GSH002/812	-	616130	-
GSH002/821	-	-	6711279
GSH002/822	-	-	<mark>6711280</mark>
GSH002/823	-	-	-
GSH002/841	-	-	-
GSH002/842	-	-	-
GSH002/843	-	-	-
GSH002/844	-	-	-
GSH002/845	-	-	-
GSH002/846	-	-	-
GSH002/851	-	-	-
GSH002/852	-	-	-
GSH002/853	-	-	-
GSH002/854	-	-	-
GSH002/855	-	-	-
GSH002/856	-	-	-
GSH002/861	-	-	-
GSH002/862	-	-	-
GSH002/863	-	-	-
GSH002/871	-	-	-
GSH002/872	-	-	-
GSH002/873	-	-	-
GSH002/881	-	-	-
GSH002/882	-	-	-
GSH002/883	-	-	-



HYBRID MODULES

enel

GSH002 Rev. 02 25/11/2016

GSH002/884	-	-	-
GSH002/885	-	-	-
GSH002/886	-	-	-
GSH002/891	-	-	-
GSH002/892	-	-	-
GSH002/893	-	-	-
GSH002/894	-	-	-
GSH002/895	-	-	-
GSH002/896	-	-	-
GSH002/901	162596	-	-
GSH002/902	162597	-	-
GSH002/903	162598	-	-
GSH002/911	-	616131	-
GSH002/912	-	616132	-
GSH002/921	-	-	6711281
GSH002/922	-	-	6711282
GSH002/923	-	-	6711283
GSH002/924	-	-	6711284
GSH002/925	-	-	6711285
GSH002/926	-	-	6711286
GSH002/931	-	-	-
GSH002/932	-	-	-
GSH002/933	-	-	-



HYBRID MODULES

Page 74 di 126

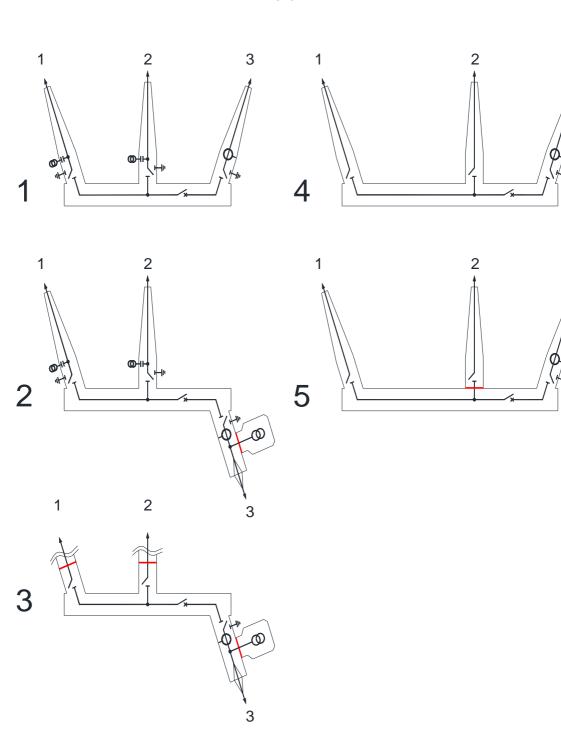
GSH002 Rev. 02 25/11/2016

3

3

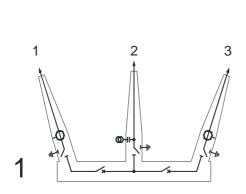
ANNEX B – LAYOUT EXAMPLES

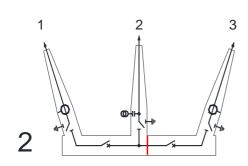
B.1 – Examples of layout compositions with single line diagrams

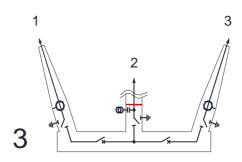


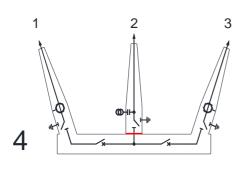
Y1

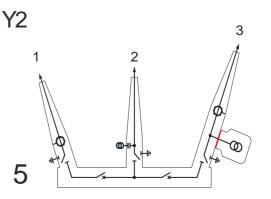
enel	GLOBAL STANDARD	Page 75 di 126
		GSH002
	HYBRID MODULES	Rev. 02
		25/11/2016

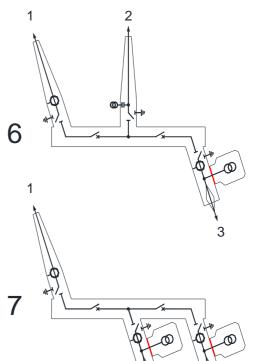


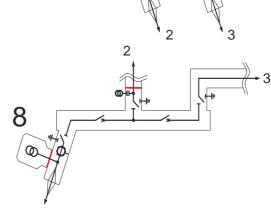


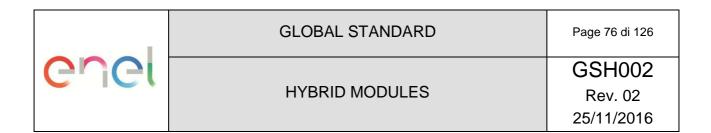




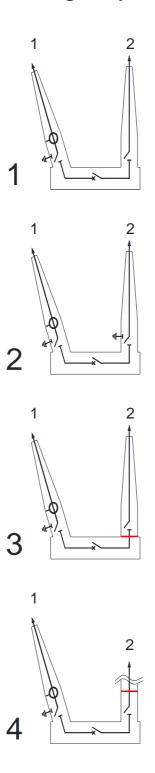








Single bay



B.2 - Examples of composition lists using "Base component codes"

GSH002 Rev. 02 25/11/2016

Base component description	BAY	Base component code GSH002/	Nr (terns)
Lateral bay - Without circuit-breaker - Air connection	1	062	1
Central bay - Without circuit-breaker - Air connection	2	112	1
Lateral bay - With circuit-breaker - Air connection	3	012	1
Circuit-breaker drive mechanism - Three-pole	3	282	1
Disconnector with ability of Bus-transfer current switching	1	332	1
Disconnector with ability of Bus-transfer current switching	2	332	1
Disconnector with earthing switch	3	322	1
Bushing SF6/air class "e"	1	422	1
Bushing SF6/air class "e"	2	422	1
Bushing SF6/air class "e"	3	422	1
Current Transformer	3	622	1
Support	-	821	1
Control Box - Y1 type used in Line bay	-	921	1

Y1 type – Annex B.1 fig. 4:

Note (referring Annex B1 drawings):

- BAY 1: Lateral Bay

- BAY 2: Central Bay

- BAY 3: Lateral Bay

GSH002 Rev. 02 25/11/2016

Base component description	BAY	Base component code GSH002/	Nr (terns)
Lateral bay - With circuit-breaker - Air connection	1	013	1
Central bay - Without circuit-breaker - Air connection	2	112	1
Lateral bay - With circuit-breaker - Air connection	3	013	1
Circuit-breaker drive mechanism - Single-pole	1	212	1
Circuit-breaker drive mechanism - Three-pole	3	262	1
Disconnector with earthing switch	1	322	1
Disconnector with earthing switch	2	322	1
Disconnector with earthing switch	3	322	1
EVDS - Electronic Voltage Detector System (capacitive dividers included)	2	700	1
Bushing SF6/air class "e"	1	422	1
Bushing SF6/air class "e"	2	422	1
Bushing SF6/air class "e"	3	422	1
Current Transformer	1	605	1
Current Transformer	3	604	1
Support	-	802	1
Control Box – Y2 type	-	902	1

Y2 type – Annex B.1 fig. 1:

Note (referring Annex B1 drawings):

- BAY 1: Lateral Bay

- BAY 2: Central Bay

- BAY 3: Lateral Bay

HYBRID MODULES

GSH002 Rev. 02 25/11/2016

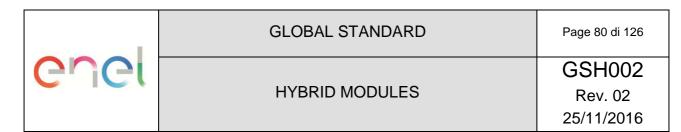
Single bay type – Annex B.2 fig. 1:

Base component description	BAY	Base component code GSH002/	Nr (terns)
Lateral bay - With circuit-breaker - Air connection	1	012	1
Central bay - Without circuit-breaker - Air connection	2	112	1
Circuit-breaker drive mechanism - Three-pole	1	282	1
Disconnector with earthing switch	1	322	1
Disconnector	2	312	1
Bushing SF6/air class "e"	1	422	1
Bushing SF6/air class "e"	2	422	1
Current Transformer	1	622	1
Support	-	822	1
Control Box – Single bay type used in Line bay	-	924	1

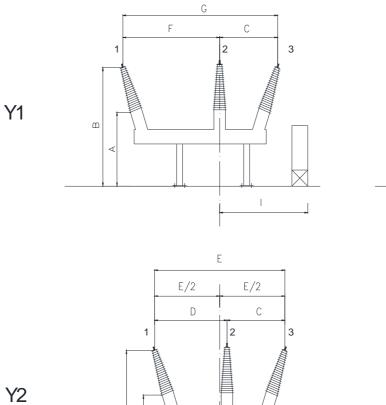
Note (referring Annex B1 drawings):

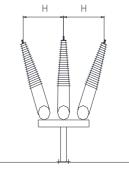
- BAY 1: Lateral Bay

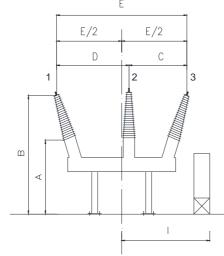
- BAY 2: Central Bay

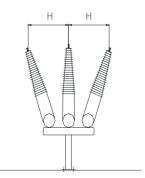


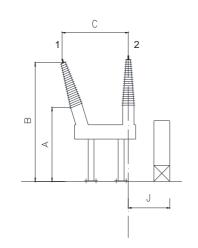
ANNEX C – DIMENSIONAL DRAWINGS





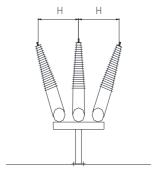






Single

bay



	GLOBAL STANDARD	Page 81 di 126
enel	HYBRID MODULES	GSH002 Rev. 02 25/11/2016

Company	Ref. figure	А	В	С	D	Е	F	G	н	I	J
Enel Distribuz. and Latam	Y1	5		≥ 890	n.a.	n.a.	≥ 890	≤ 3000	≤ 1400	≤ 2200	n.a.
	Y2	N N	≤ 3800		≥ 890	≤ 3000	n.a.	n.a.			
	Single bay	۸I			n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.		n.a.	≤ 1300

Table 1 – Dimensions for 72,5 kV Hybrid Modules (mm)¹⁶

Company	Ref. figure	Α	В	С	D	Е	F	G	н	I	J				
	Y1	2300 ¹⁷	≥3800	2	n.a.	n.a.	≥ 1725	≤ 5000	2	≤ 3000	n.a.				
Endesa	Single bay	≥ 23	≤4600	≤4600	≤4600	≤4600	≤4600	600 1725	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	1300	n.a.	≤ 1300
Enel Distribuz.,	Y1	5					n.a.	n.a.	≥ 1725	≤ 5000		N			
Enel Distributie	Y2	2250 ¹⁵	≤ 4600	≥ 1725	≥ 1725	≤ 5000	n.a.	n.a.	≤ 2200	3000	n.a.				
and Latam	Single bay	۸I			n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.		n.a.	≤ 1300				

Table 2 – Dimensions for 145 kV (and, only for e-distribuzione, 170 kV) Hybrid Modules $(mm)^{16}$

Company	Ref. figure	Α	В	с	D	E	F	G	н	I	J
Enel Distribuz. and Latam	Y1	2520 ₁₂		≥ 2475	n.a.	n.a.	≥ 2475	≤ 6500	≤ 3200	≤ 3750	n.a.
	Y2		≤ 5500		≥ 2475	≤ 6500	n.a.	n.a.			
	Single bay	۸I			n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.		n.a.	≤ 1300

¹⁵ In accordance with par. 7.2.4 of IEC 61936-1

¹⁶ Blank cell means that there isn't a mandatory requirement for that characteristic

¹⁷ In accordance with Real Decreto Riesgo Eléctrico 614/2001



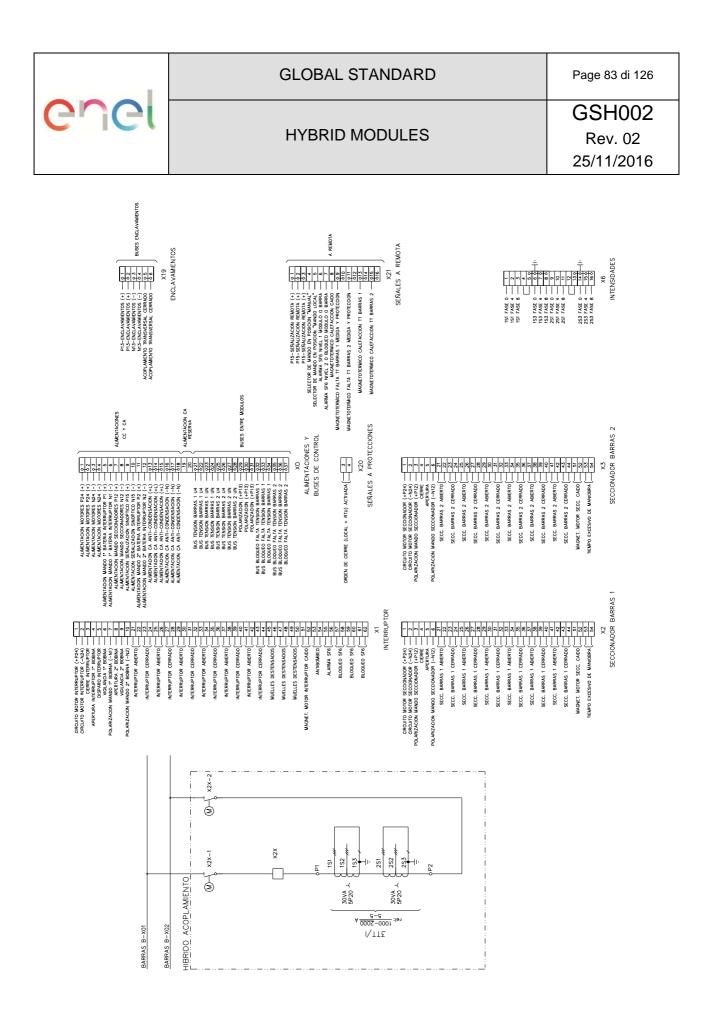
HYBRID MODULES

Page 82 di 126

GSH002 Rev. 02 25/11/2016

ANNEX D – ELECTRICAL SCHEMES

<u>D.1 – ENDESA ELECTRICAL DIAGRAMS</u> Hybrid module Single-bay type – used in Bus coupler bay



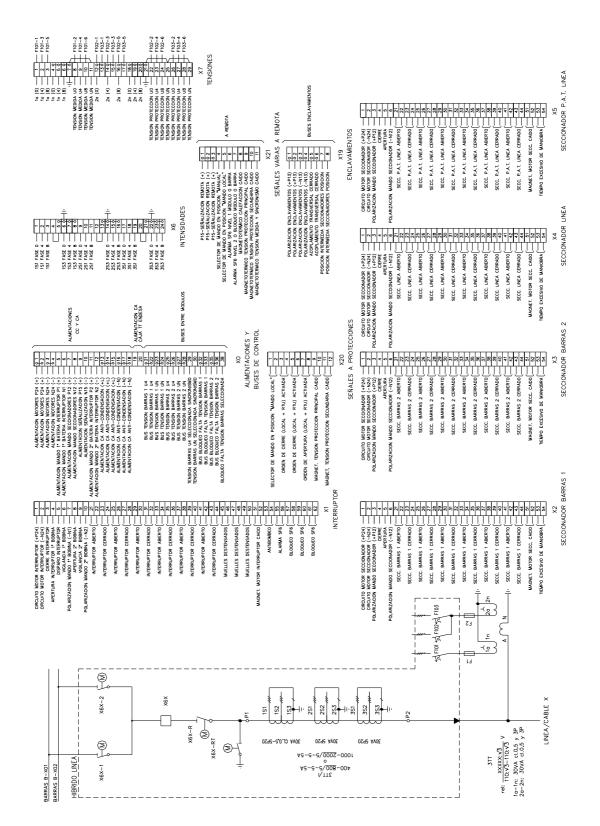


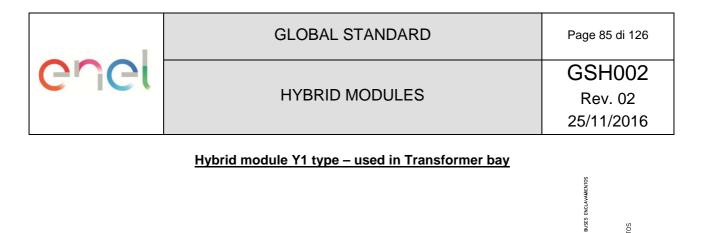
Page 84 di 126

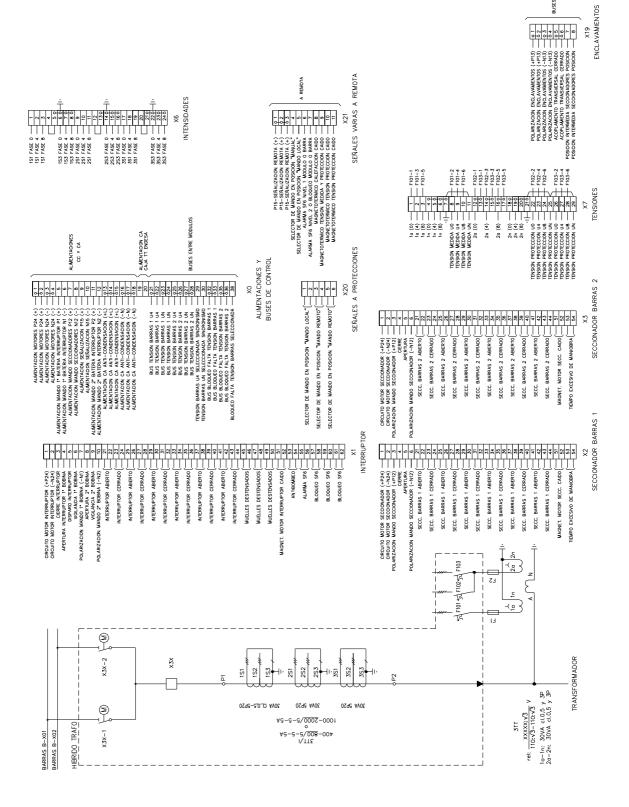
HYBRID MODULES

GSH002 Rev. 02 25/11/2016

Hybrid module Y1 type - used in Line bay







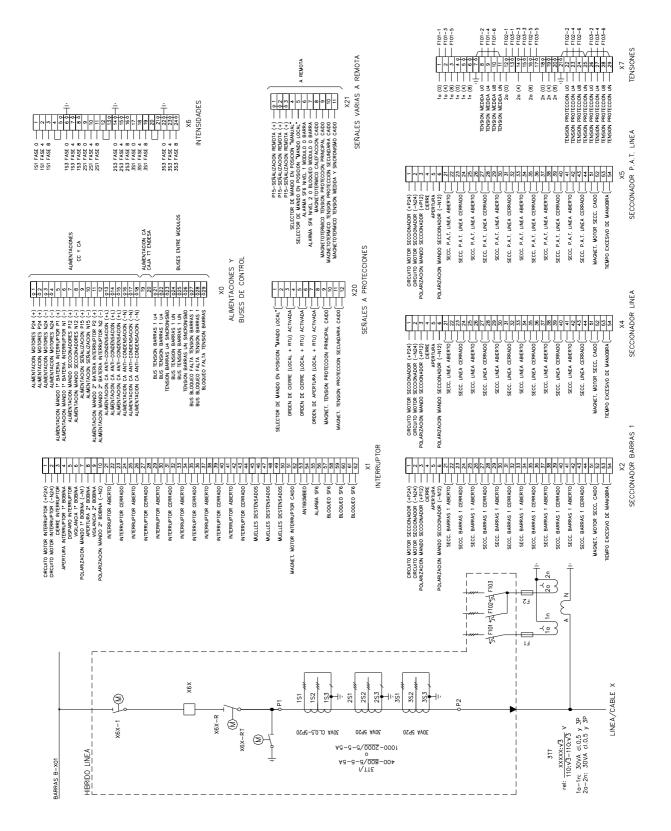


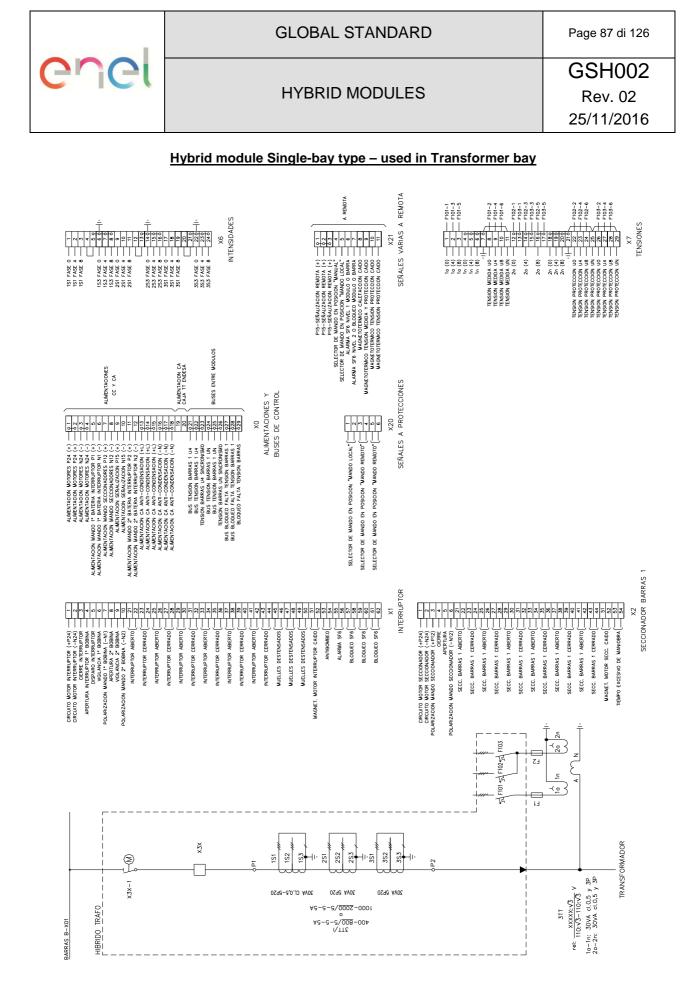
Page 86 di 126

HYBRID MODULES

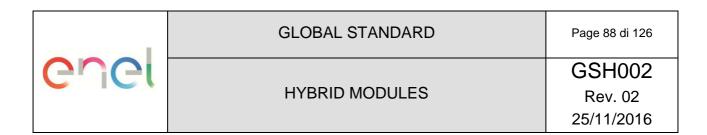
GSH002 Rev. 02 25/11/2016

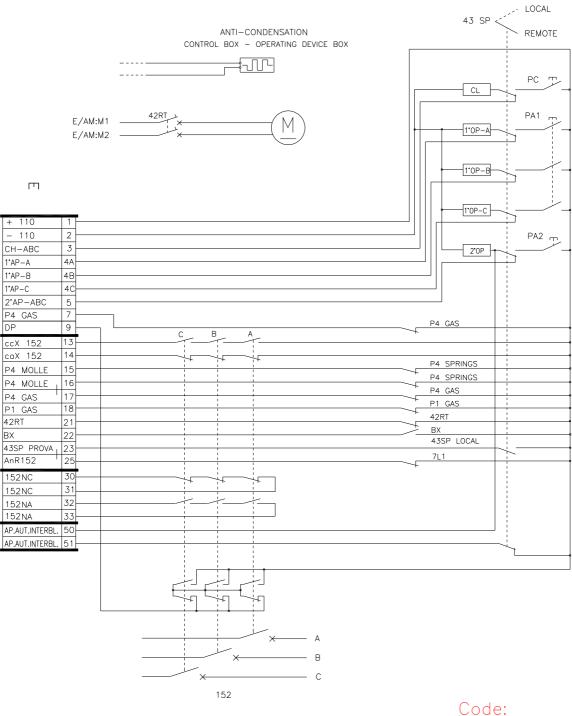
Hybrid module Single-bay type - used in Line bay



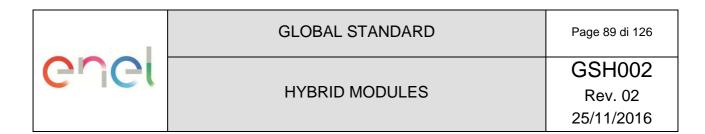


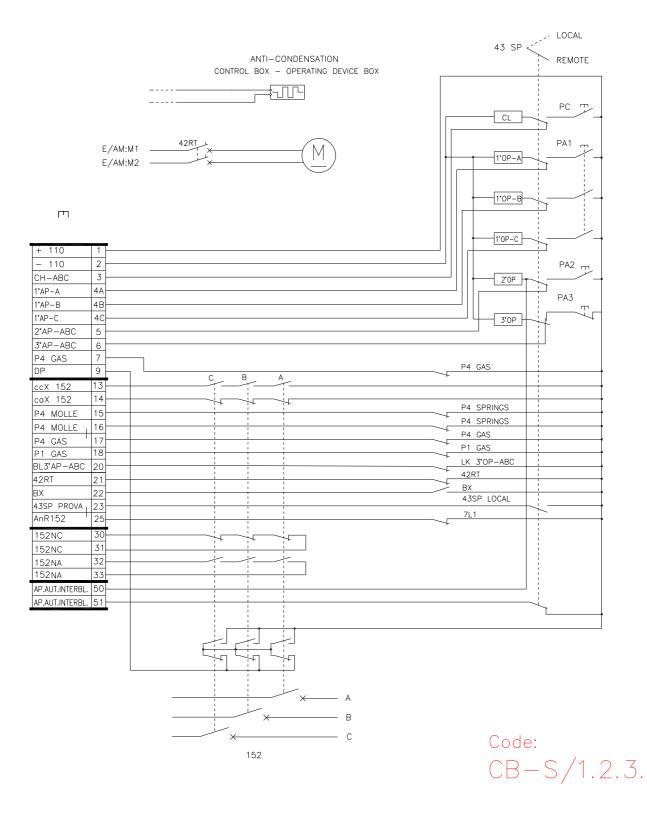
D.2 - ENEL DISTRIBUTIE, ENEL DISTRIBUZIONE AND LATAM ELECTRICAL DIAGRAMS

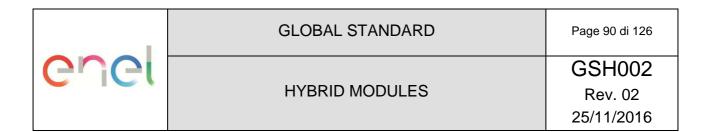


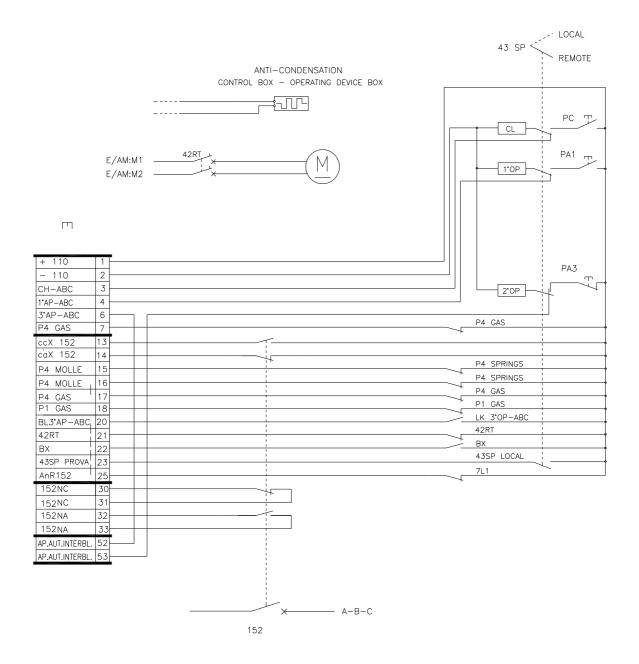


CB-S/1.2.

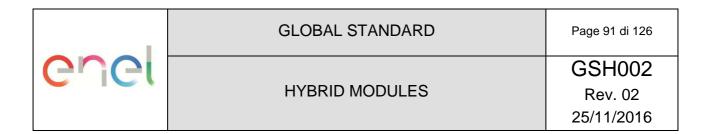


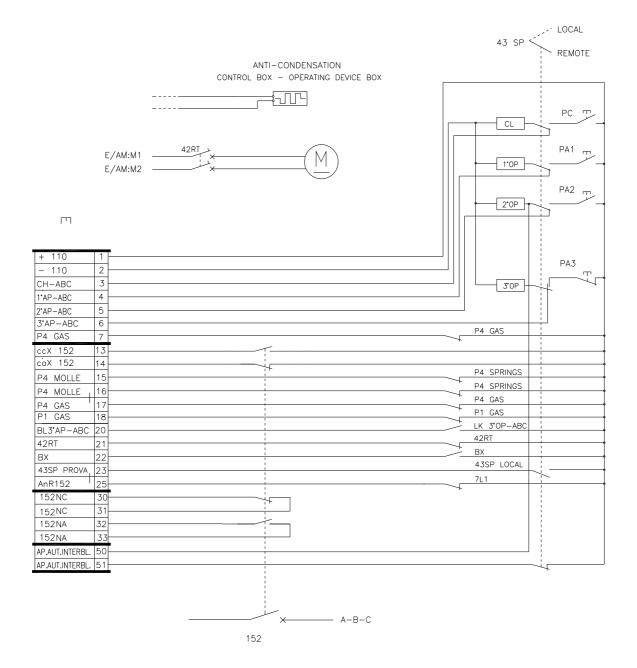




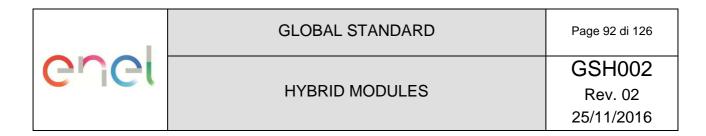


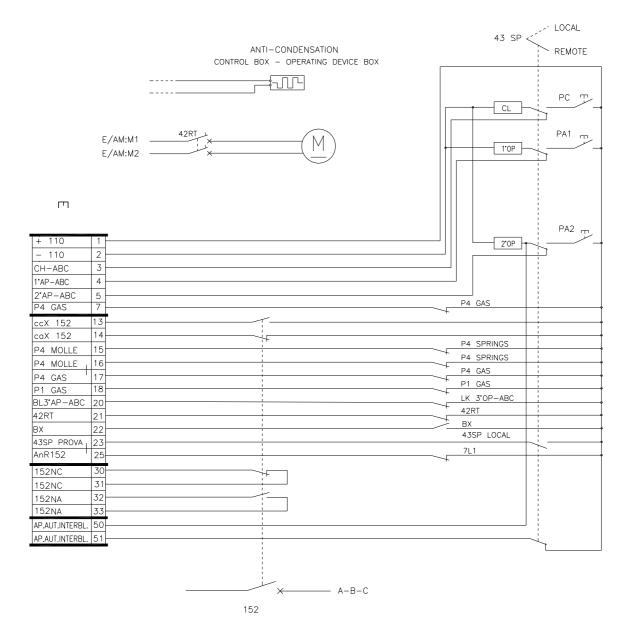
Code: CB-T/1.3.





Code: CB-T/1.2.3.





Code: CB-T/1.2.

HYBRID MODULES

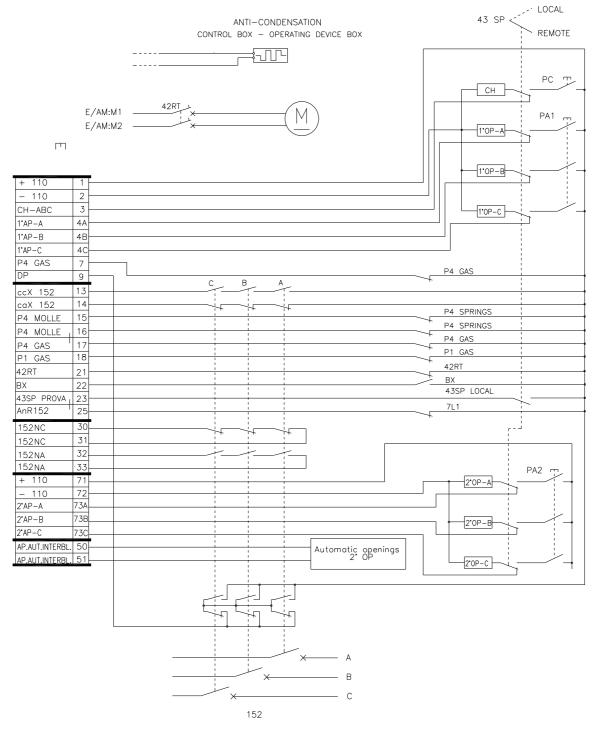
C^r

CI

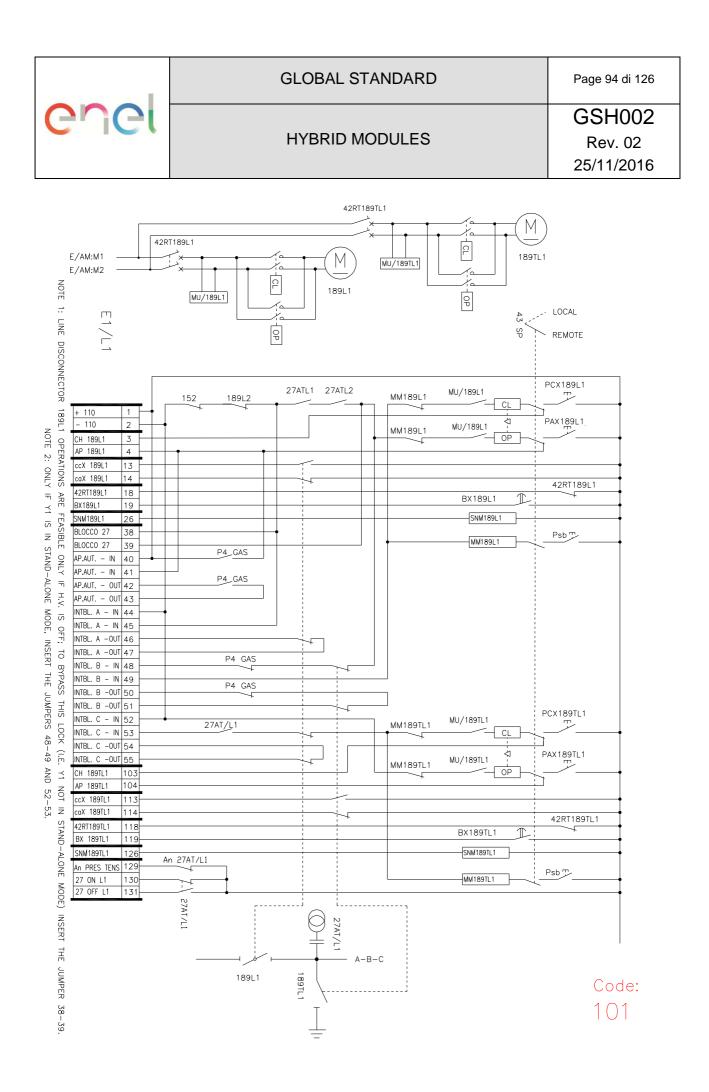
GSH002 Rev. 02

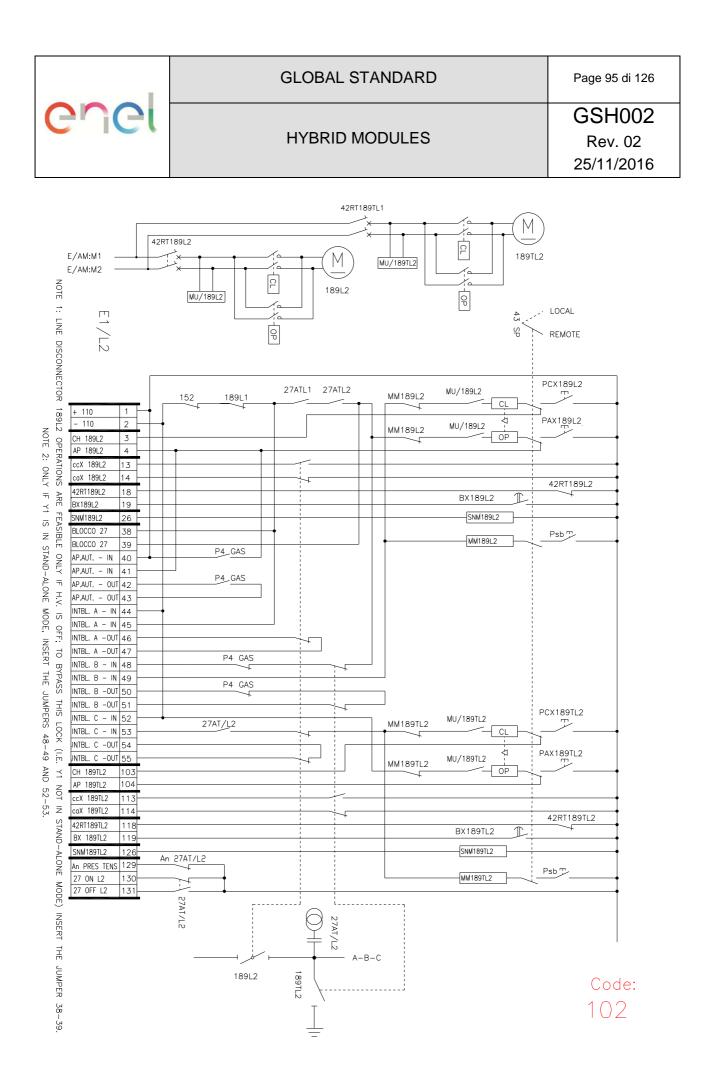
Page 93 di 126

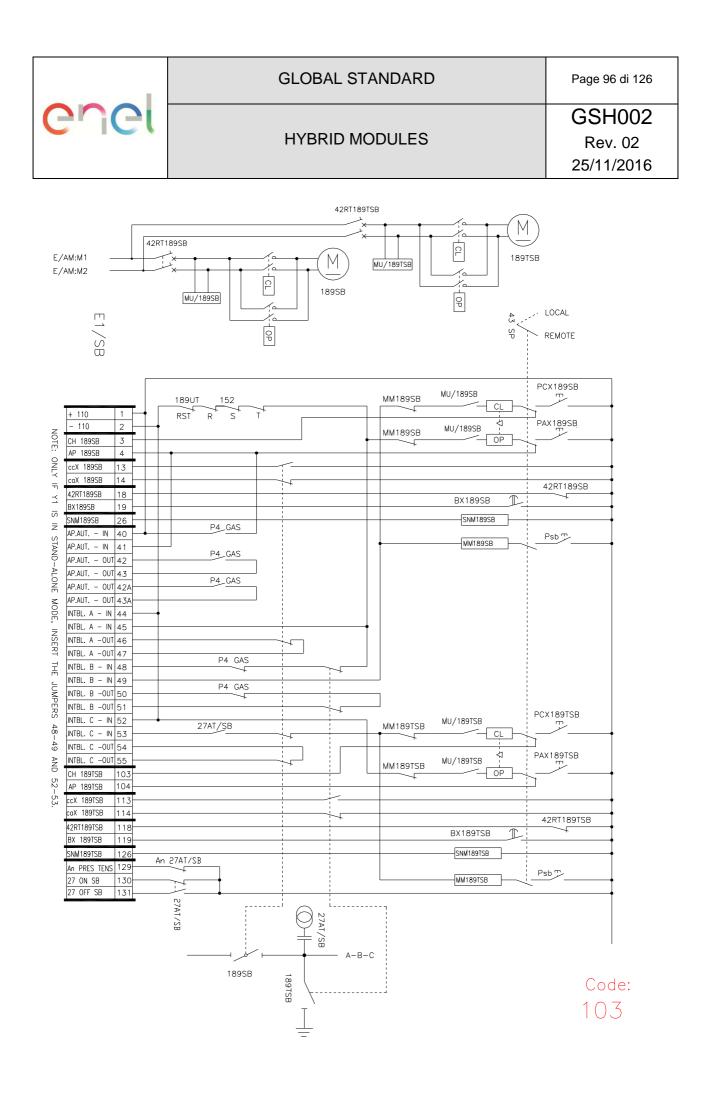
25/11/2016

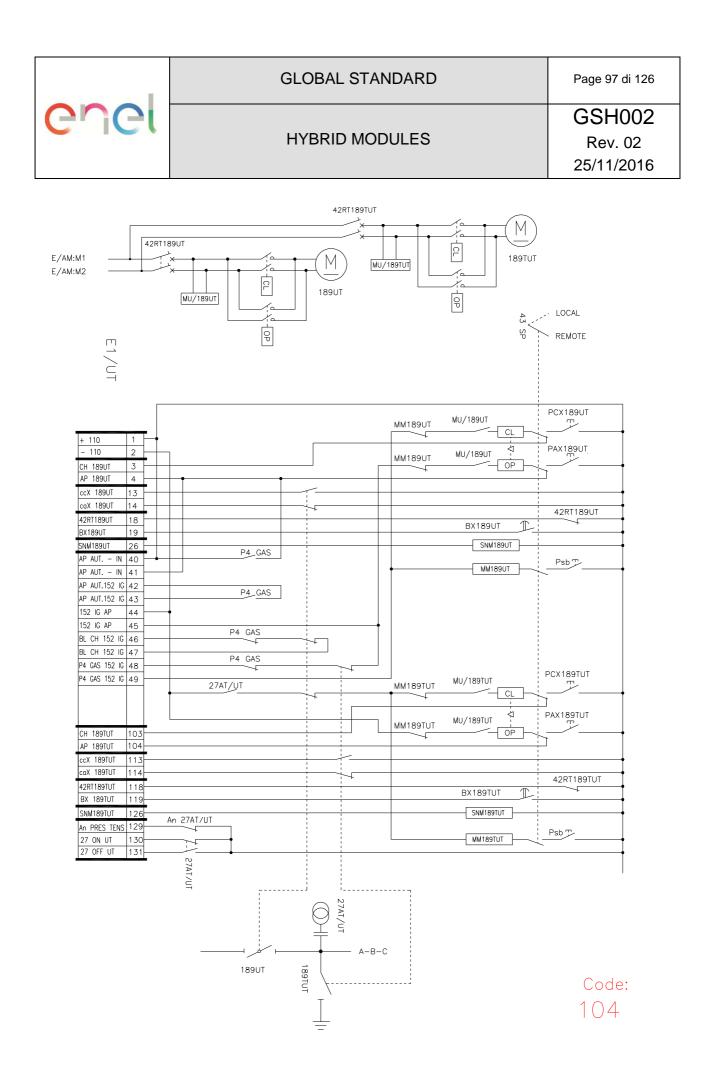


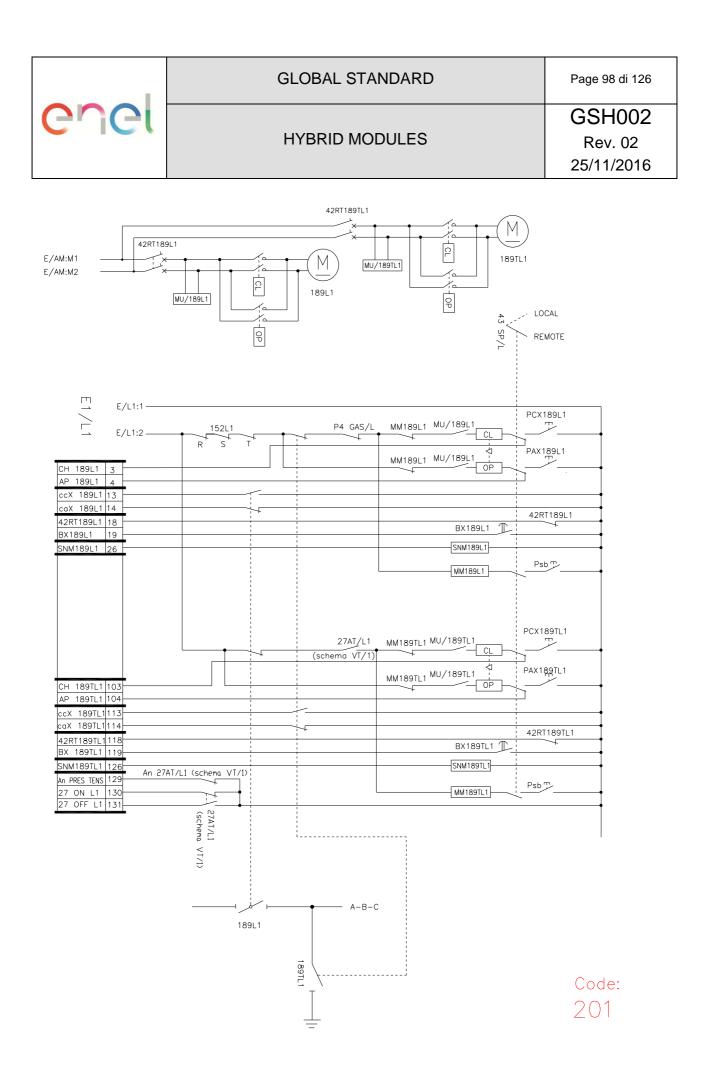
Code: 245 CB-S/1.2.

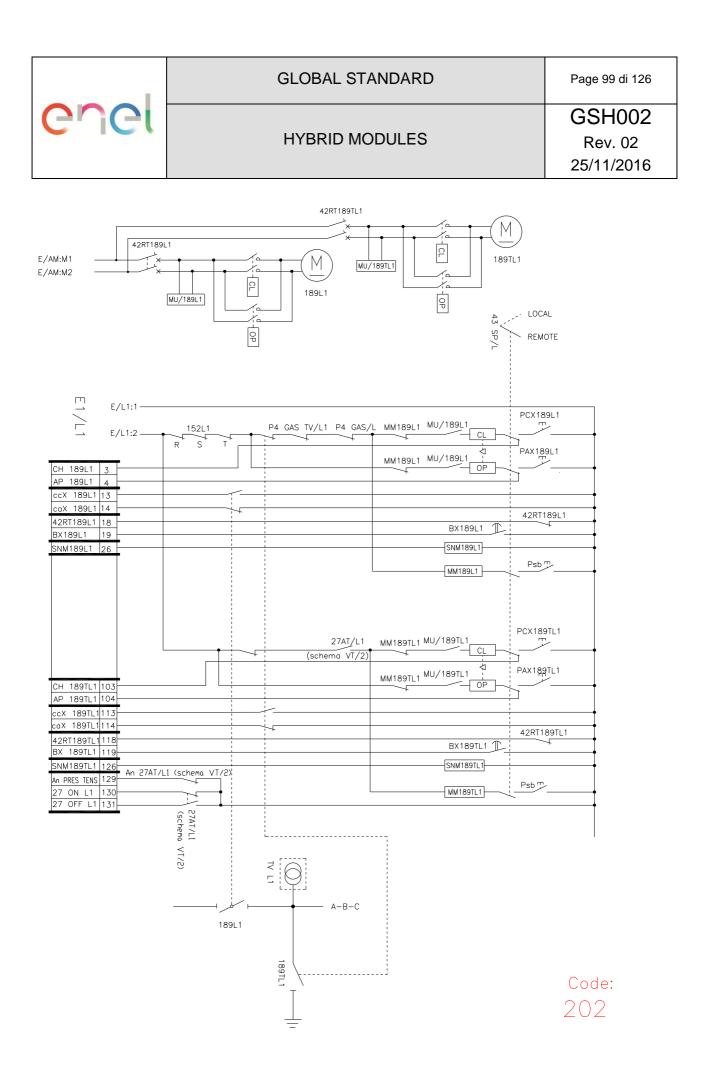


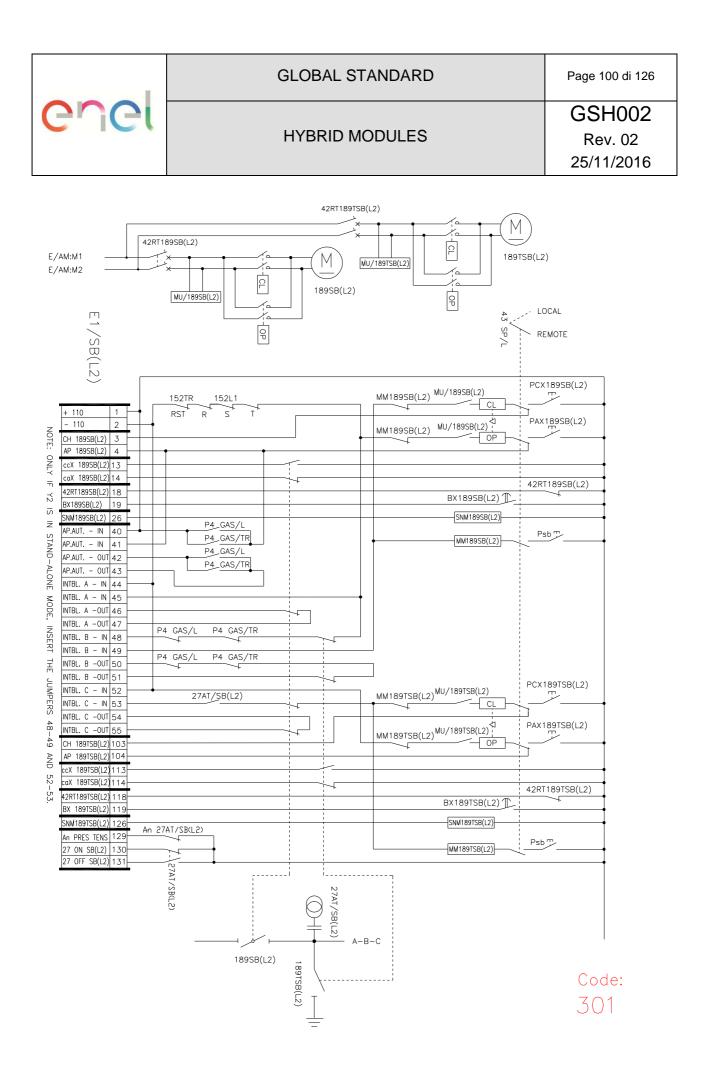


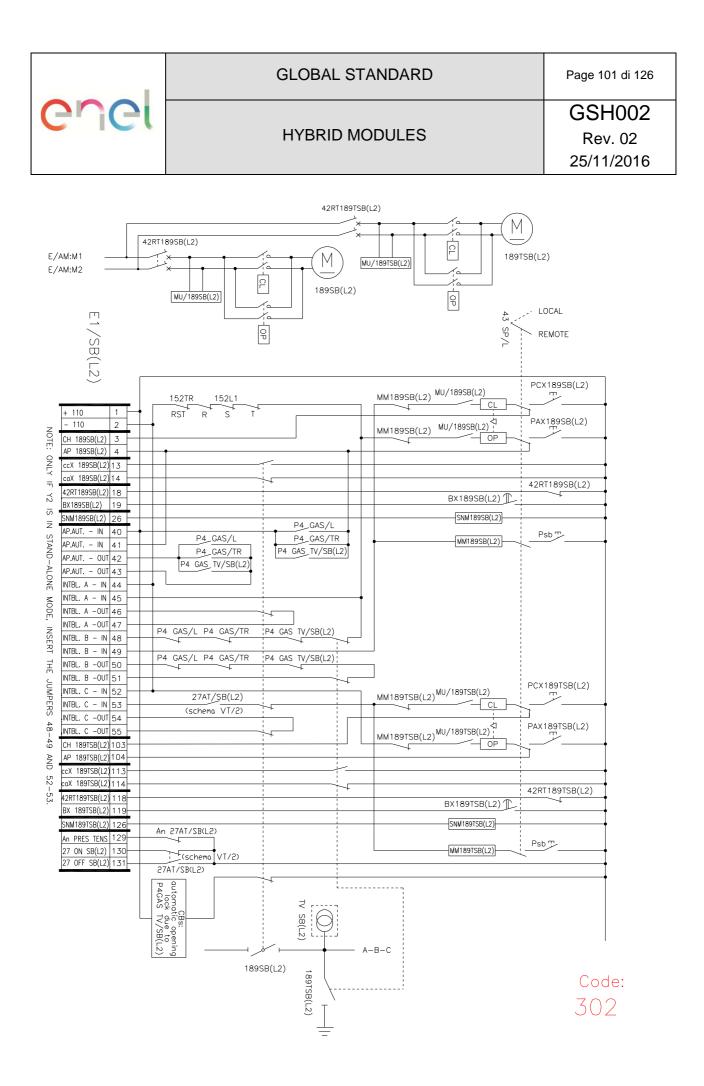


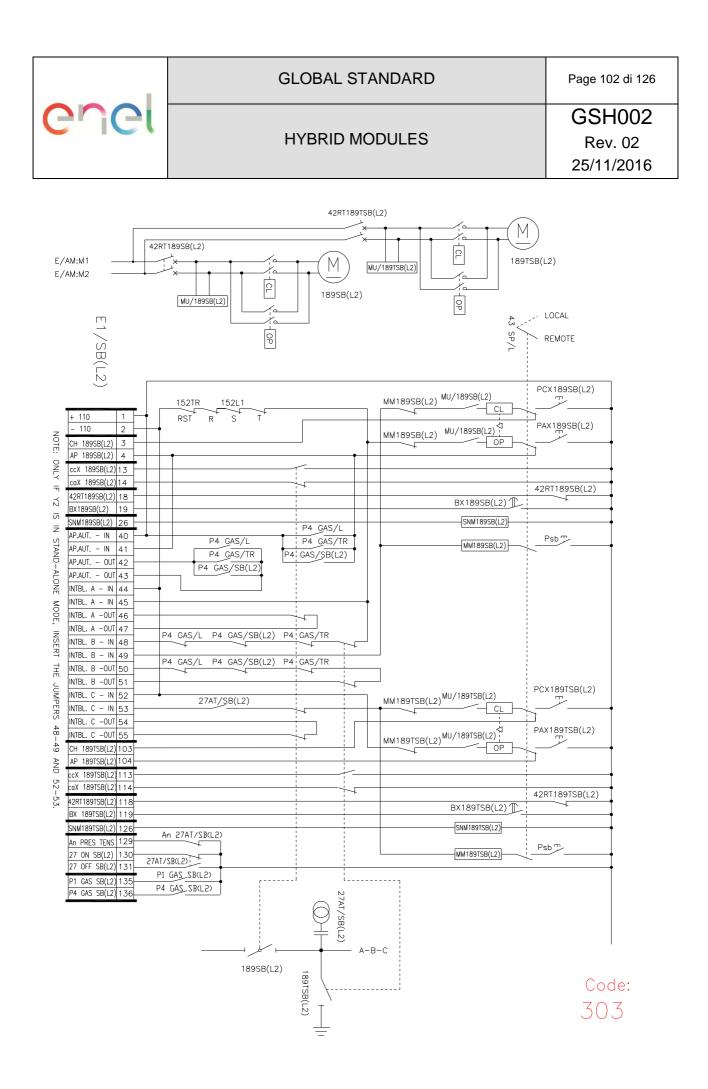


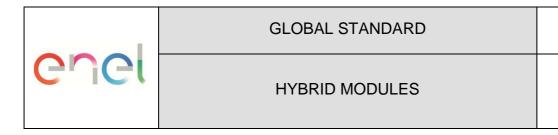




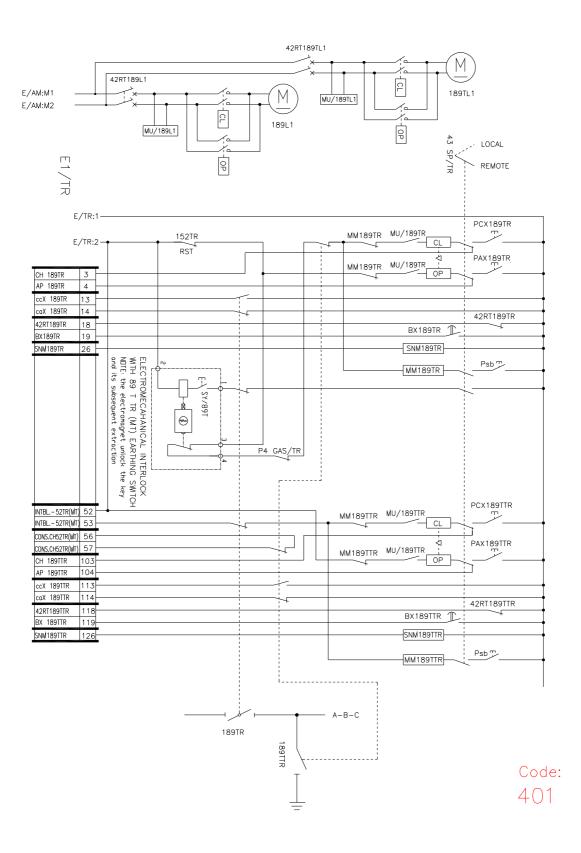












Page 103 di 126

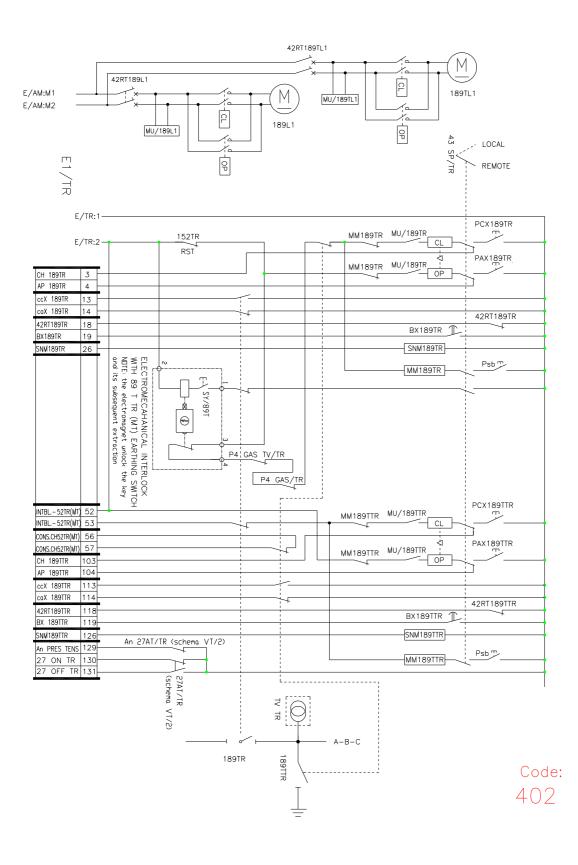


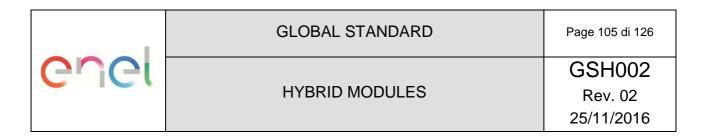
HYBRID MODULES

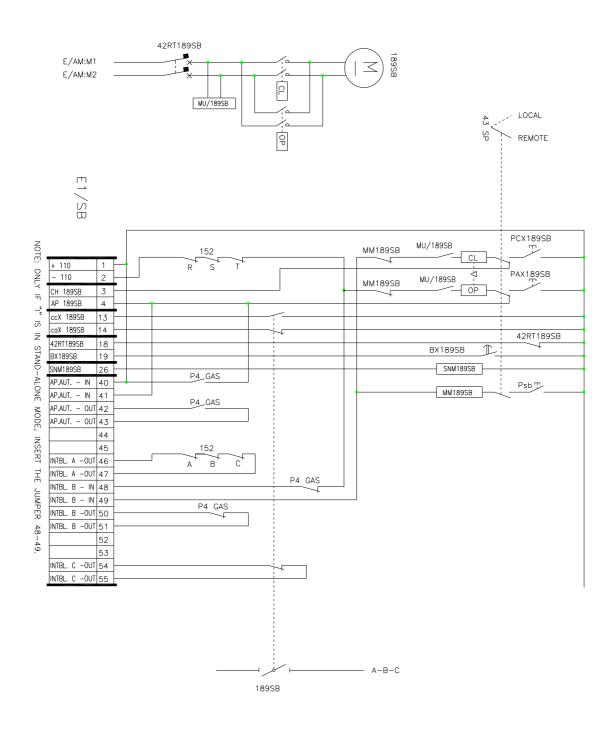
ICI

Gr

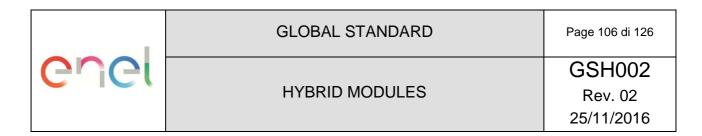
GSH002 Rev. 02 25/11/2016

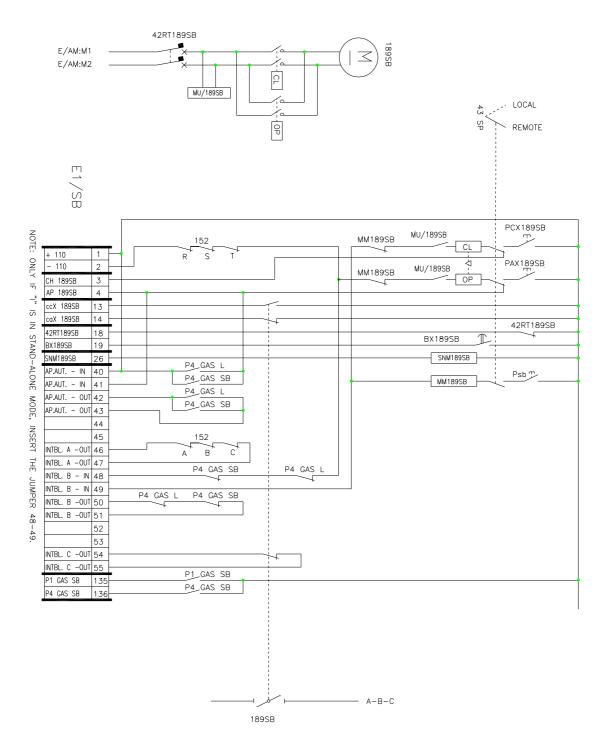




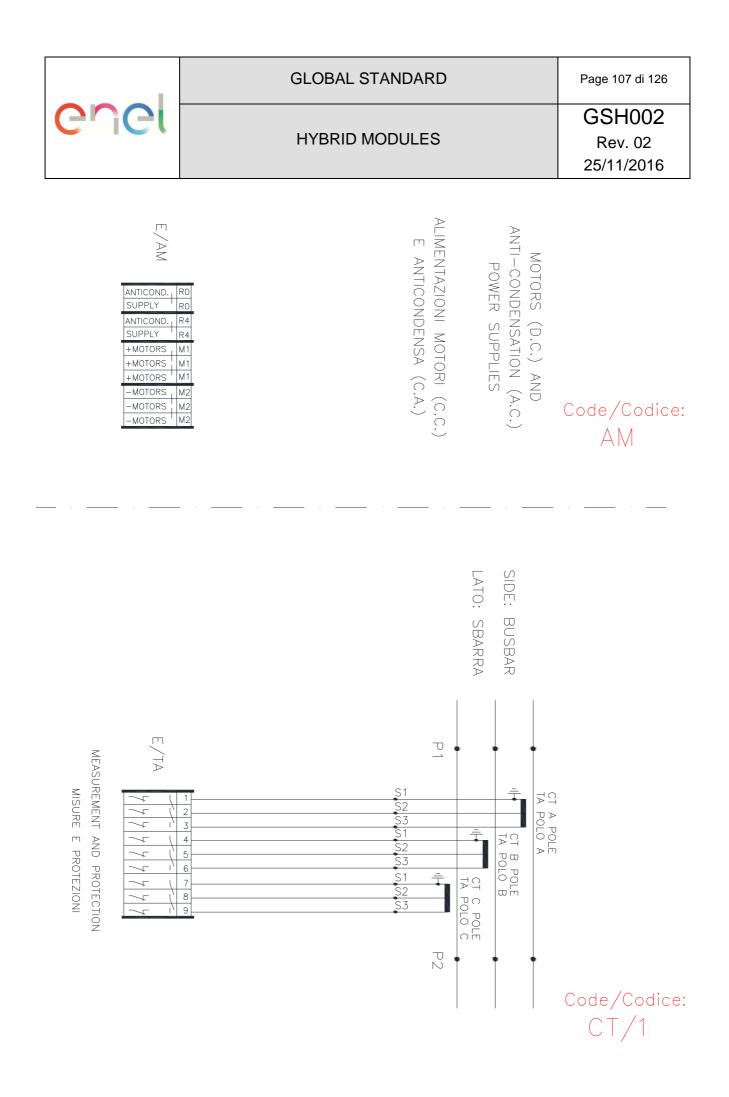


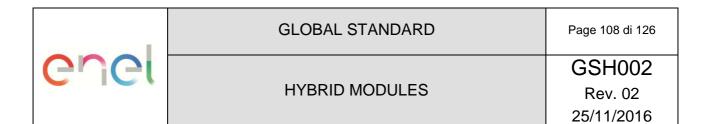
Code: 501

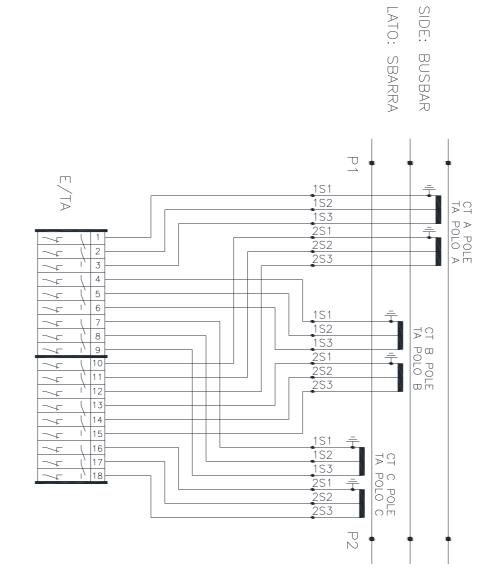




Code: 502

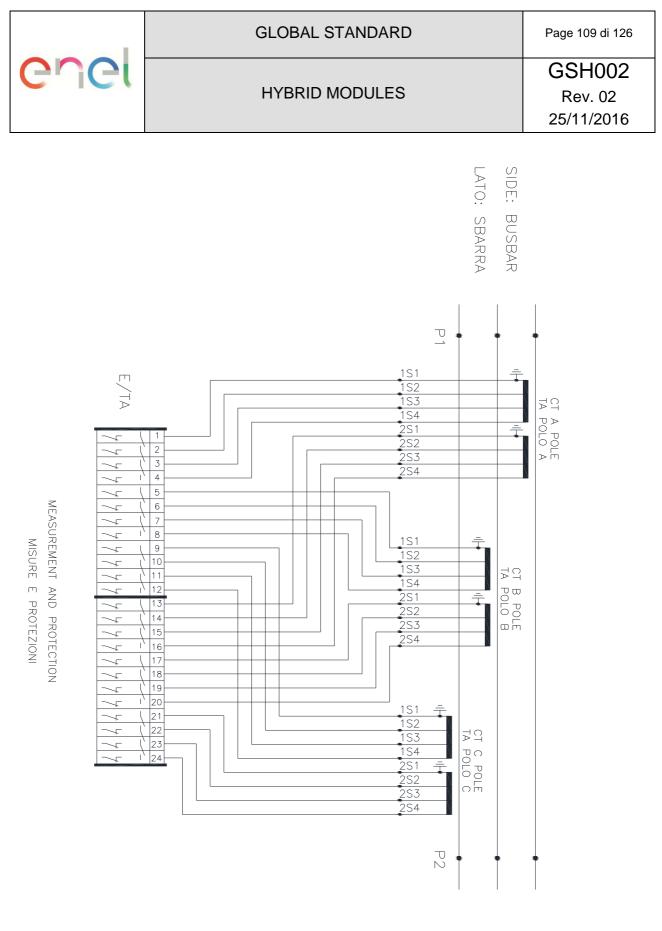




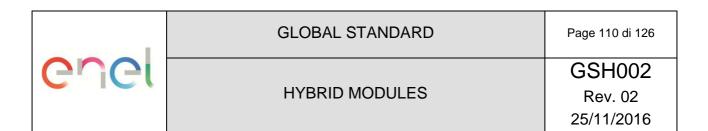


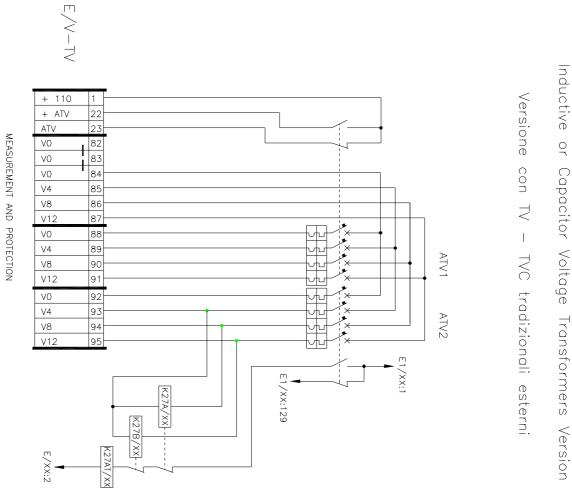
MEASUREMENT AND PROTECTION MISURE E PROTEZIONI

> Code/Codice: CT/2



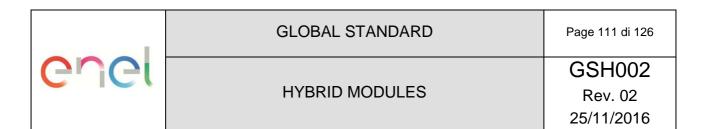
Code/Codice: CT/3

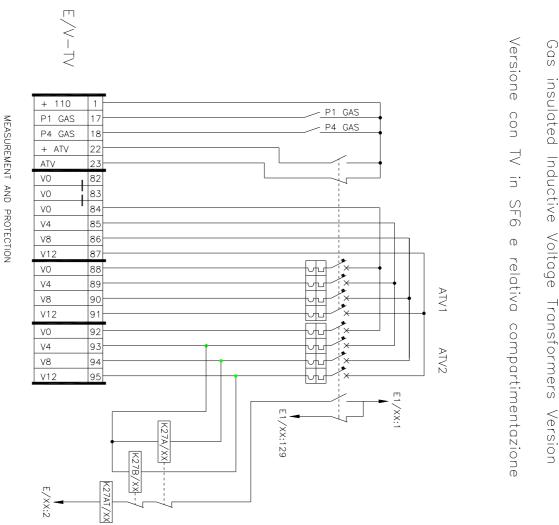




MISURE E PROTEZIONI

Code/Codice: VT/1

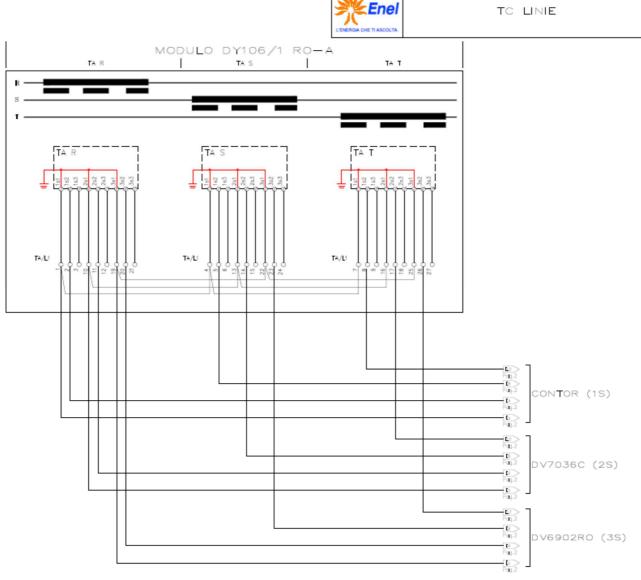


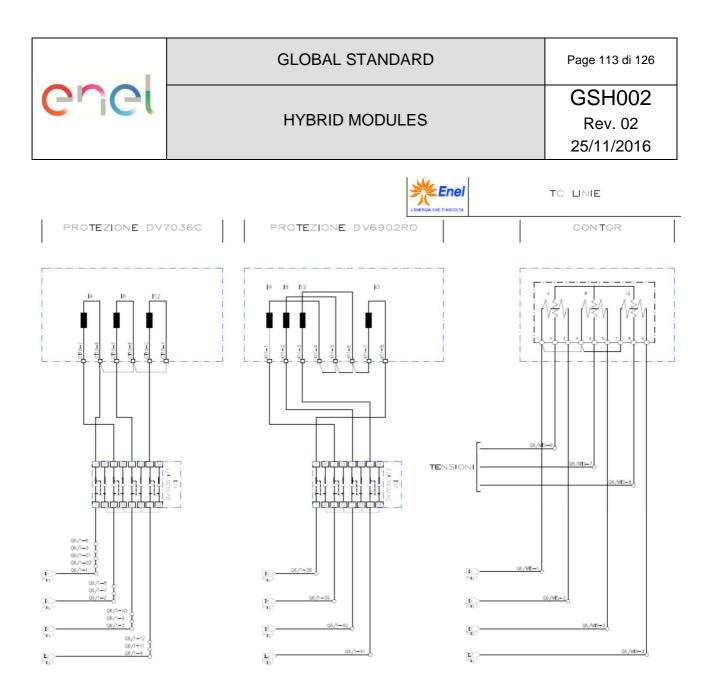


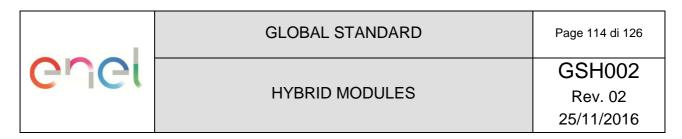
MISURE E PROTEZIONI

Code/Codice: VT/2



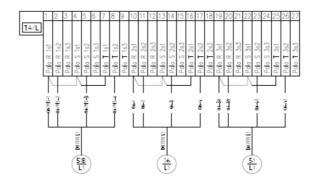


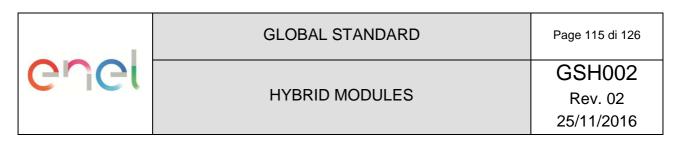


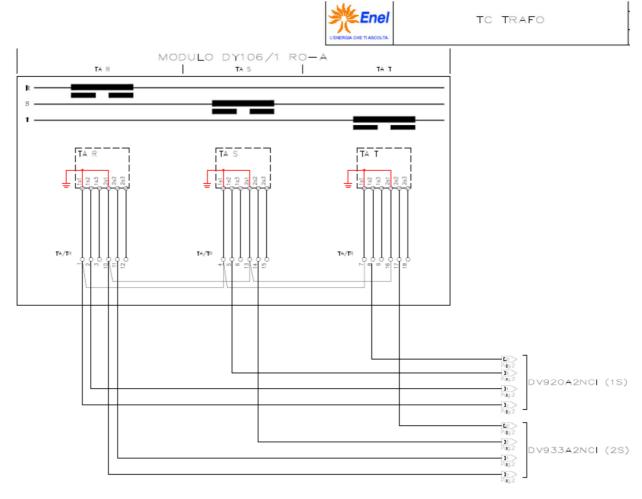


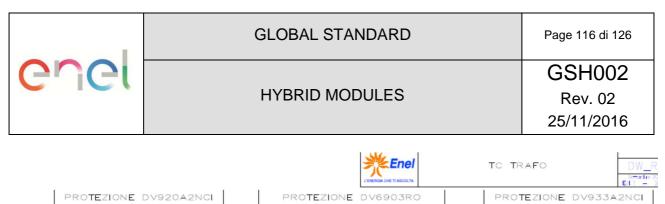


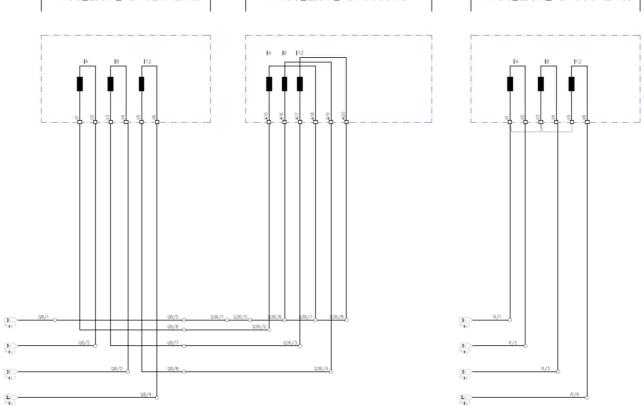
TC LINIE

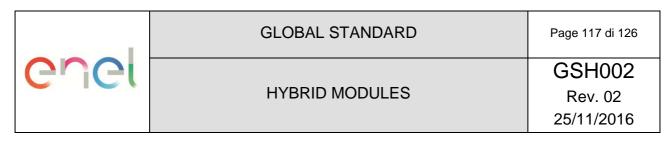






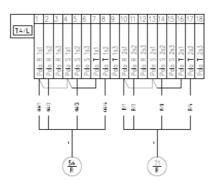


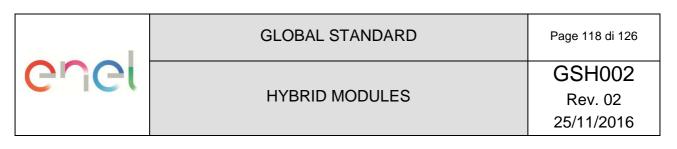


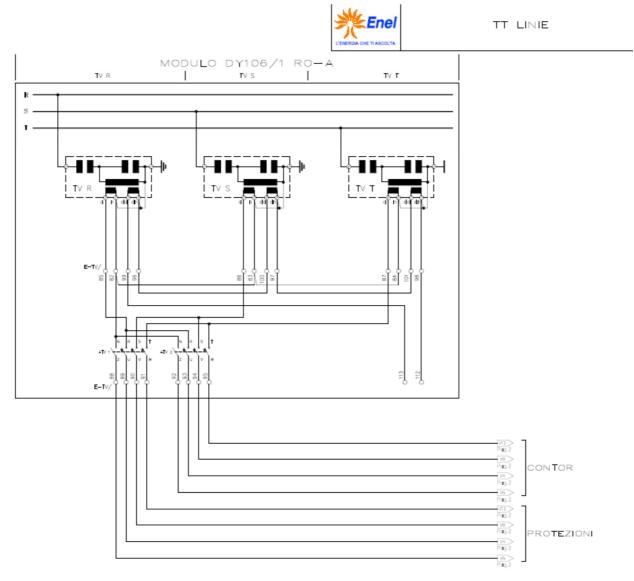


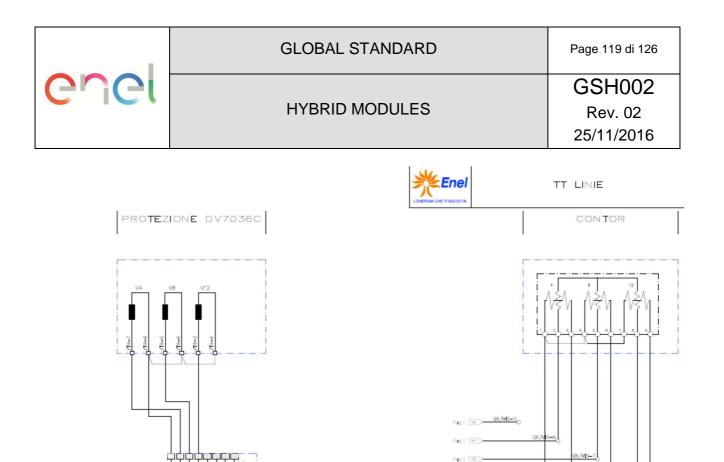


TC TRAFO









Pag.1 W Pag.1 W Pag.1 W Pag.1 W Pag.1 W2

06/1-15

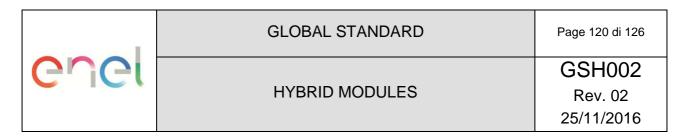
ag.1 (912)

TENSIONI

06/MIS-1

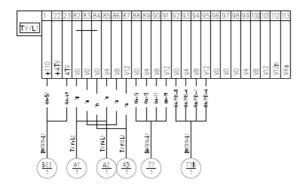
6/MS-8

Q6/MIS-3





TT LINIE





GLOBAL STANDARD

Page 121 di 126

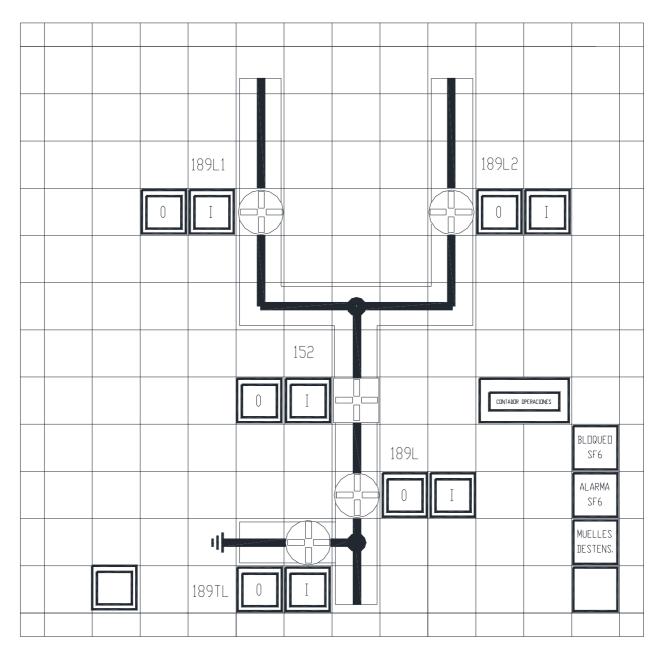
HYBRID MODULES

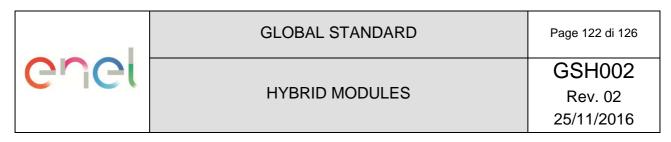
GSH002 Rev. 02 25/11/2016

ANNEX E – SYNOPTIC EXAMPLES

E.1 – ENDESA SYNOPTIC EXEMPLES

Example of Y1 type - used in Line bay





E.2 – ENEL DISTRIBUTIE, ENEL DISTRIBUZIONE AND LATAM SYNOPTIC EXEMPLES

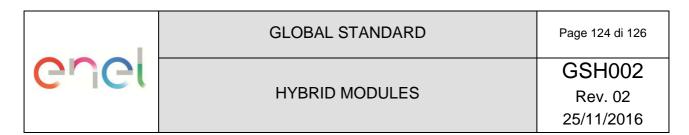
Γ5 L1 L1 ANDM. L2 ANDM. 8 8 PRES.TENS. PRES.TENS. **H**O 189T-L1 ۱ŀ $\left(\right)$ 189T-L2 41 0 189-L1 0 189-L2 0_{1} 0_{2} 152-L1 152-TR BLOCCO 3* CIRC. AP 152-TR Molle Scariche 152-TR 152-TR ANDMALIA CIRC.MDT. PROLUNG. FUNZ.MOT. 189-l1 Sez. Non Manovr. 189-l1 ANDMALIA CIRC.MDT. 189-l1 Prolung. Funz.mot. 0_{1} 03 152-TR 189T-L1 189T-L1 189T-I 1 ANDMALIA CIRC.MDT. SEZ. NON MANOVR. PROLUNG. FUNZ.MOT. 152-L1 BLOCCO GAS SF6 152-TR BLOCCO GAS SF6 189-l2 Sez. NON Manovr. 189-l2 ANDMALIA CIRC.MDT. 189-l.2 Prolung. ()189-TR FUNZ.MDT. 152-L1 ALLARME GAS SF6 152-TR Allarme GAS SF6 189T-l2 Sez. Non Manovr. 189T-L2 ANDMALIA CIRC.MDT. 189T-L2 PROLUNG. FUNZ.MOT. 189-tr Sez. Non Manovr. 189-TR ANDMALIA 189-TR PROLUNG. 43SP/L PROVA 43SP/TR PR⊡VA CIRC.MOT. FUNZ.MOT. ANDMALIA CICUITO CLIMA. 189t-tr Sez. Non Manovr. 189T-TR ANDMALIA CIRC.MDT. 189T-TR Prolung. Funz.Mot. P. L. 189T-TR $\left(\right)$ TR

Example of Y1 type: Line 1 bay, Line 2 bay, Transformer bay

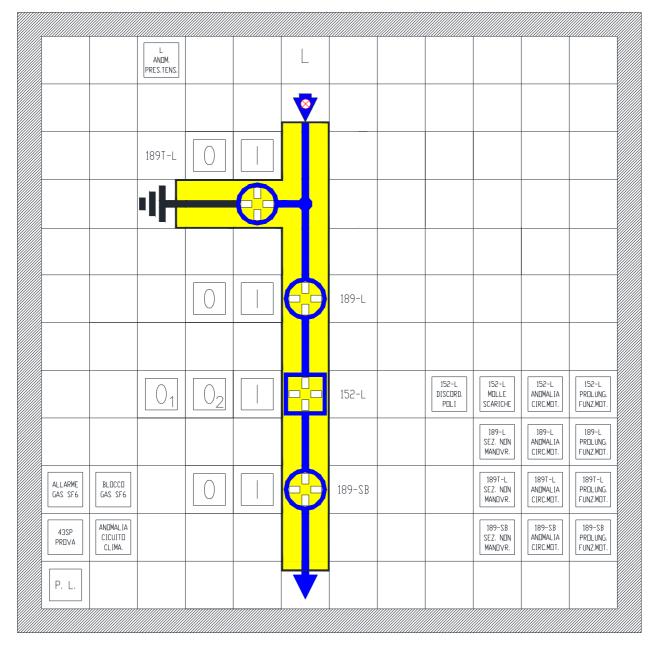
enel	GLOBAL STANDARD	Page 123 di 126		
		GSH002		
	HYBRID MODULES	Rev. 02		
		25/11/2016		

Example of Y2 type: Line bay, Busbar (or Line bay), Transformer bay

		L1 ANDM. PRES.TENS.		L1	V		V	SB(L2)	SB(L2) ANDM. PRES.TENS.			
		189T-L1	0			0		0	189T-SB(L	2)		
		·I		Θ				Ð				
		189-L1			P		G		189-SB(L2	>		
	152-L1								152-L1 DISCORD.	152-L1 MOLLE	152-L1 ANDMALIA	152-L1 PROLUNG.
		<u>1</u>	<u></u> 2				J		POLI 152-TR BLOCCO 3* CIRC. AP	SCARICHE 152-TR MELLE SCARICHE	CIRC.MDT.	FUNZ.MDT.
			O_1	03			152-TF	 !	LIKL. AF	189-L1 SEZ. NDN MANDVR.	189-L1 ANDMALIA CIRC.MDT.	FUNZMOT. 189-L1 PROLUNG. FUNZMOT.
										189t-l1 Sez. NDN Mandvr.	189T-L1 ANDMALIA CIRC.MDT.	189T-L1 PROLUNG. FUNZ.MOT.
152-L1 BLOCCD GAS SF6	152-TR BLOCCO GAS SF6			0		Ø	189-TF			189-SB(L2) Sez. NDN Mandvr.	189-SB(L2) ANDMALIA CIRC.MDT.	189-SB(L2) PROLUNG. FUNZ.MOT.
152-L1 ALLARME GAS SF6	152-TR ALLARME GAS SF6									189T-SB(L2) SEZ. NON MANOVR.	189T-SB(L2) ANDMALIA CIRC.MDT.	189T-SB(L2) PROLUNG. FUNZMOT.
43SP/L PRDVA			•I I +		Θ					189-TR SEZ. NON MANOVR.	189-TR ANDMALIA CIRC.MDT.	189-TR PROLUNG. FUNZ.MOT.
P. L.	ANDMALIA CICUITD CLIMA.		189T-TR				TR			189T-TR SEZ. NON MANOVR.	189T-TR ANDMALIA CIRC.MDT.	189T-TR PROLUNG. FUNZ.MOT.



Example of Single-bay type: Line bay, Busbar bay





GLOBAL STANDARD

Page 125 di 126

HYBRID MODULES

GSH002 Rev. 02 25/11/2016

ANNEX F – TENDER'S TECHNICAL DOCUMENTATION

GLOBAL STANDARD: GSH002 -	HYBRID MODULES	TENDER:					
SUPPLIER:		FACTORY: SUPPLIER MODEL:					
RATED VOLTAGE FOR EQUIPME	ENT Ur (kV):						
TECHNICAL CHARACHTERISTIC	;	STANDARD REQUIREMENT	SUPPLIER OFFER				
Service conditions							
Service conditions		outdoor normal service conditions of IEC 62271-1					
Reference altitude (m)		≤ 1.000 (2.600 for Colombia)					
Minimum ambient air temperature (°C)	- 25 (- 30 for Romania)					
SPS Class (IEC/TS 60815 series)		d) or e)					
Ice coating (mm)		10 (22 for Romania)					
Seismic qualification level		See table in 4.2.3					
Common general ratings		I					
Rated short-duration power- frequency withstand voltage Ud	Phase-to-earth, across open switching device and between phases						
(kV rms):	Across the isolating distance						
Rated lightning impulse withstand voltage Up (kVp):	Phase-to-earth, across open switching device and between phases						
	Across the isolating distance						
Rated frequency fr (Hz)		50 and 60					
Rated normal current Ir (A)		2.000					
Rated short-time withstand current	lk (kA)						
Degrees of protection provided by	enclosures (IEC 60529)	IP54					
Protection stage (tab. 104 EN 6227	(1-203)	2					
Maximum SF6 leakage rate (% / ye	ear)	≤ 0,5%					
HV Single-line diagram			To enclose a HV single- line diagram for each one of the detailed layout examples in Annex B.2				
Dimensions		See Annex C	To enclose an overall equipment drawing for each one of the detailed layout examples in Annex B.2				
Circuit breakers							
Rated short-circuit breaking current	t Isc (kA)						
First-pole-to-clear factor kpp							
Rated operating sequence		O - 0,3 s- CO -1 min - CO					
Maximum break-time (ms)		60					

GLOBAL STANDARD

Page 126 di 126

HYBRID MODULES

enel

GSH002 Rev. 02 25/11/2016

Circuit-breaker class		C2 – E1 – M2	
Rated line-charging breaking current	nt II (A)		
Rated cable-charging breaking curr	ent Ic (A)		
Rated out-of-phase making and bre	eaking current Id (kA)	Clause 4.106 of IEC 62271- 100	
Disconnectors and earthing swit	ches_		
Opening (closing) time for motor op	peration (s)	≤ 15	
Disconnector mechanical endurance	e class Mr	M1	
Bus-transfer current switching by	Rated bus-transfer current for disconnectors (A)	Clause B.4.106.1 of IEC 62271-102	
disconnectors (only if requested)	Rated bus-transfer voltages for disconnectors (V)	Clause B.4.106.1 of IEC 62271-102	
Earthing switches class		E0 – M1 – A	
SF6-air Bushings		•	
Insulators materials		Composite	
Bus ducts			To enclose an overall equipment drawing of a solution with bus-ducts
Cable connections			To enclose an overall equipment drawing of a solution with cable connections
Current transformers			
Rated short-time thermal current Ith	n (kA)	40	
Rated continuous thermal current lo	eth (kA)	120% of lpr	
Core number		1 or 2	
Voltage transformers			
Secondary windings		1, 2 or 3	
Rated voltage factor Fv		1,5 (rated time 30 s)	